Application-Level Virtual Memory for Object-Oriented Systems

Mariano Martinez Peck



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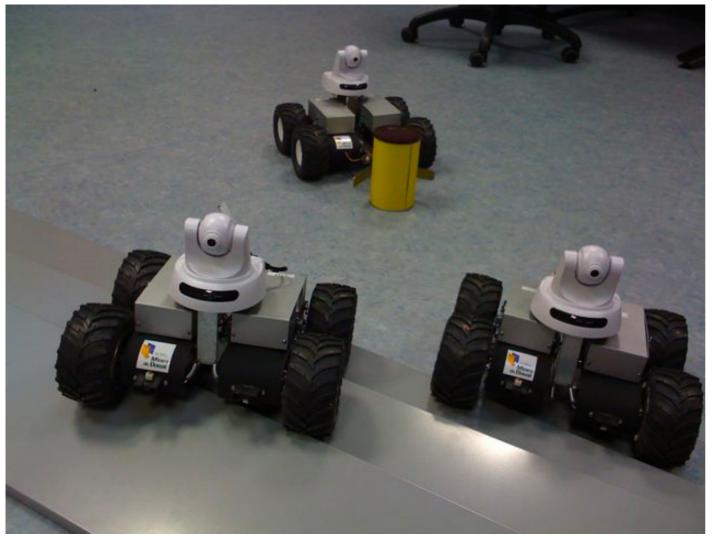
Outline

- I. Context, problem and introduction.
- 2. My proposal.
- 3. Validation.
- 4. Related work.
- 5. Implementation.
- 6. Conclusion and future work

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Δ



We need to optimize memory management

- Object-oriented programming. Why?
 - * Most modern and widespread.
 - * Memory is usually automatically managed (GC).
- Dynamic languages. Why?
 - * Powerful.
 - * More and more used.

In this context of OOP, is GC actually enough to optimize memory management?

% used objects ? % unused objects ?

% used memory? % unused memory?

% used objects % unused objects

% used memory % unused memory

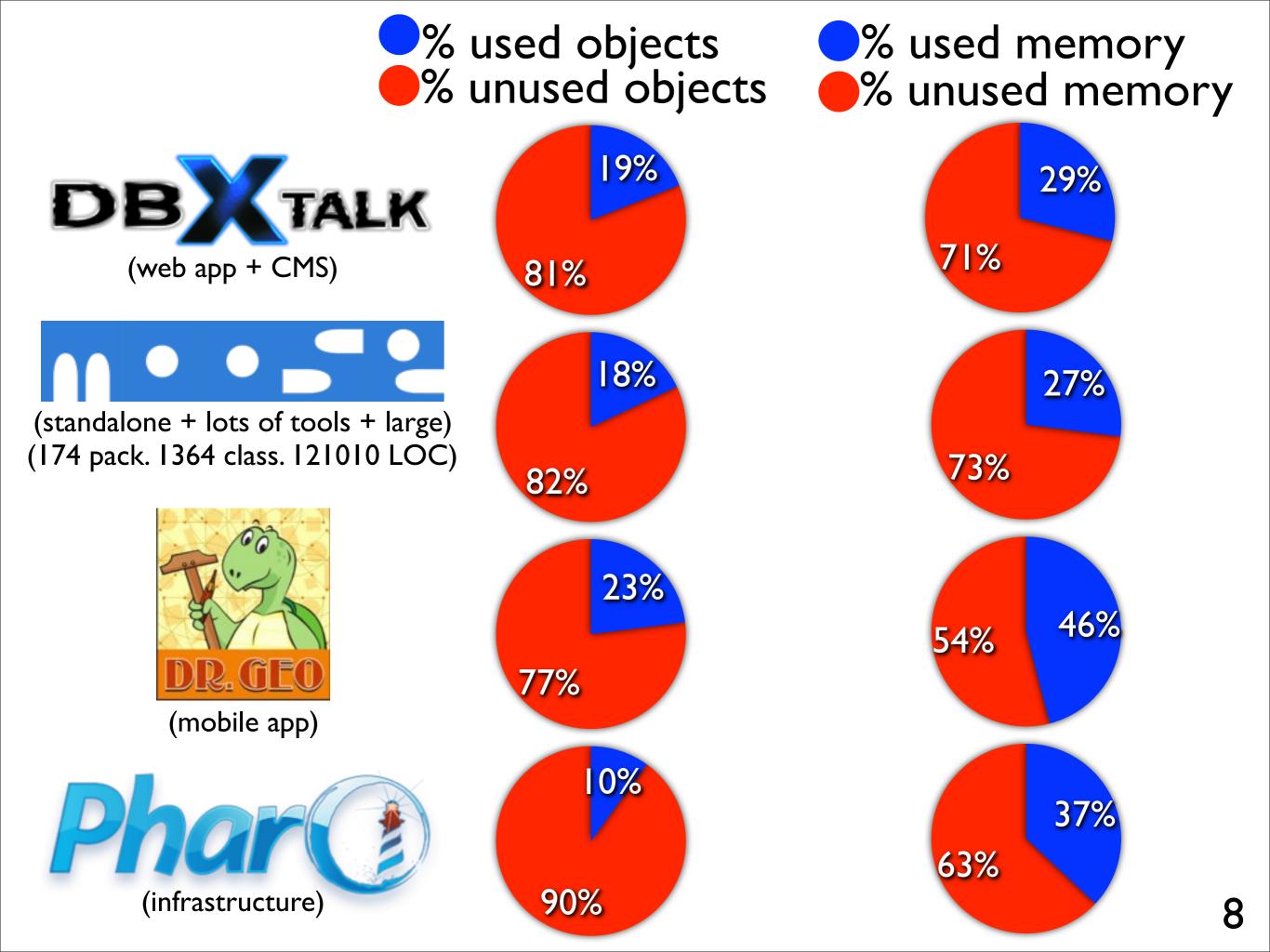


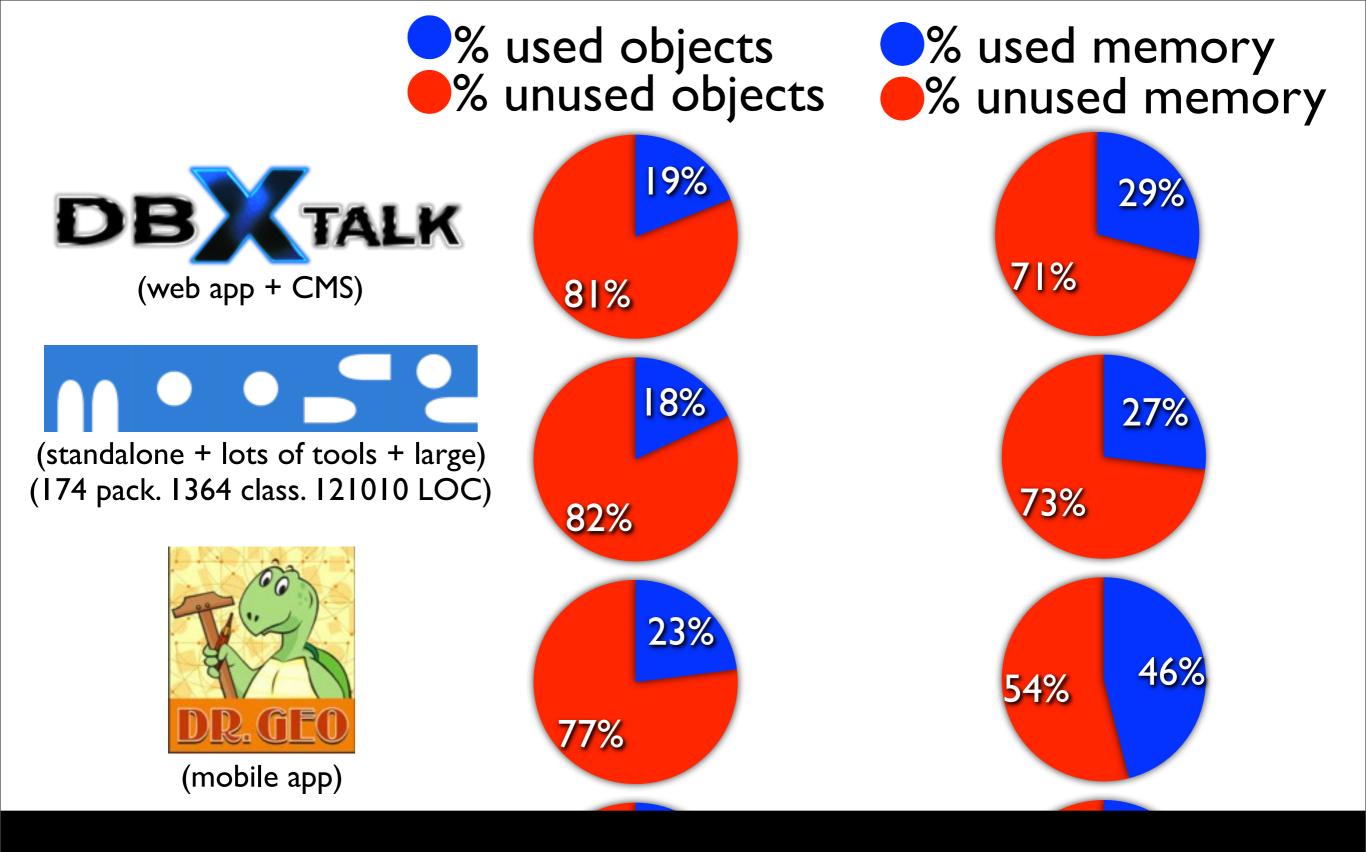


(standalone + lots of tools + large) (174 pack. 1364 class. 121010 LOC)

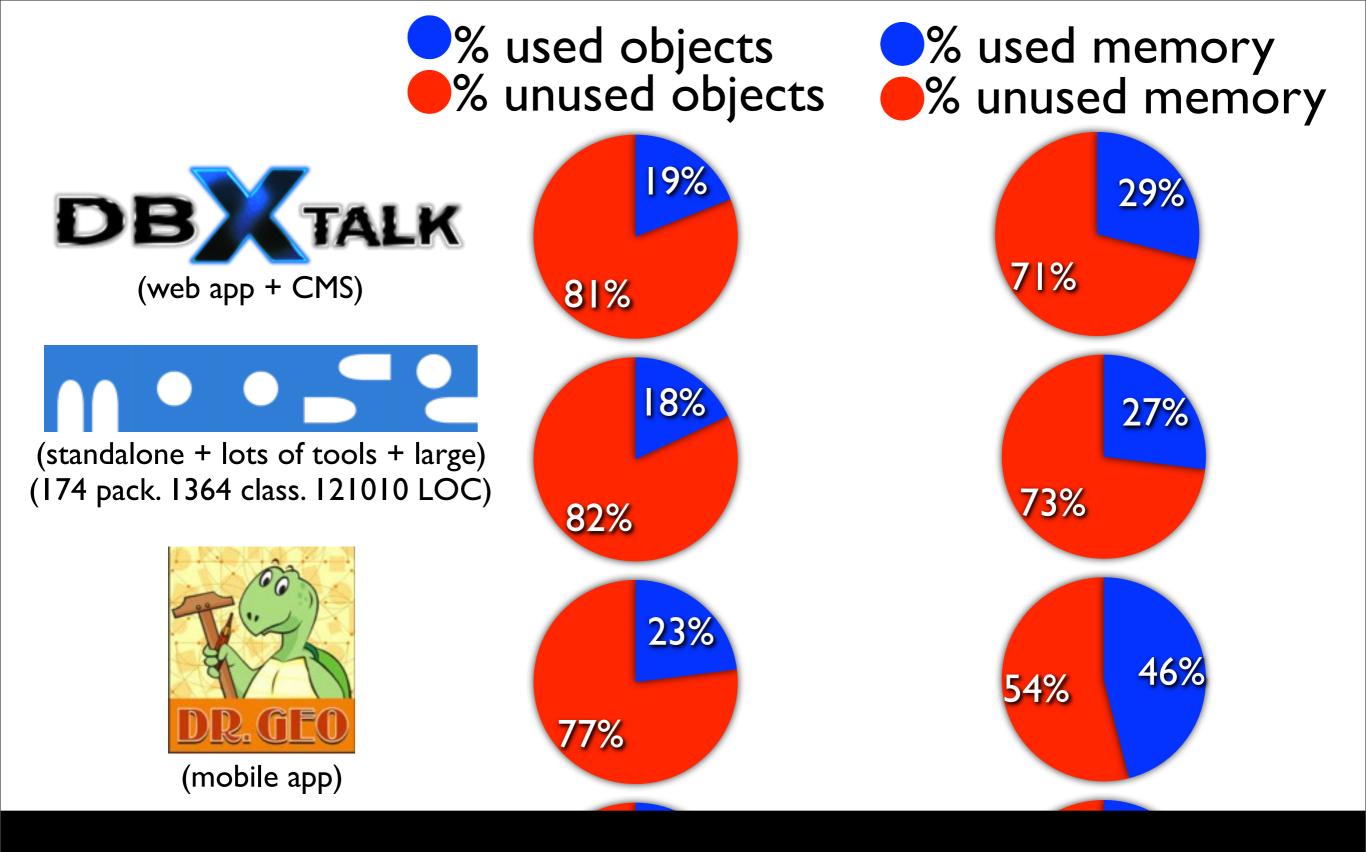








In average, %80 of the **objects** are unused.



In average, %80 of the **objects** are unused.

In average, 77% of the **memory** is unused.

Unused objects

- * Referenced.
- * GC cannot collect them!
- * Waste primary memory.

Unused objects

- * Referenced.
- * GC cannot collect them!
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No, the GC is not enough

OS' Virtual Memory is not the answer

- It only swaps pages.
- Developers cannot easily influence it.

Thesis statement

A virtual memory for dynamic OOP languages should be:

- * Application-aware
- * Efficient

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Outline

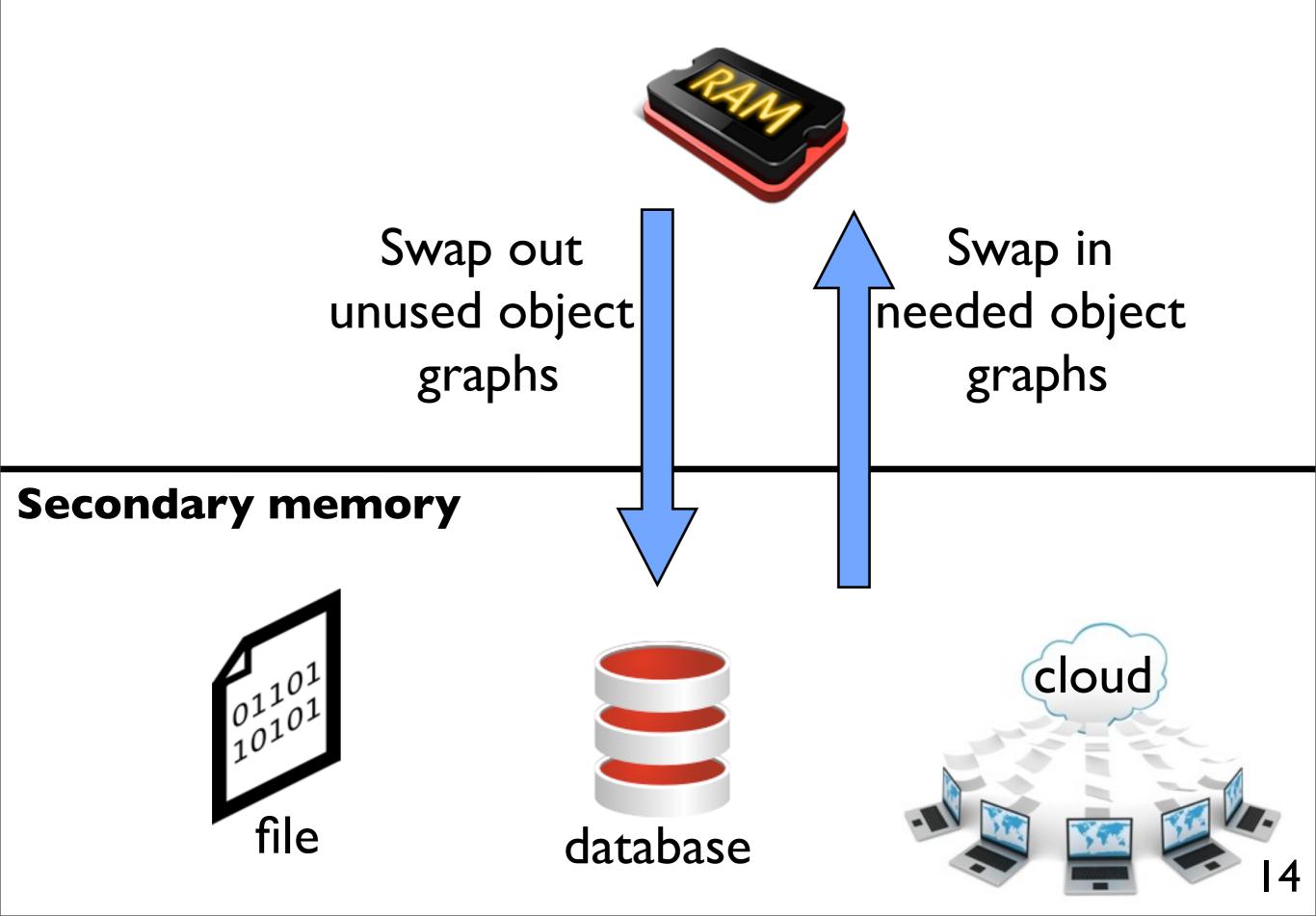
I. Context, problem and introduction.

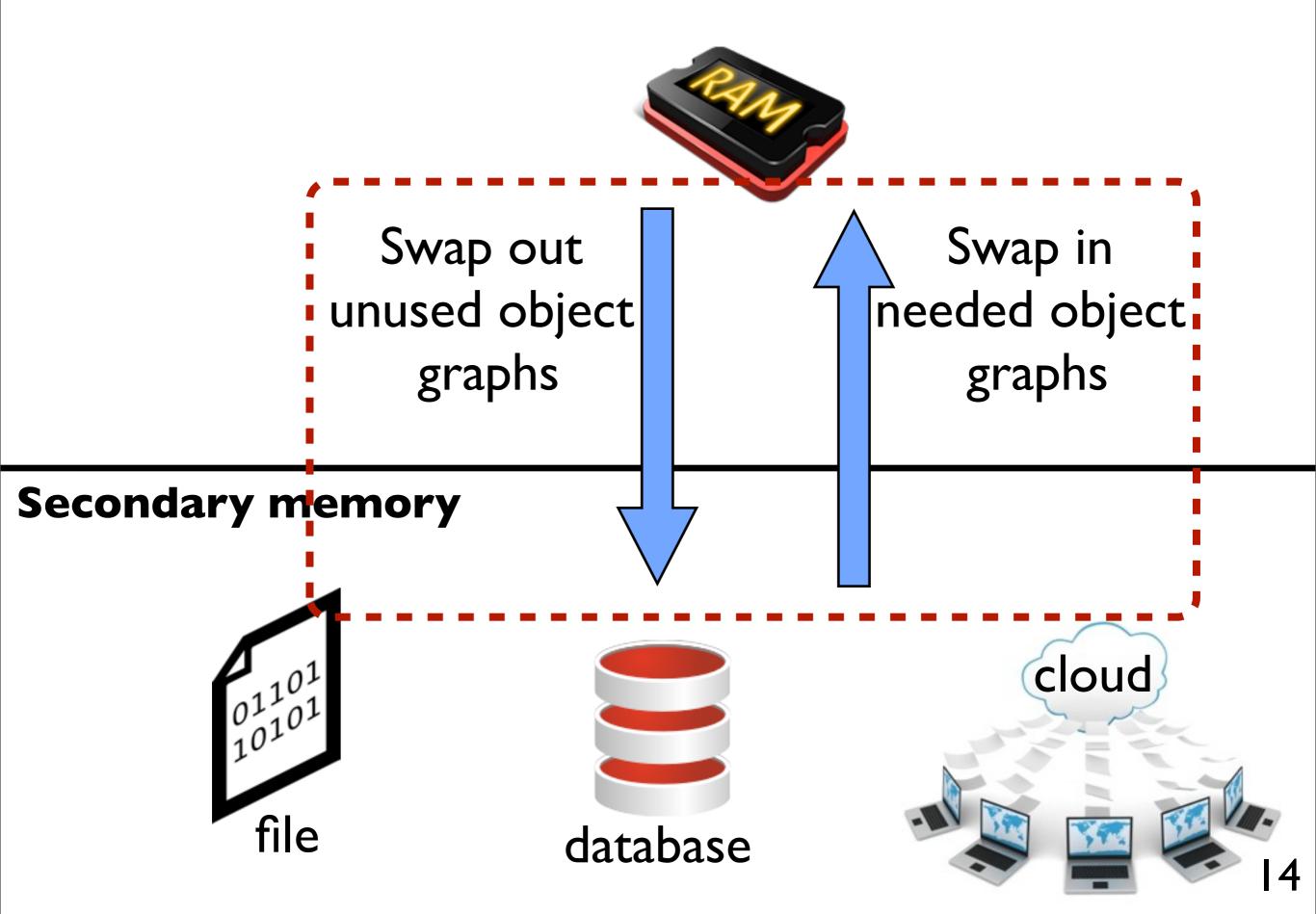
2. My proposal.

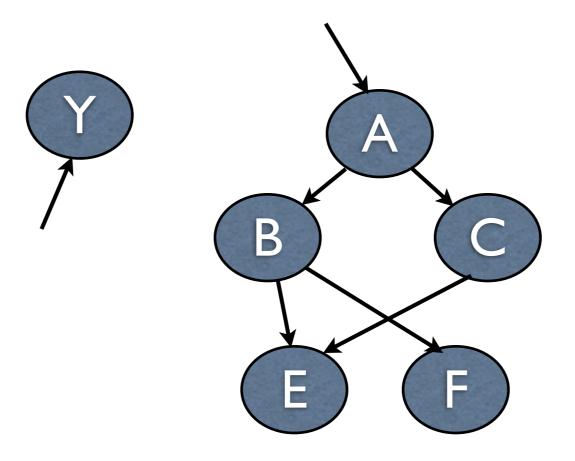
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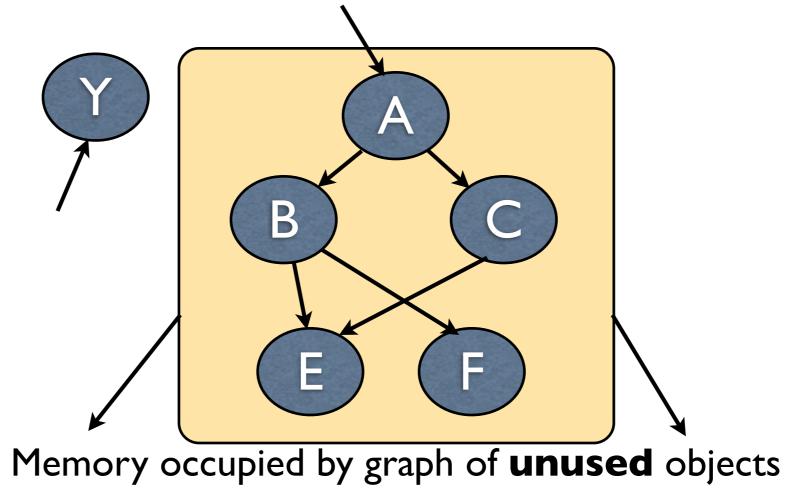


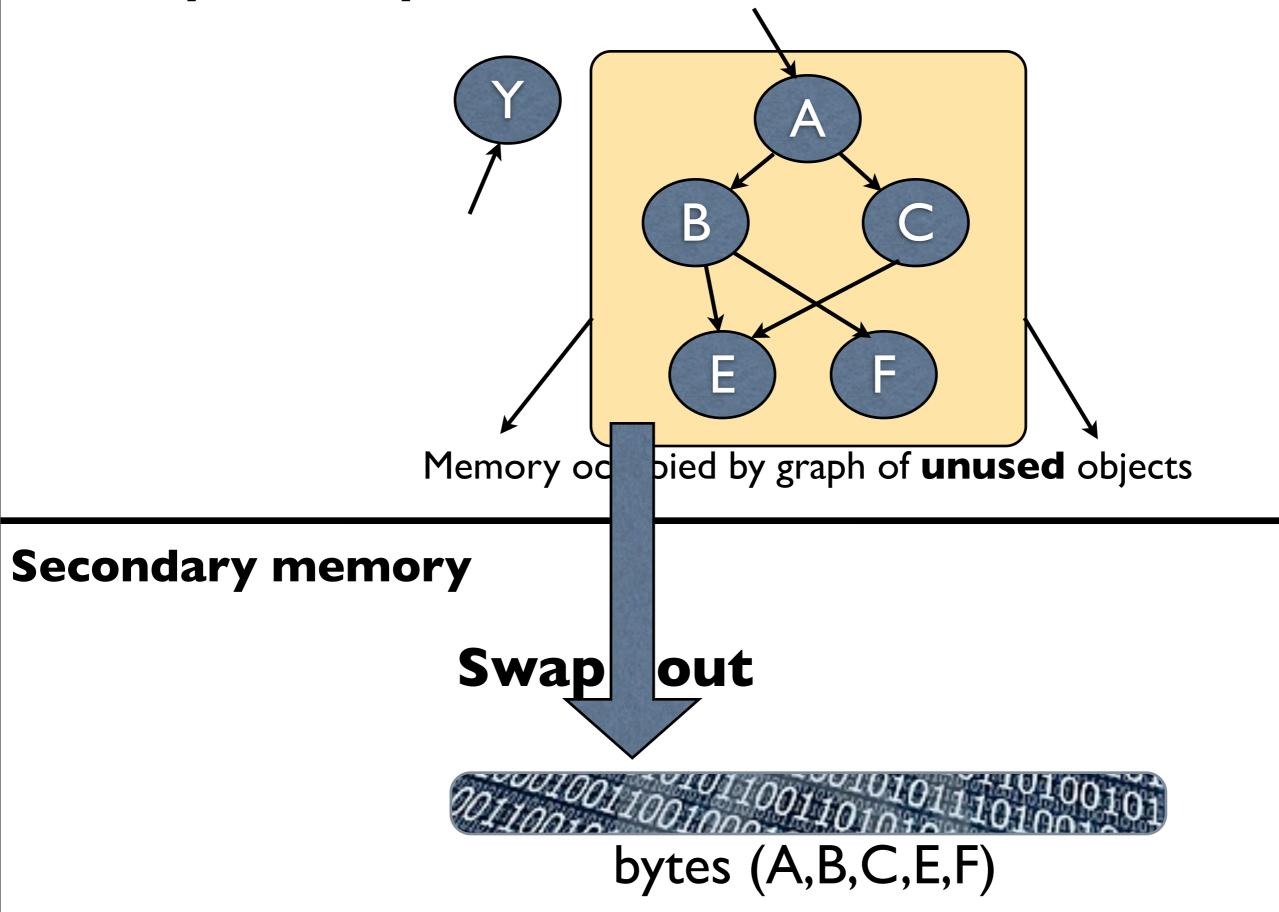
- A model for efficient application-level virtual memory:
- Designed for dynamic OOP
- Based on the swapping of object graphs

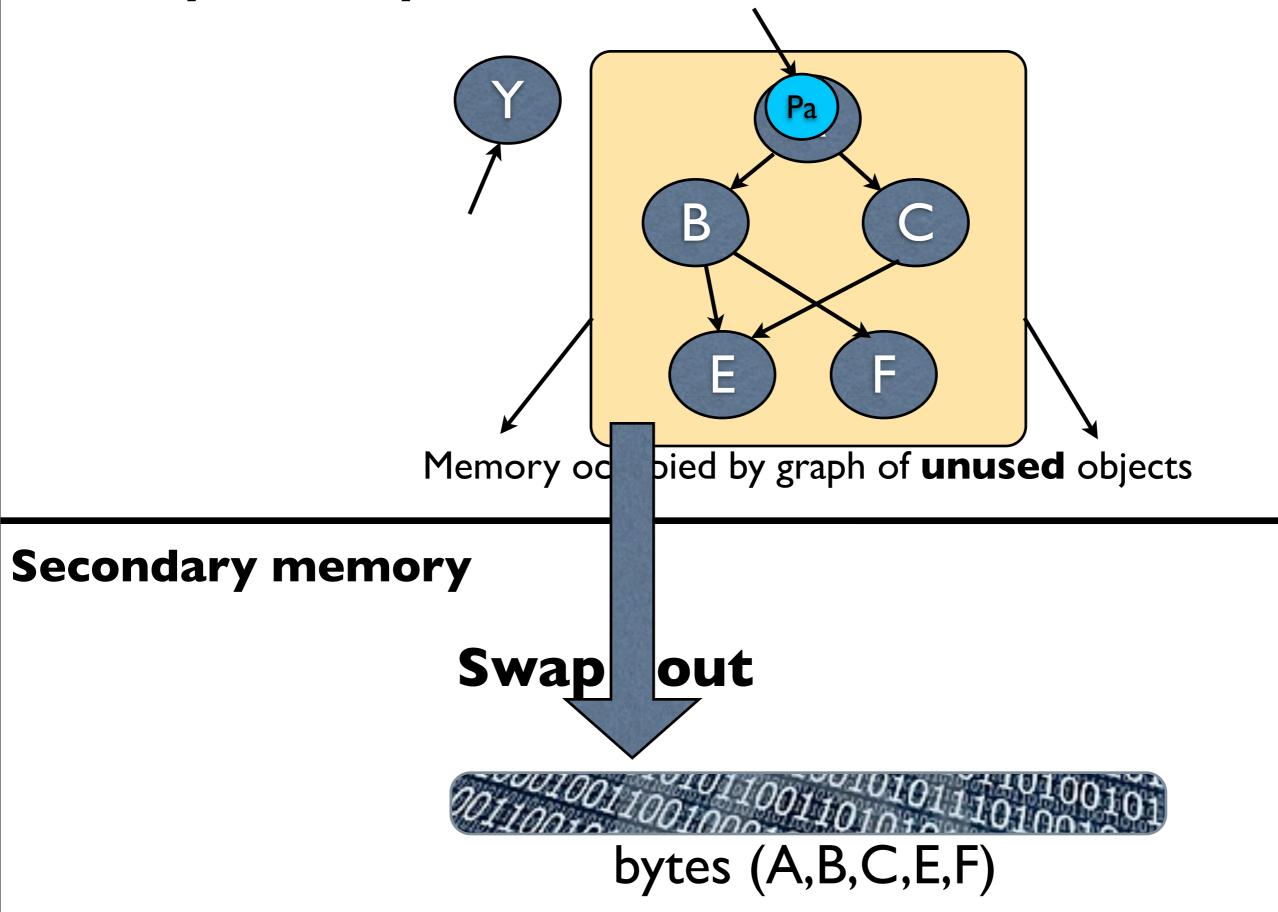


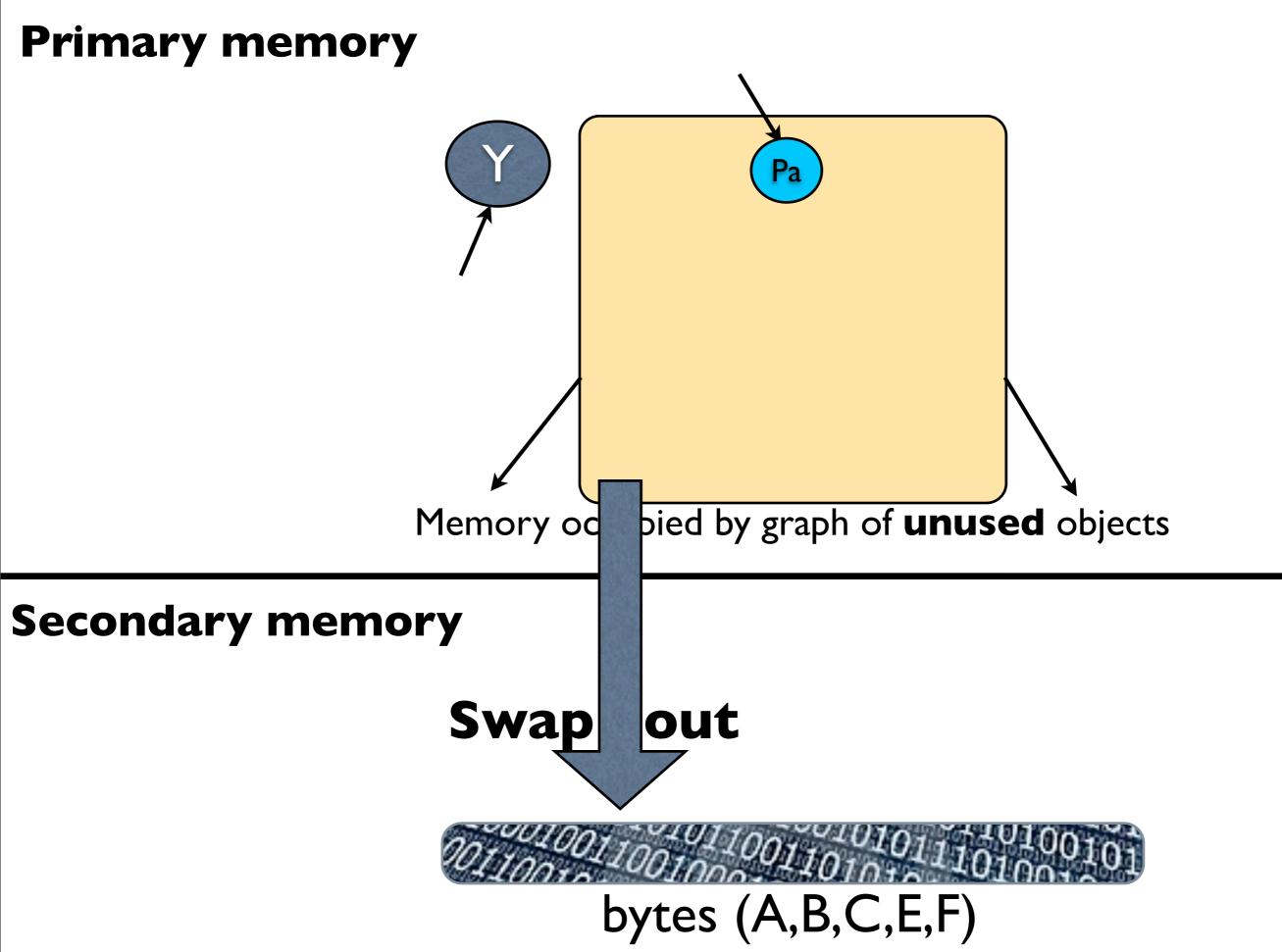


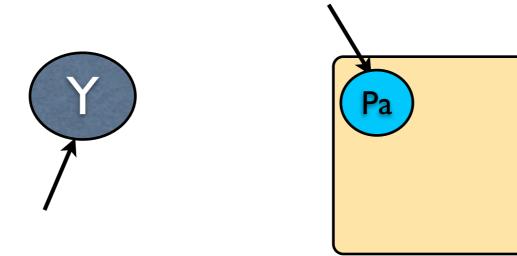


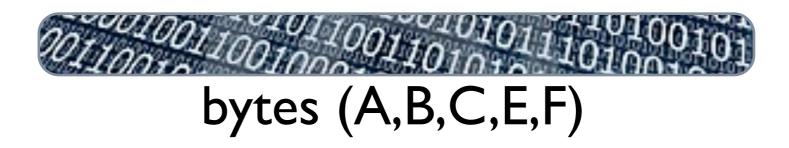


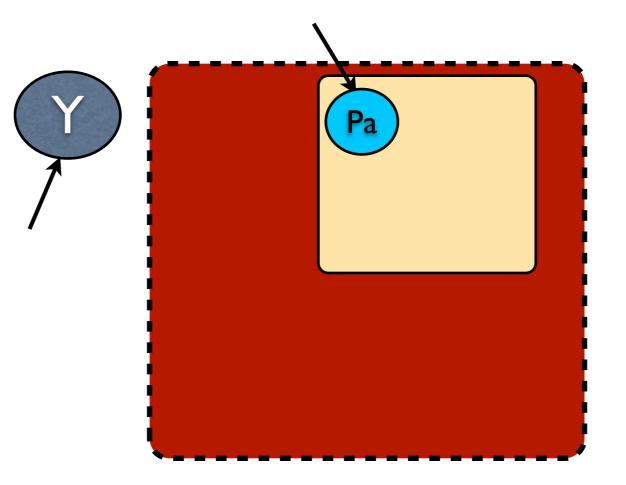




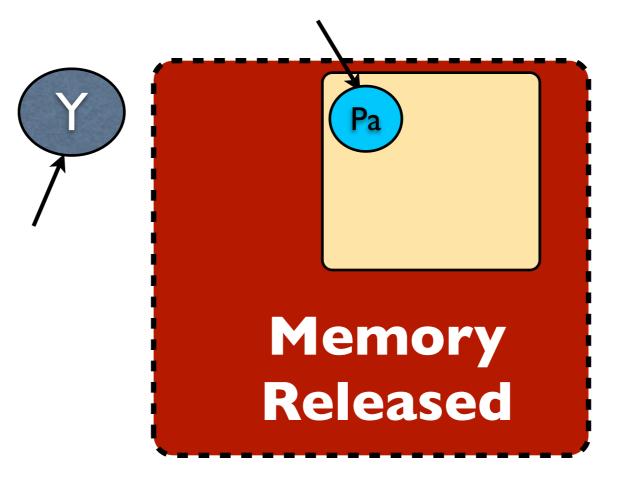






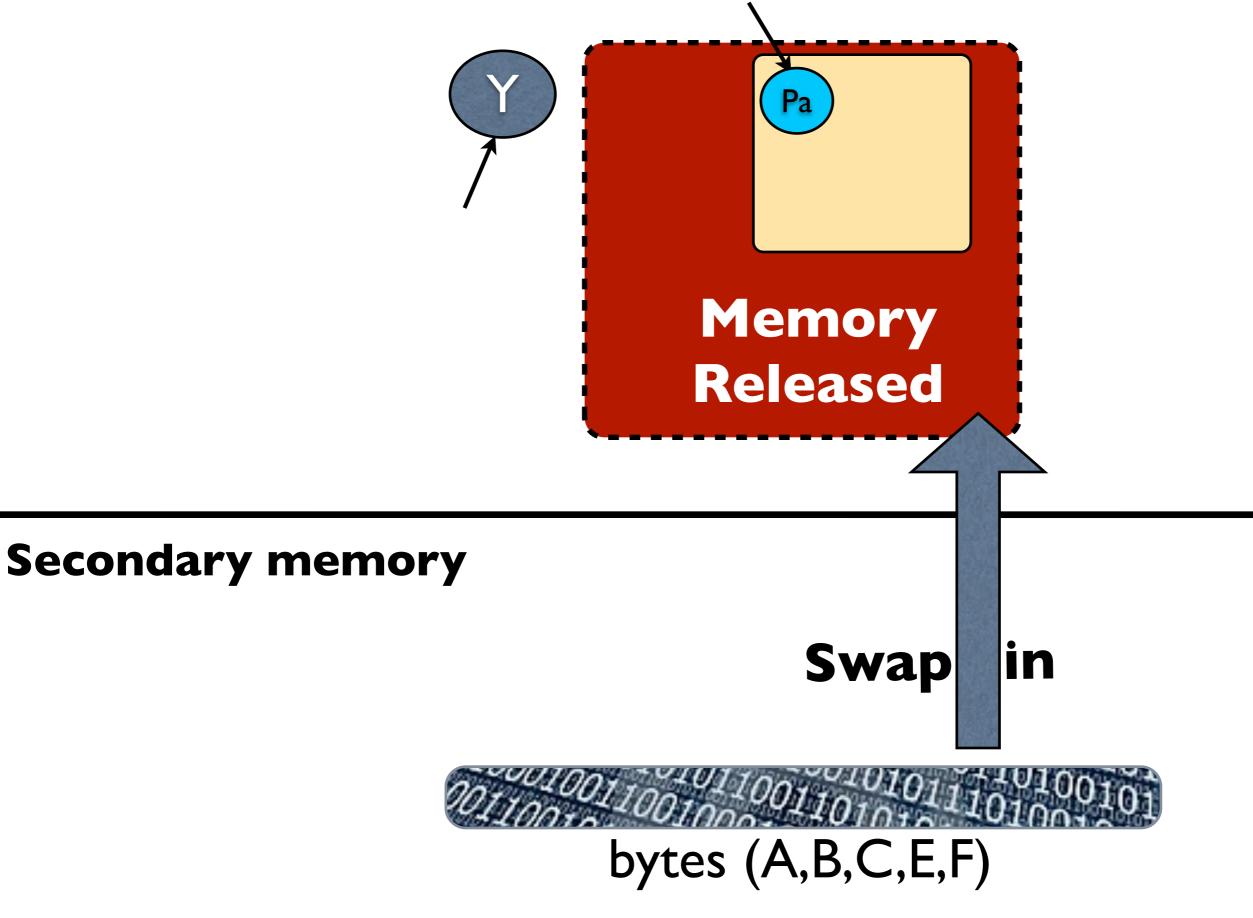


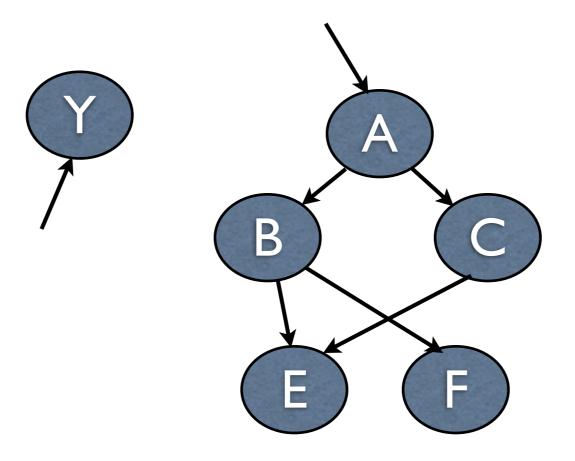


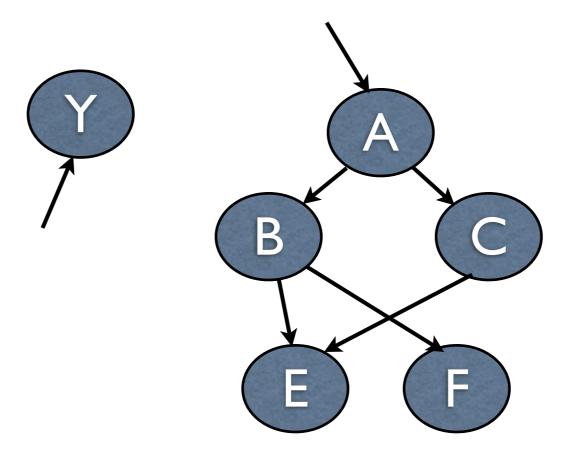


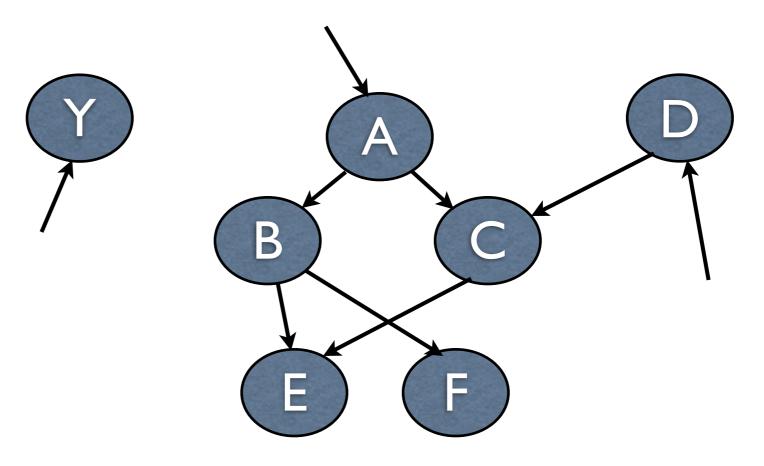


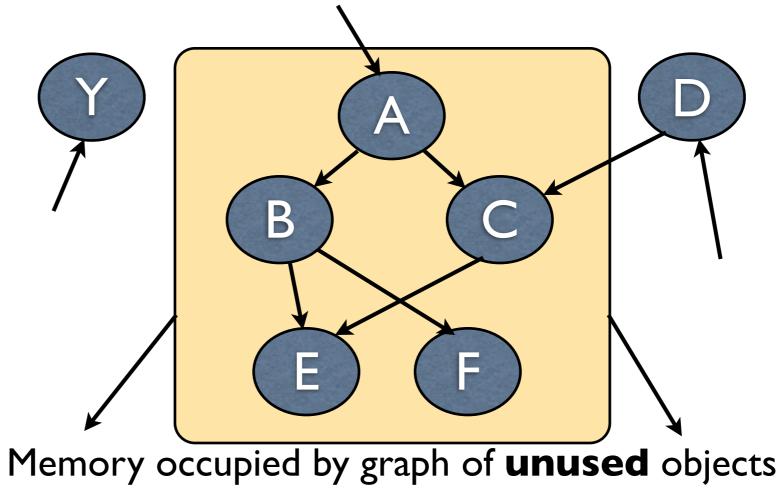


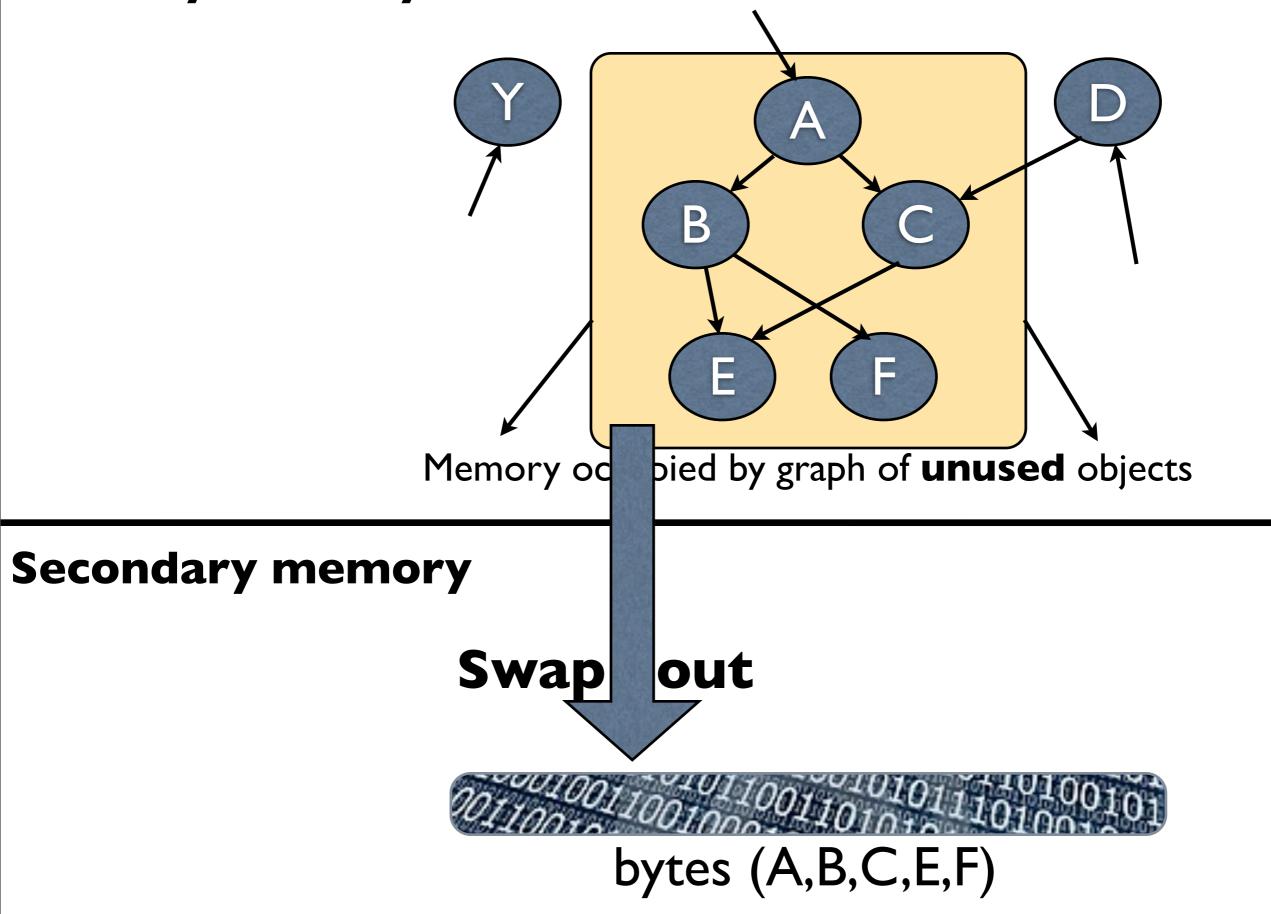


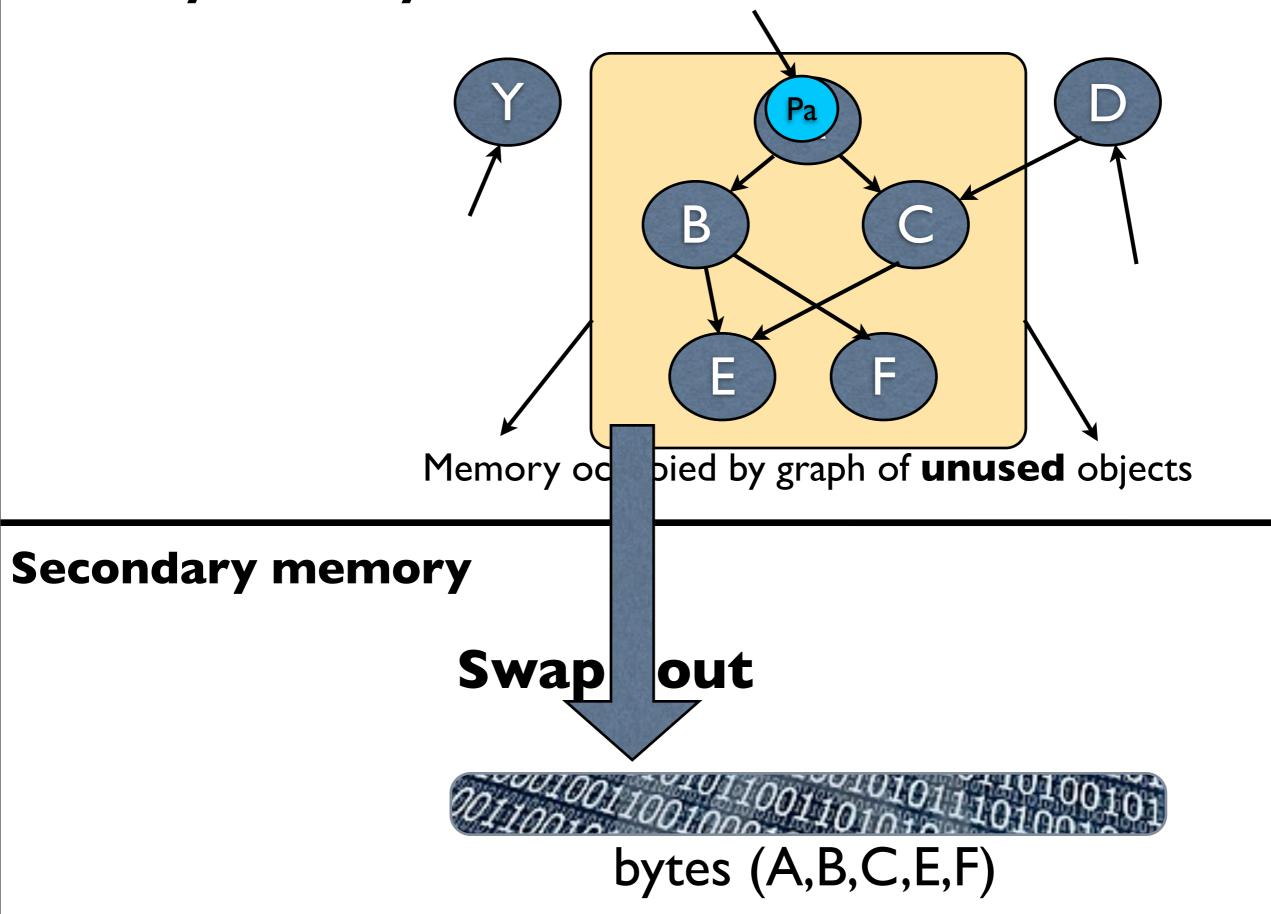


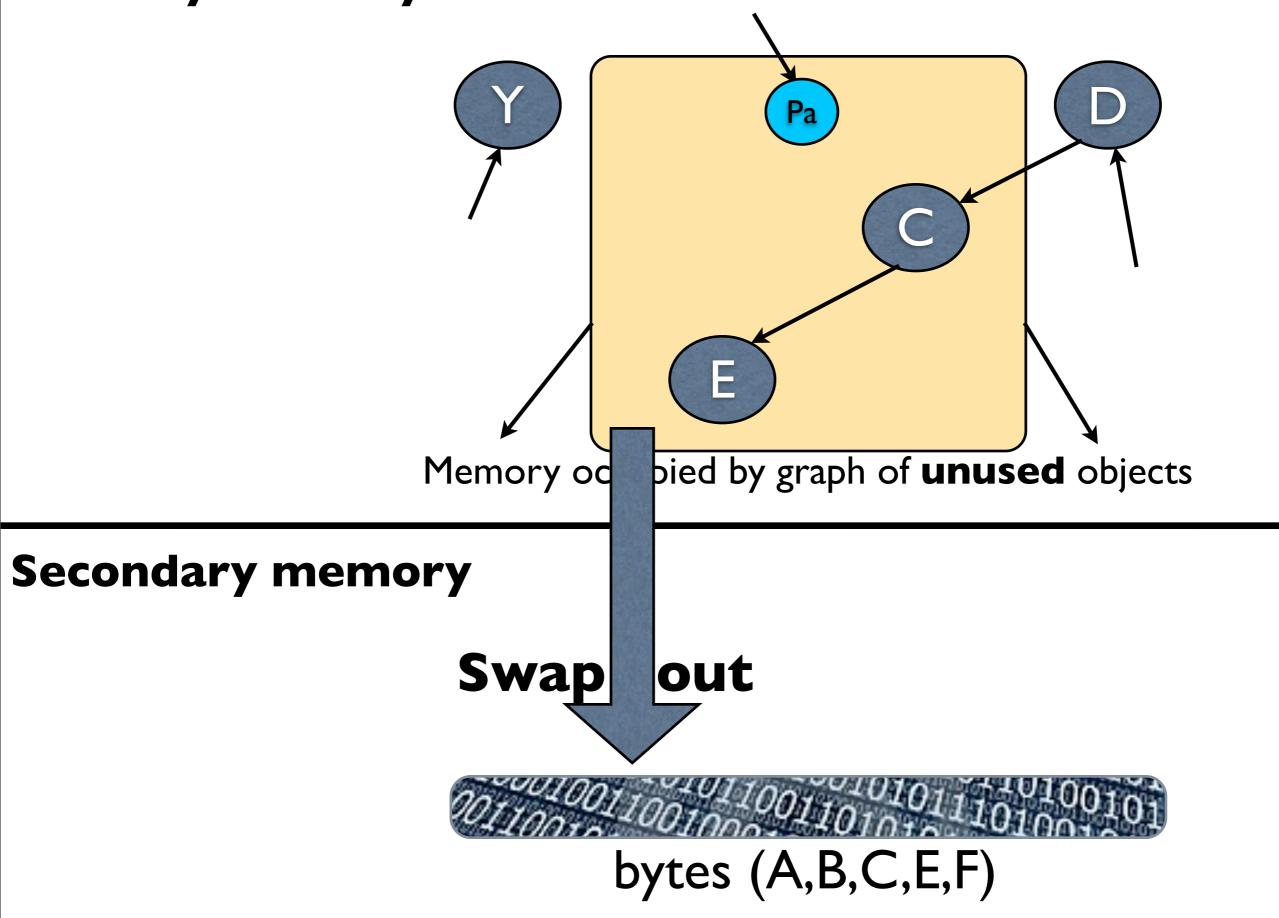


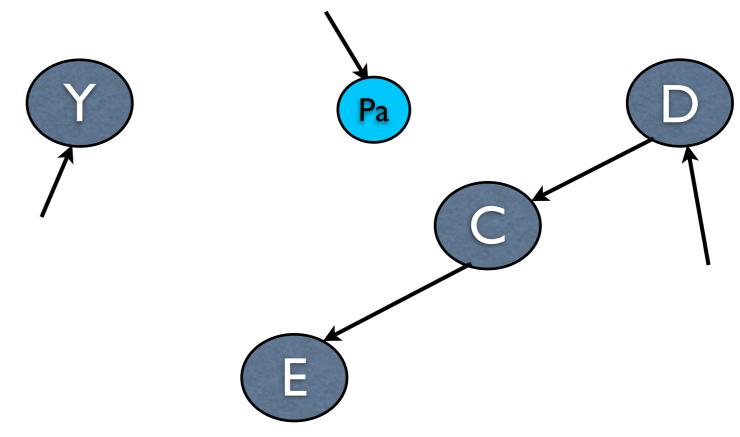




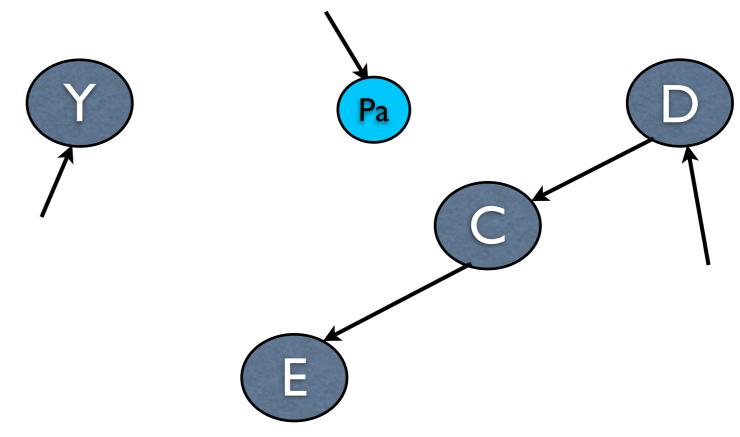




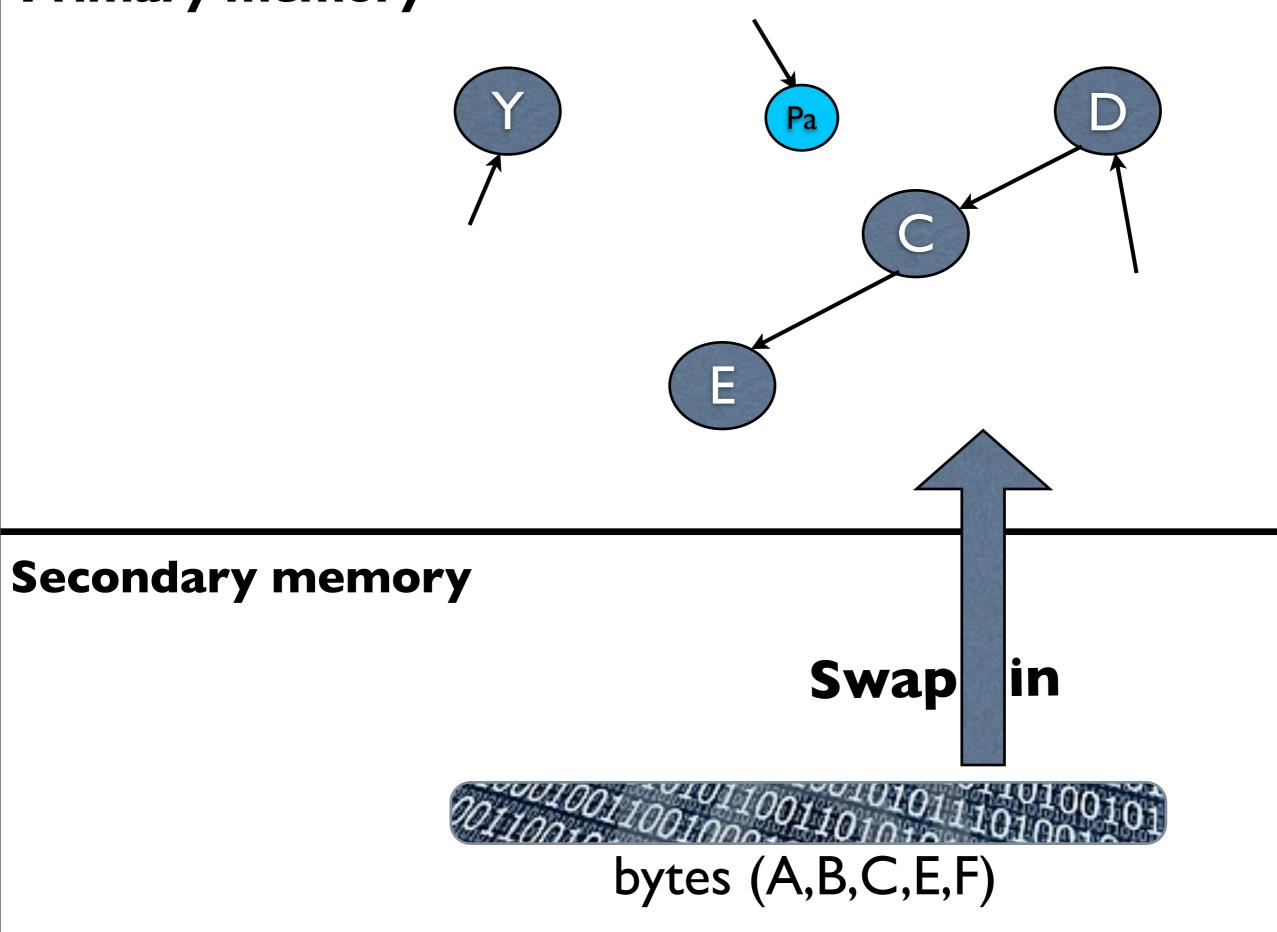


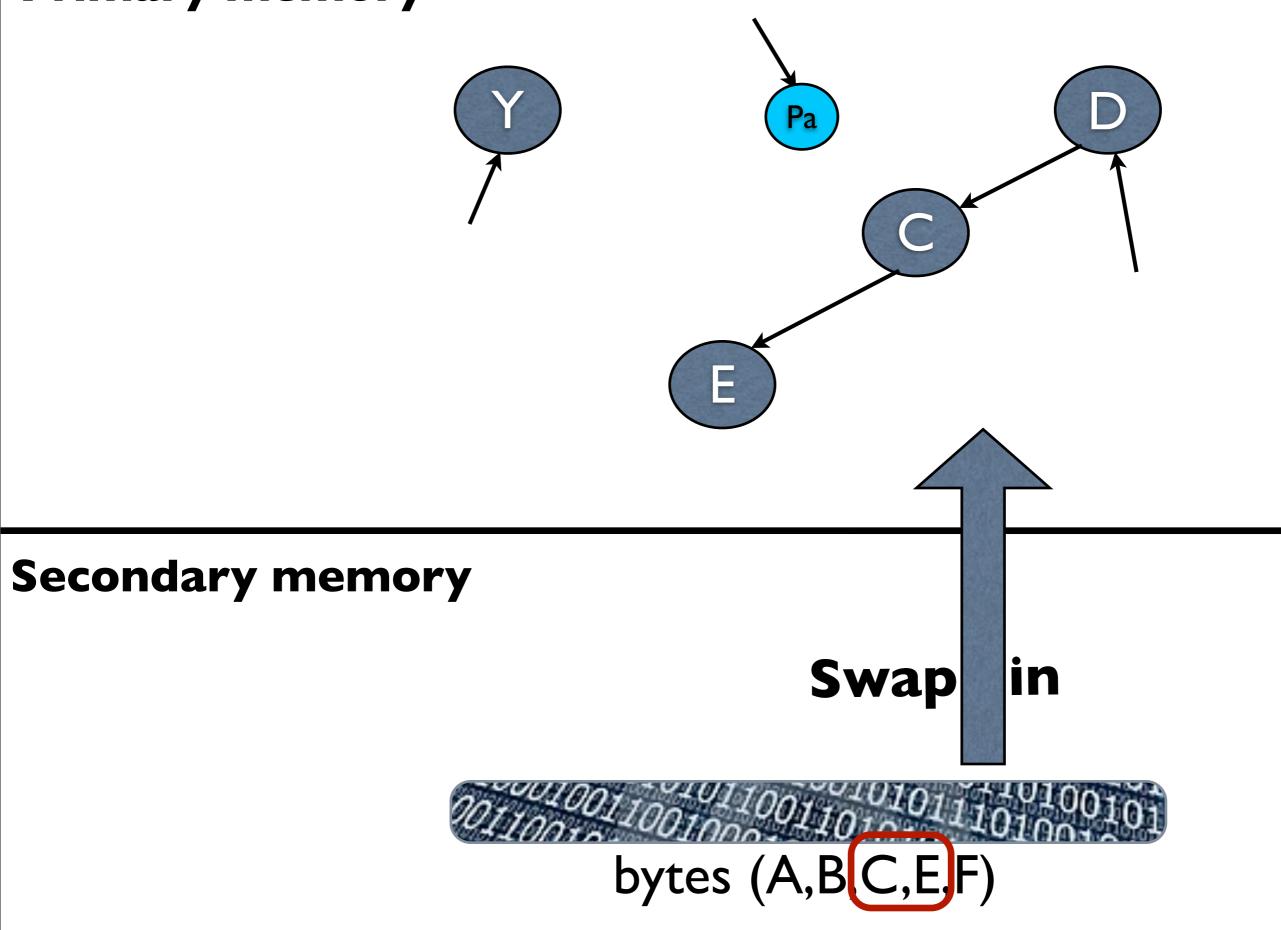


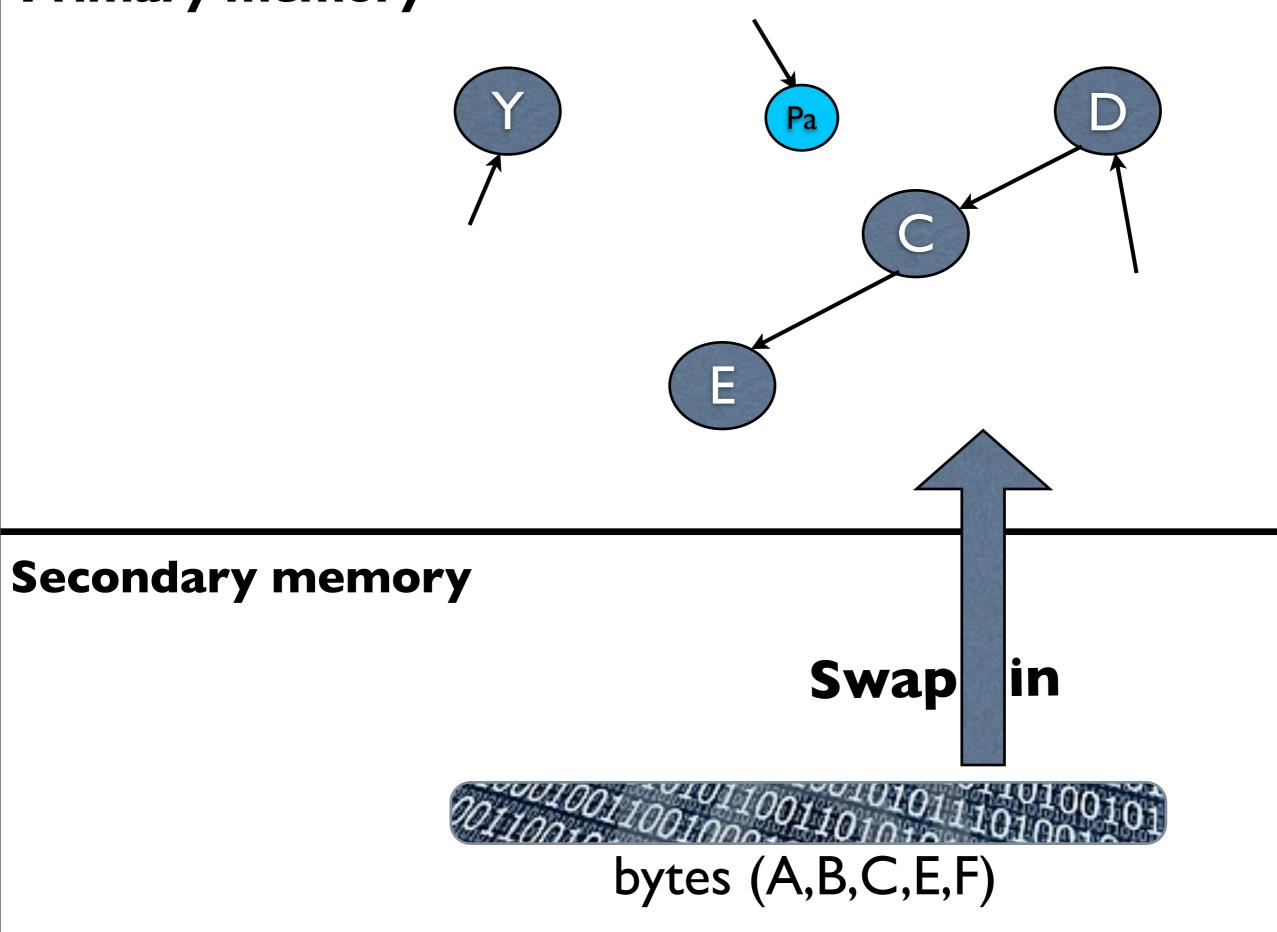


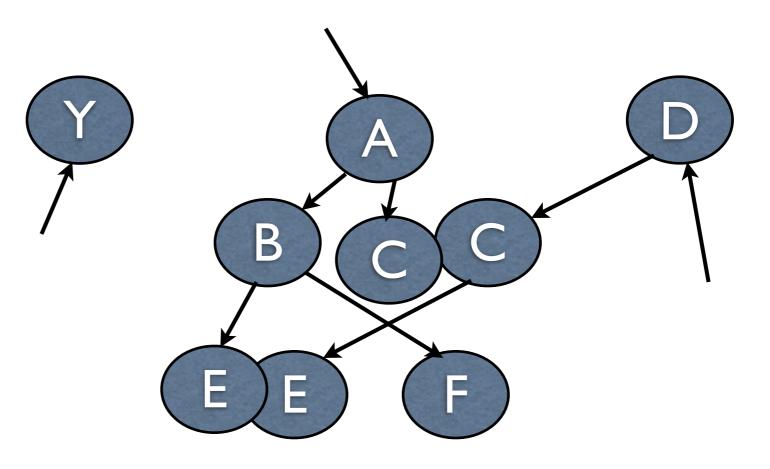


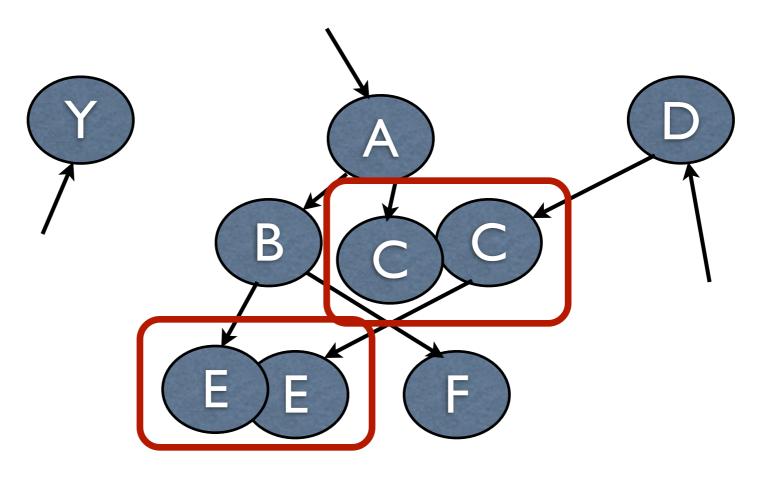


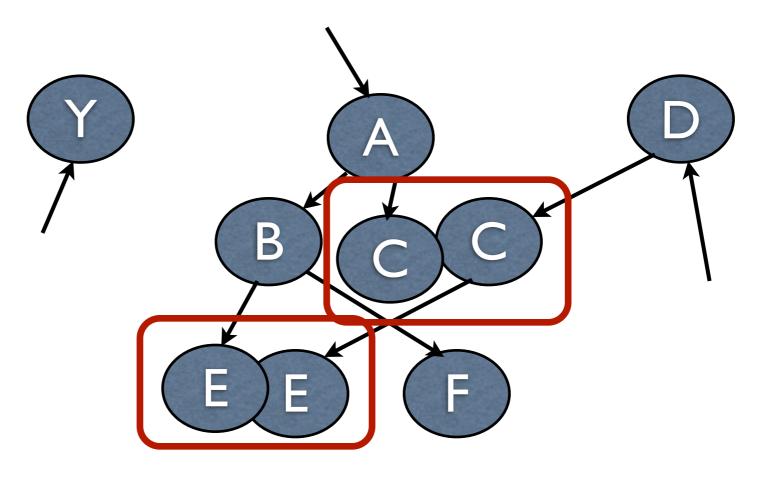












Secondary memory

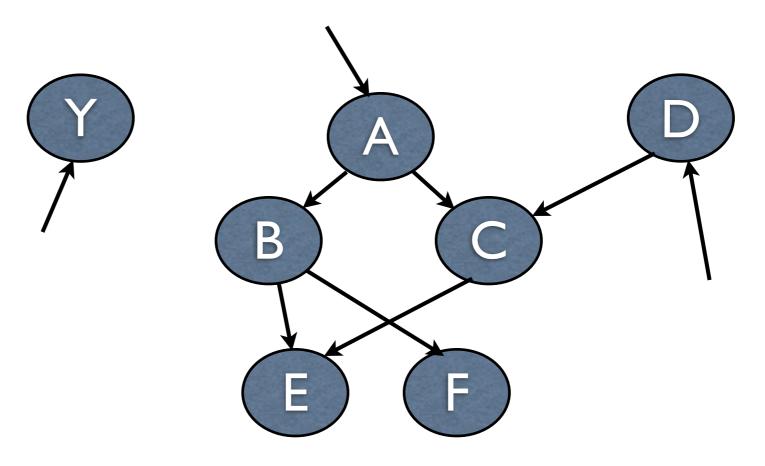
INCORRECT!!!

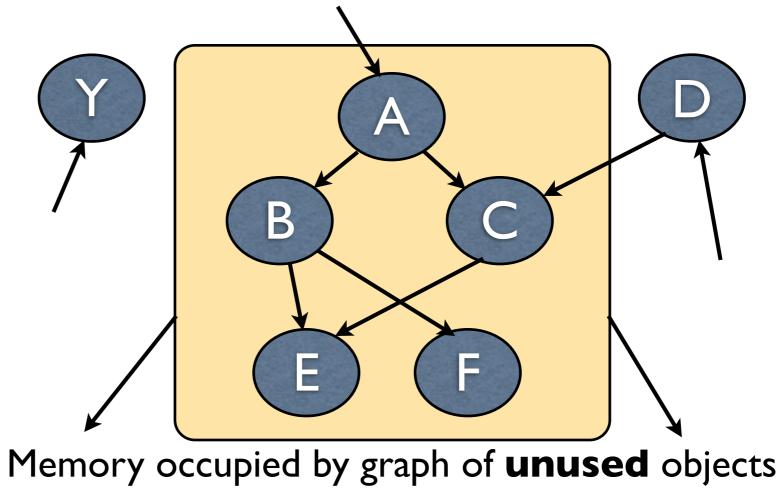
Objectives

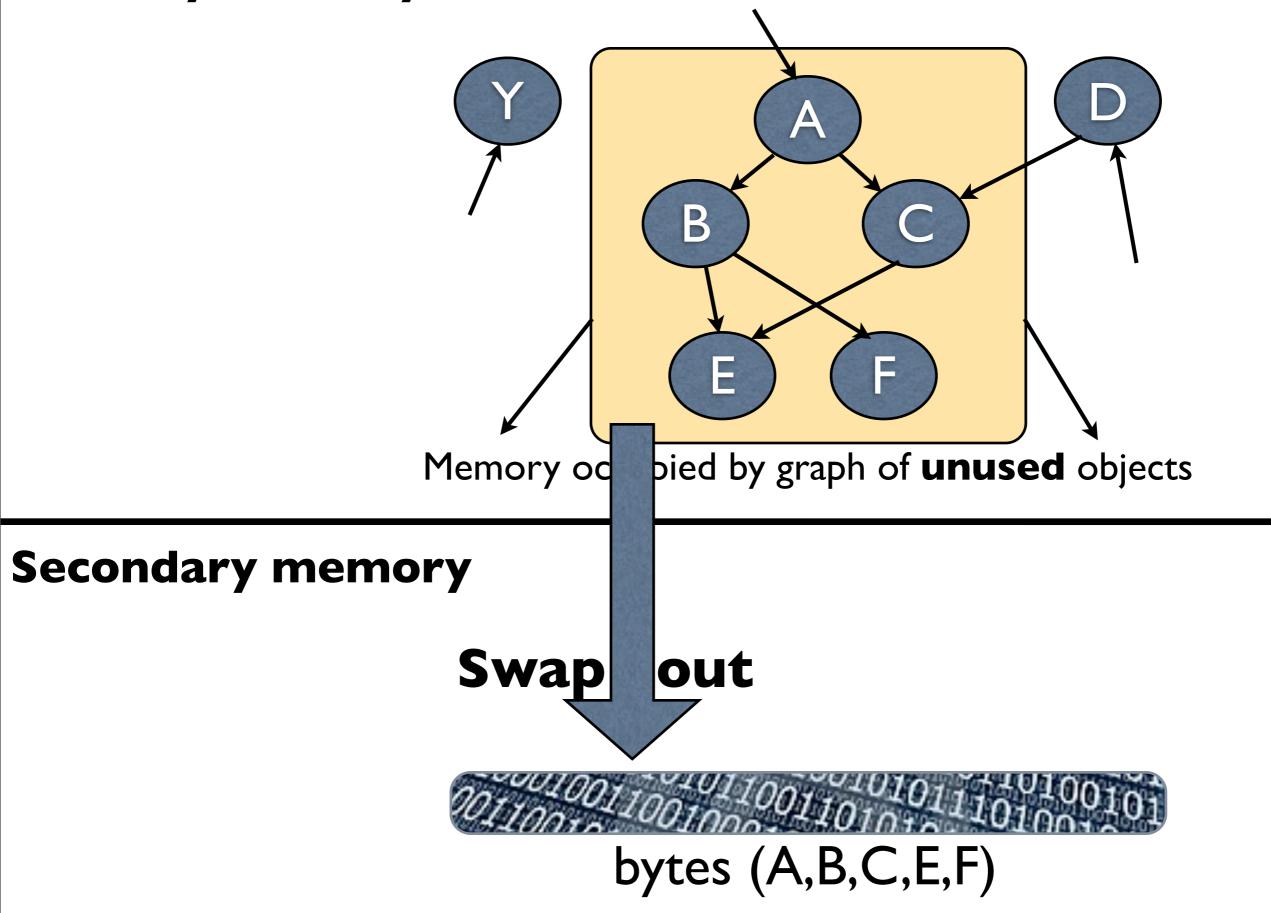
Correctness: SwapIn(SwapOut(X))==X
Maximize memory released.
Minimize runtime overhead.

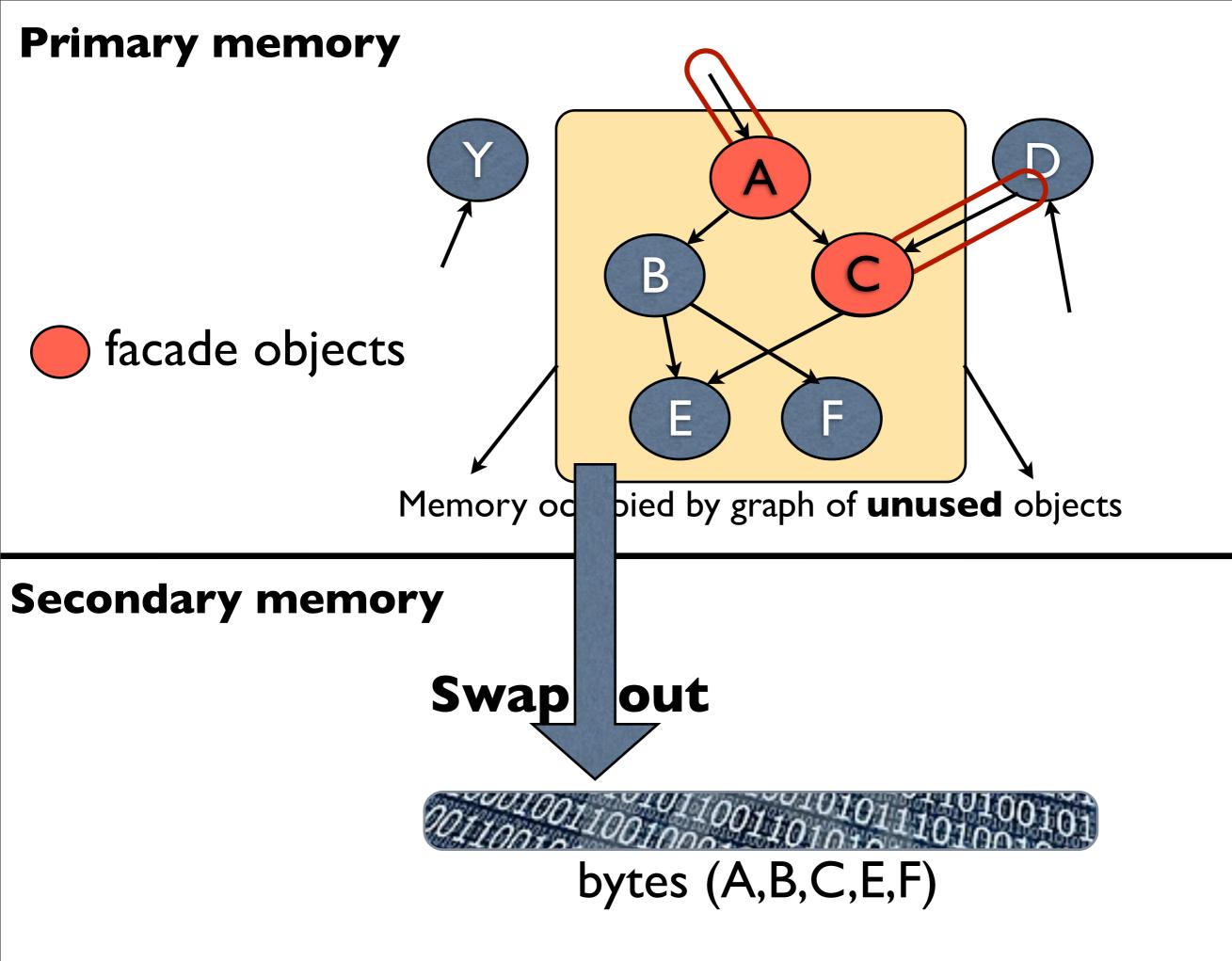


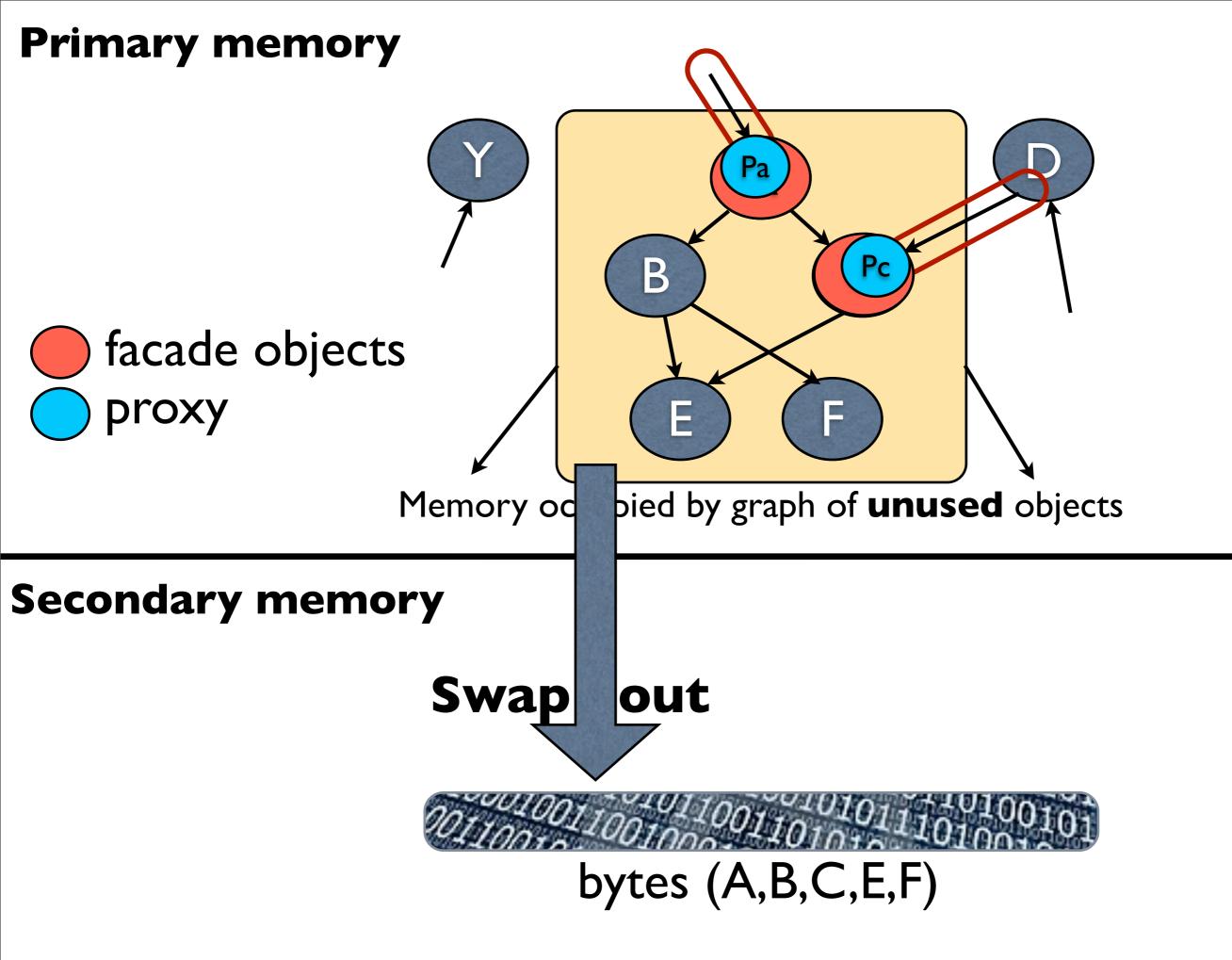
Object Graph Swapper	Proxy Toolbox
Object Graph Serializer	Object Graph Storage

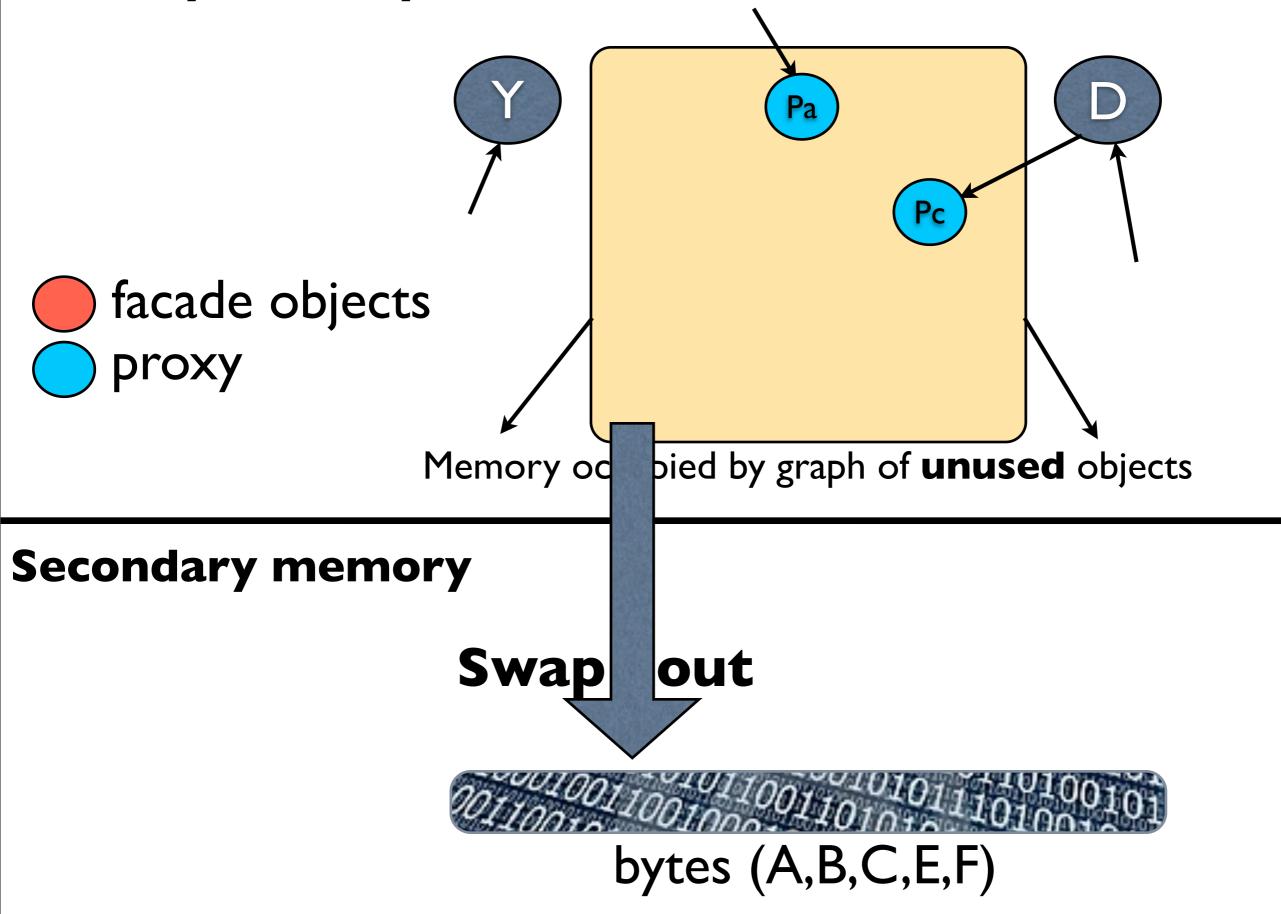


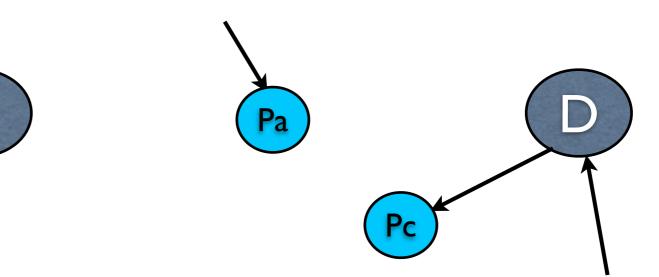






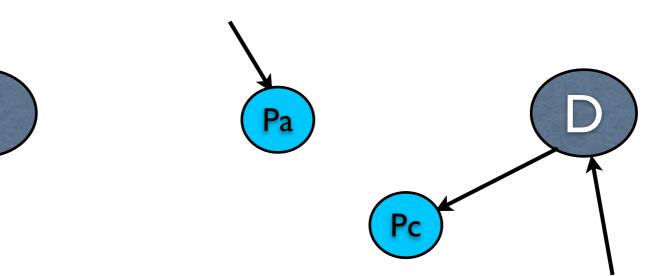






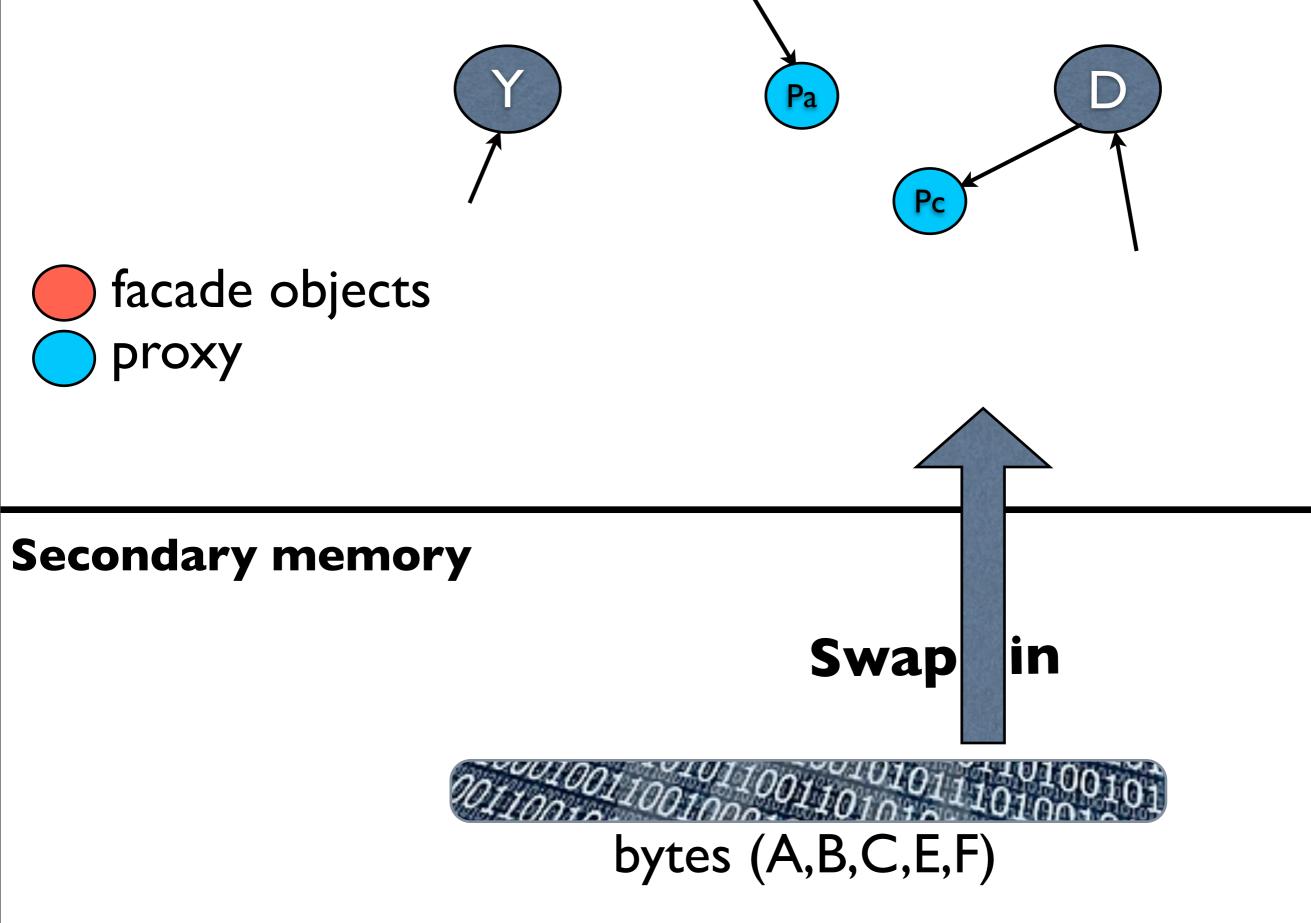


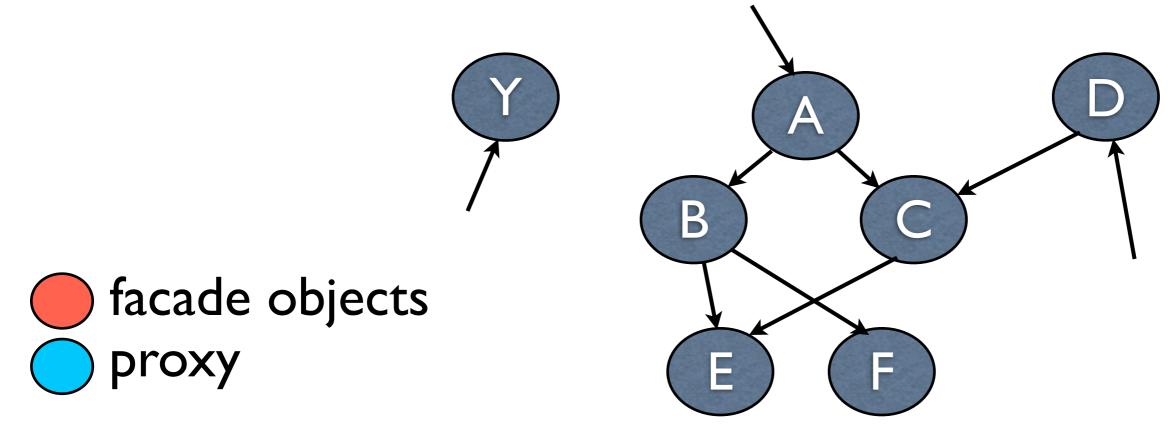






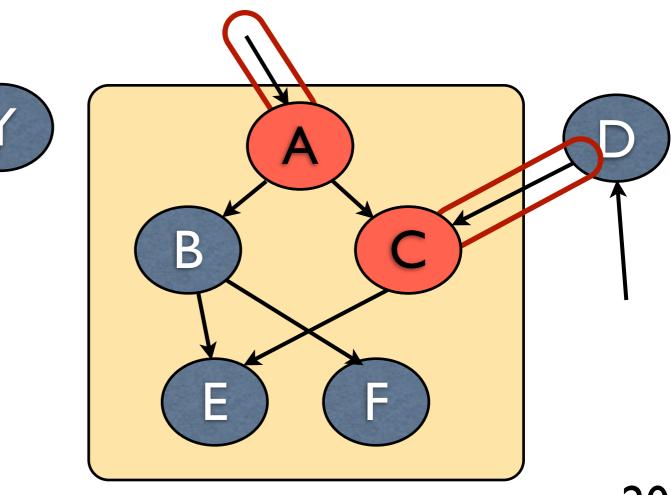






How to efficiently detect and manage facade objects?

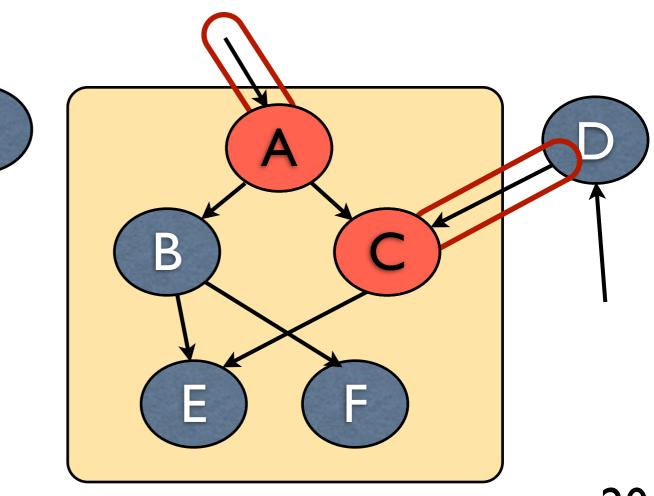
- Back-pointers.
- Whole memory scan.

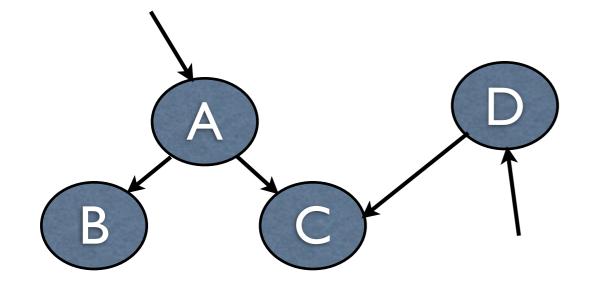


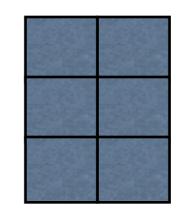
How to efficiently detect and manage facade objects?

- Back-pointers.
- Whole memory scan.

Marea provides an efficient solution.

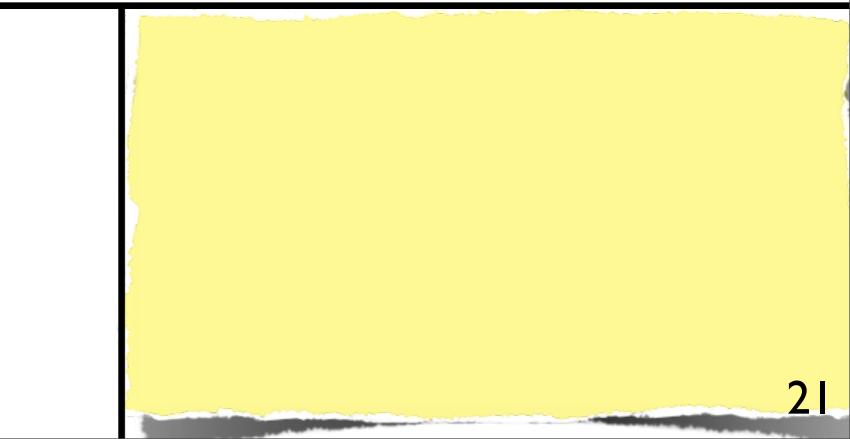




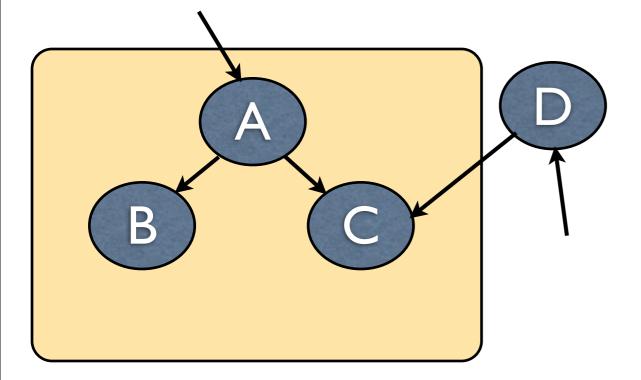


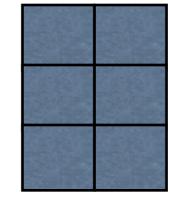
Swapping out

GraphTable







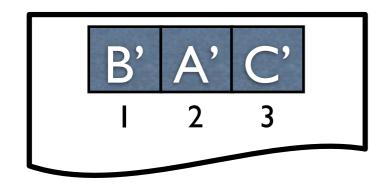


GraphTable

2

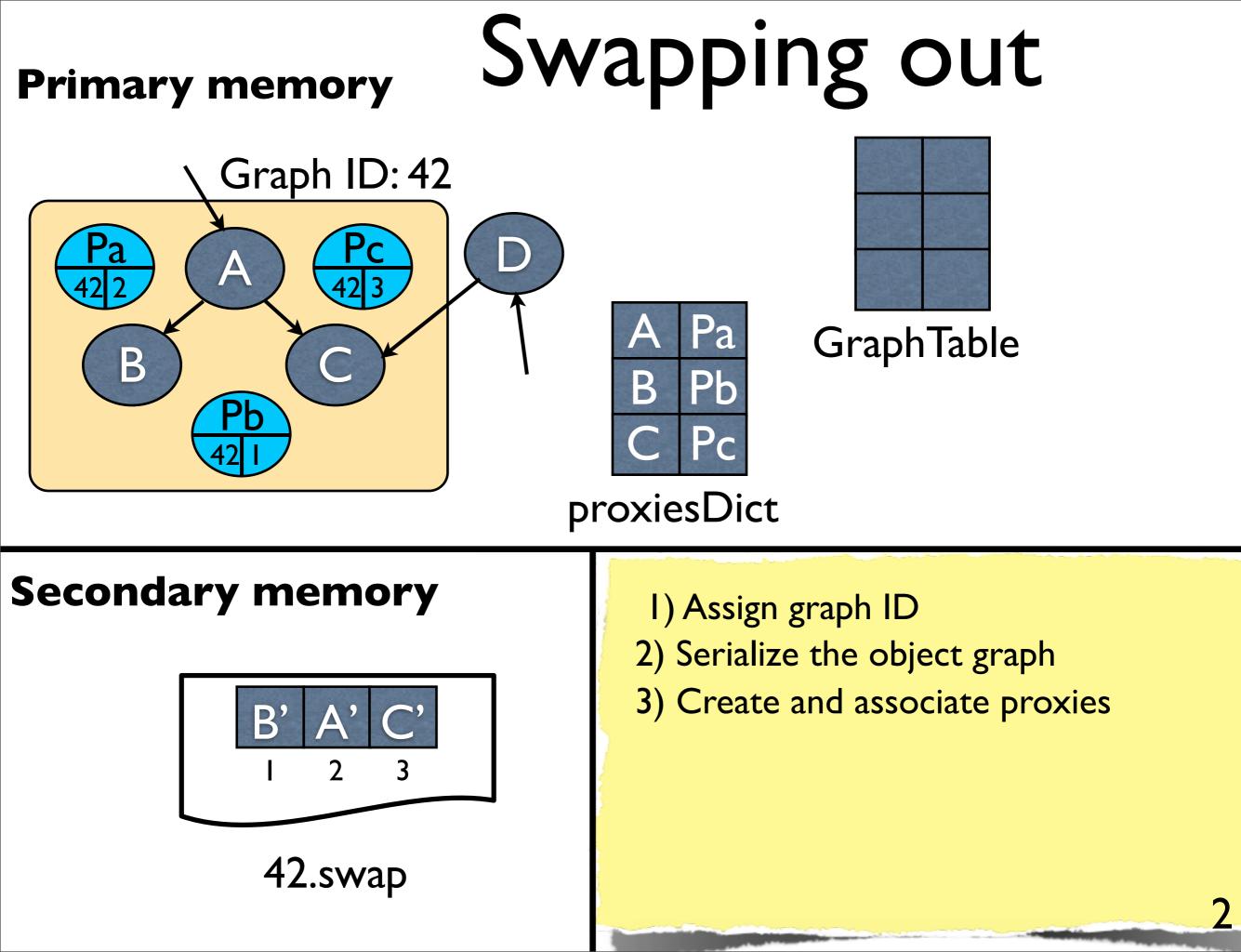
Swapping out **Primary memory** Graph ID: 42 A GraphTable B **Secondary memory** I) Assign graph ID

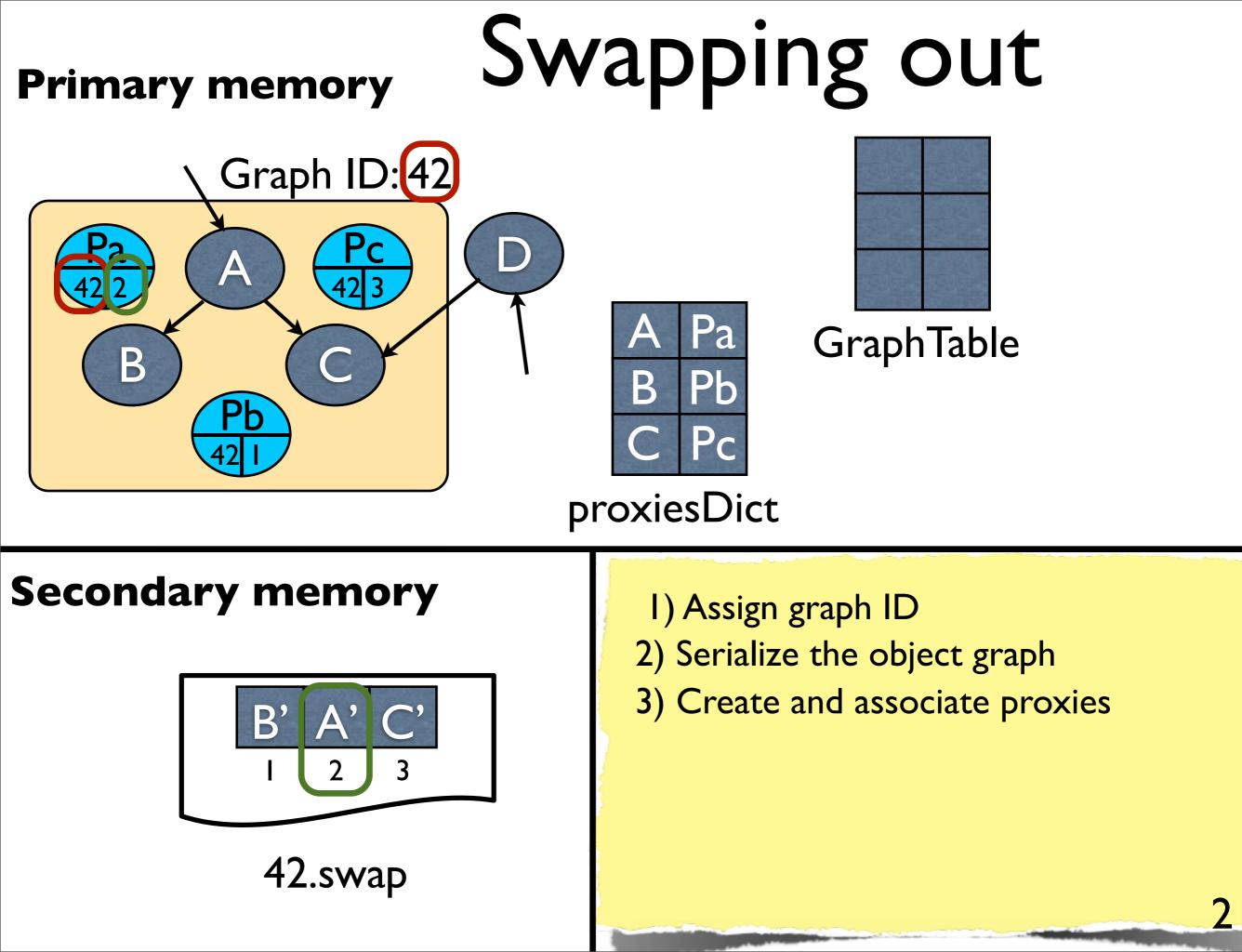
Secondary memory

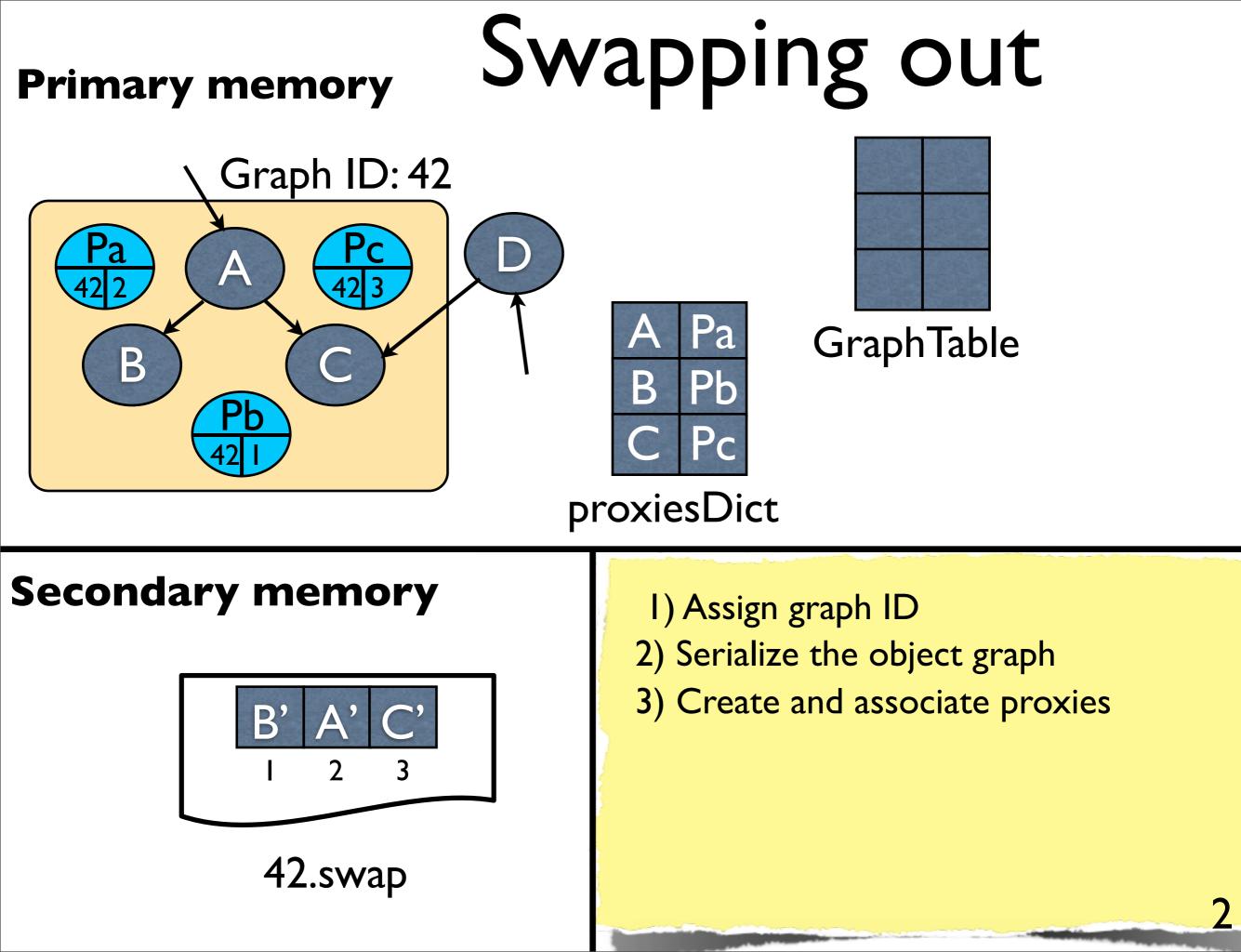


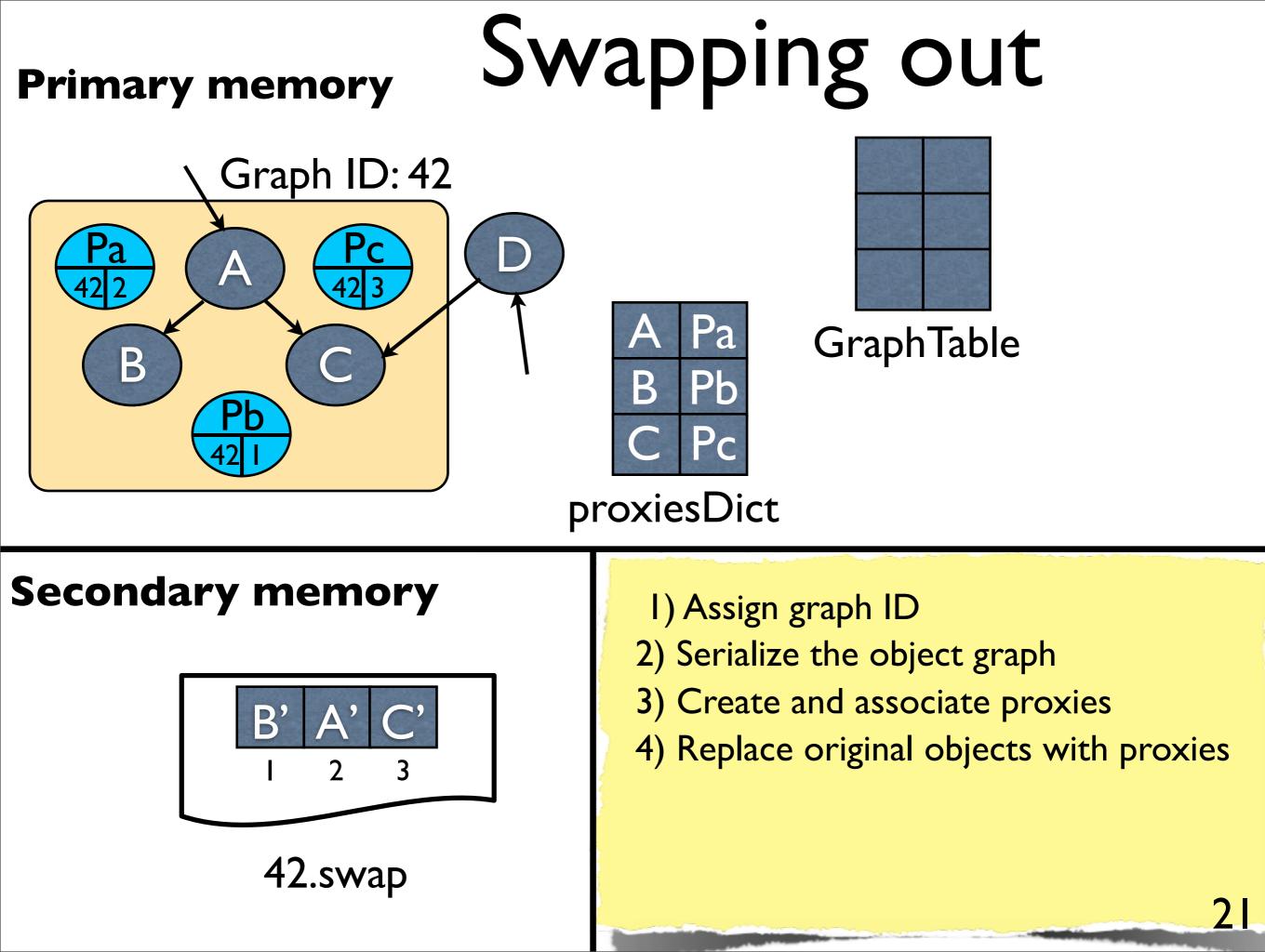
42.swap

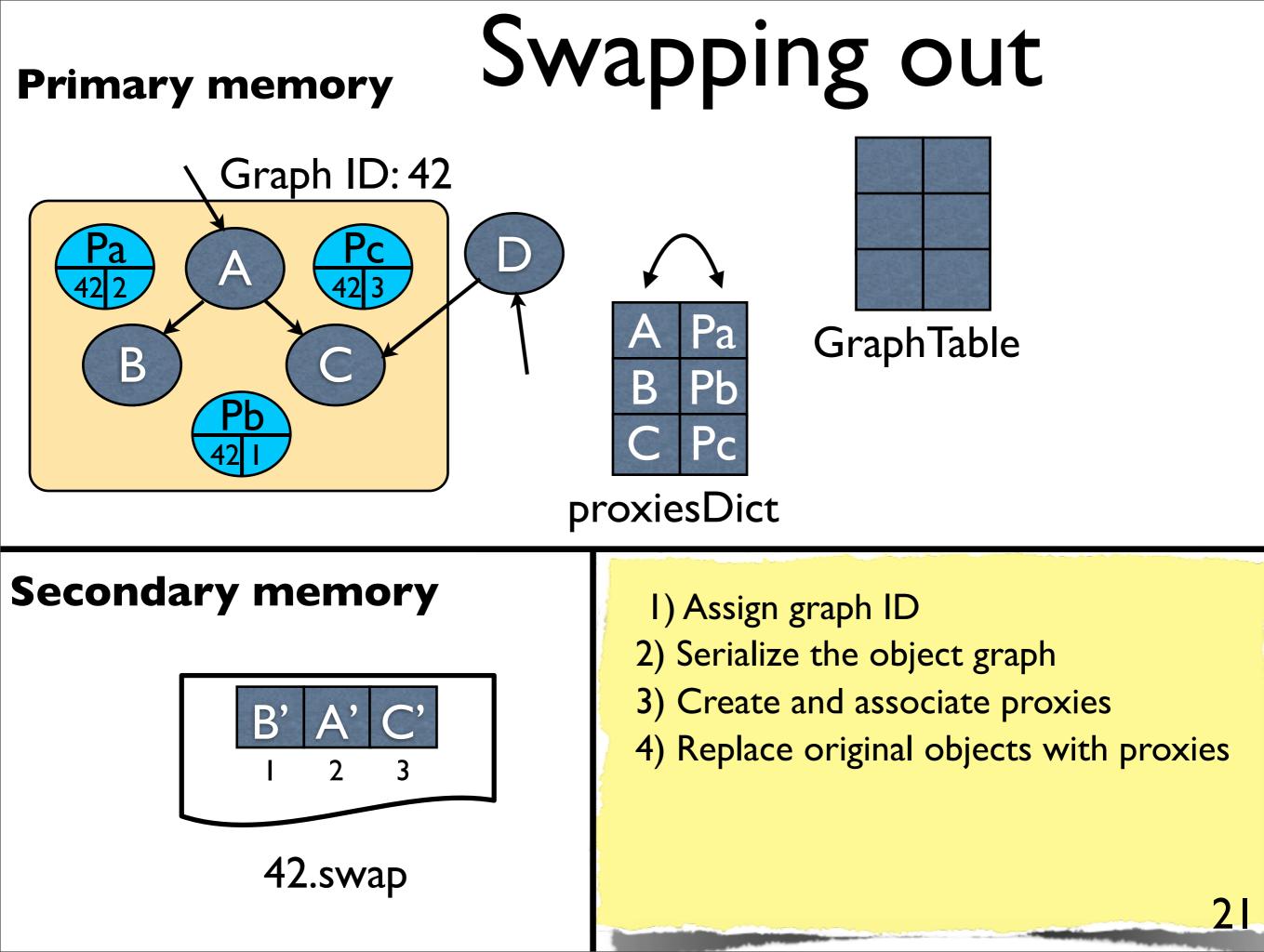
I) Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph

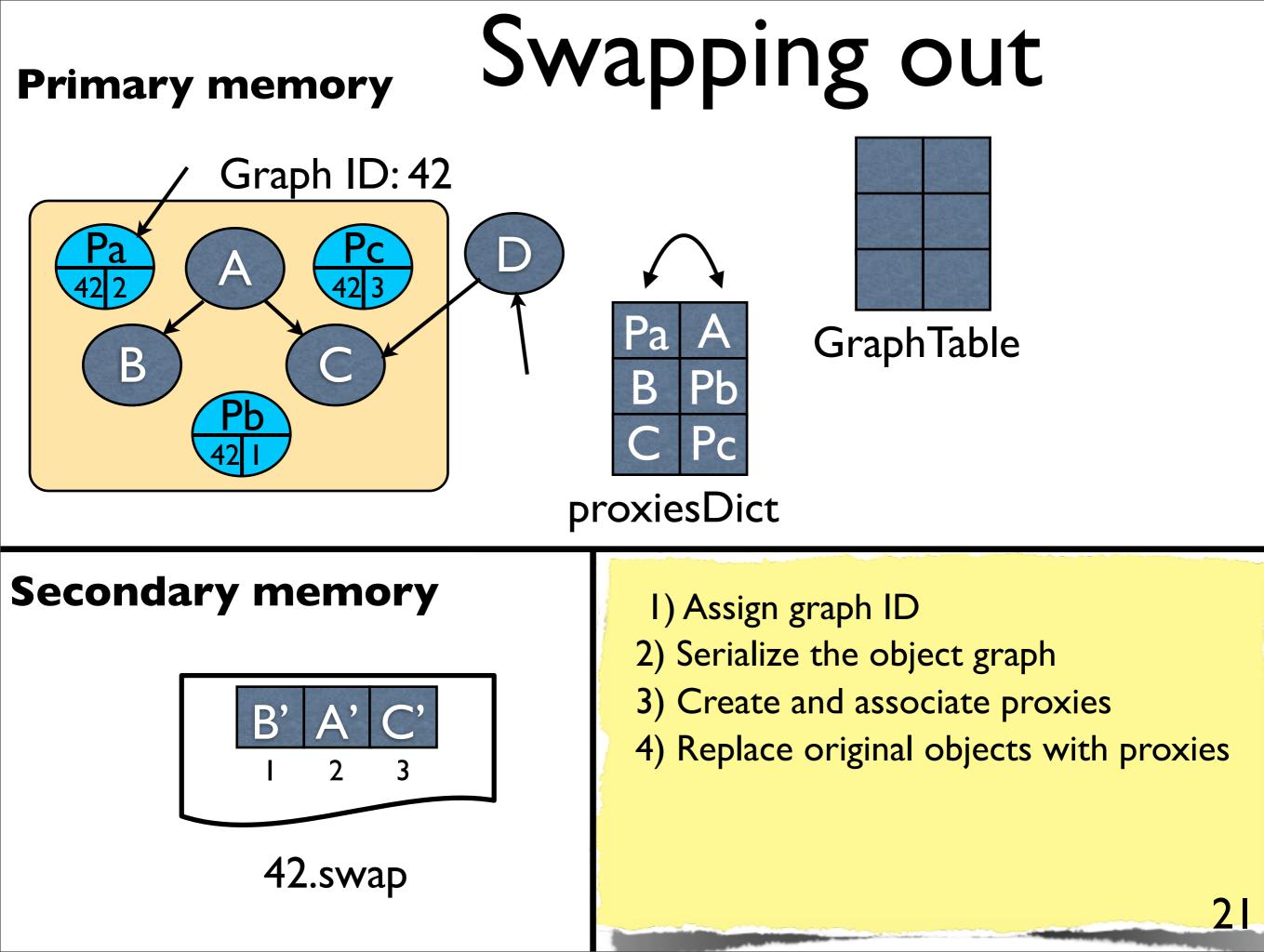


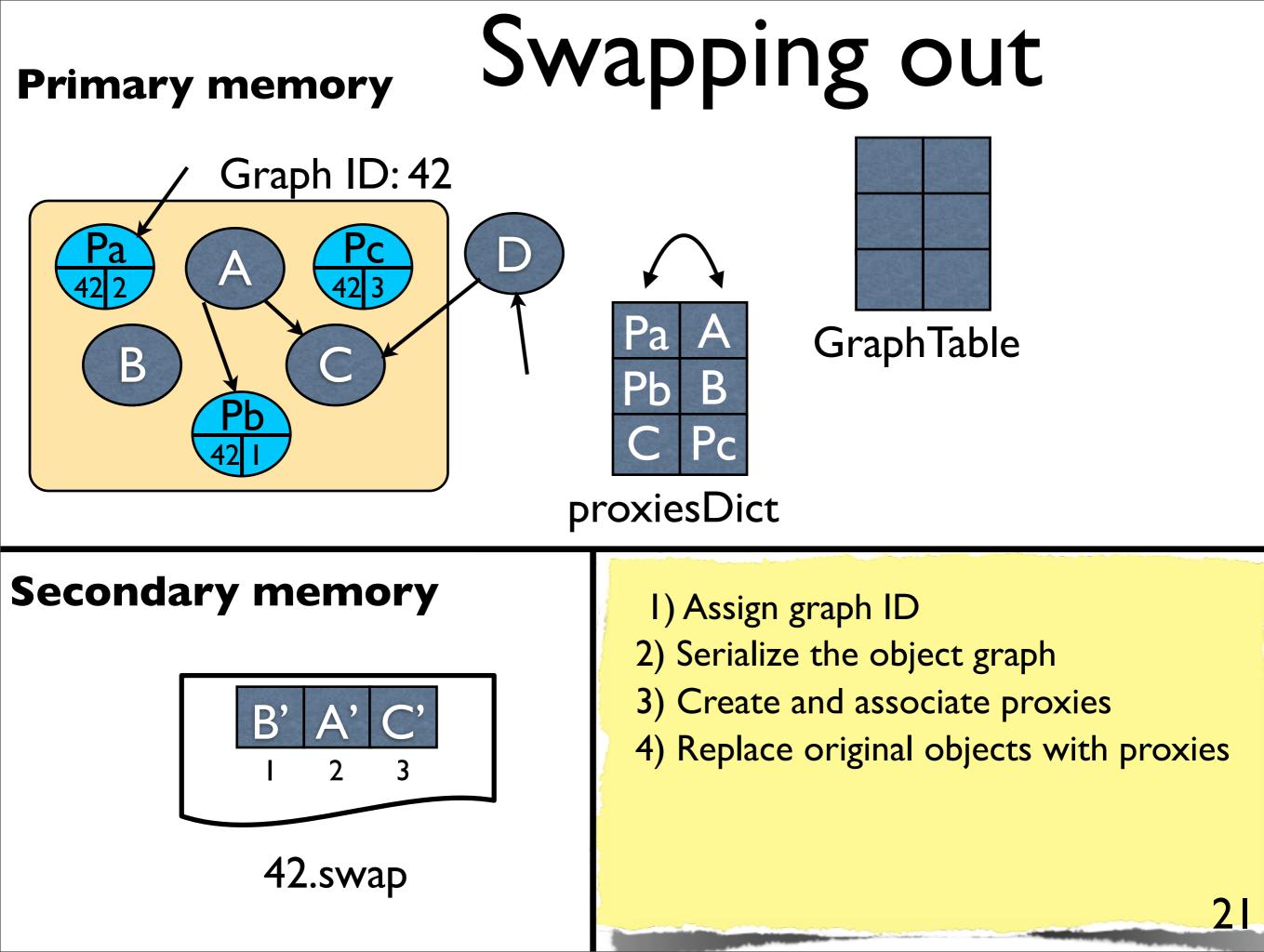


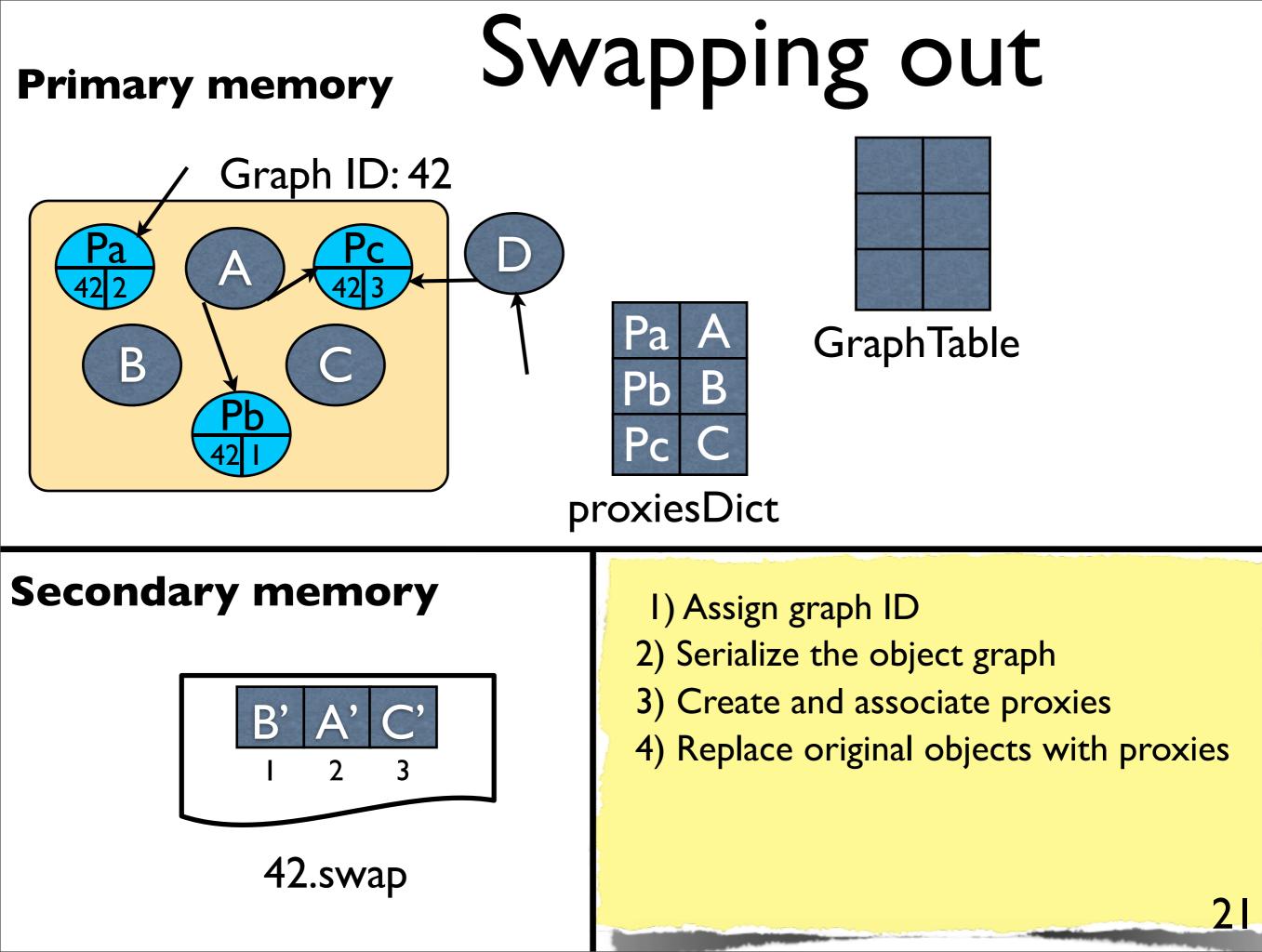


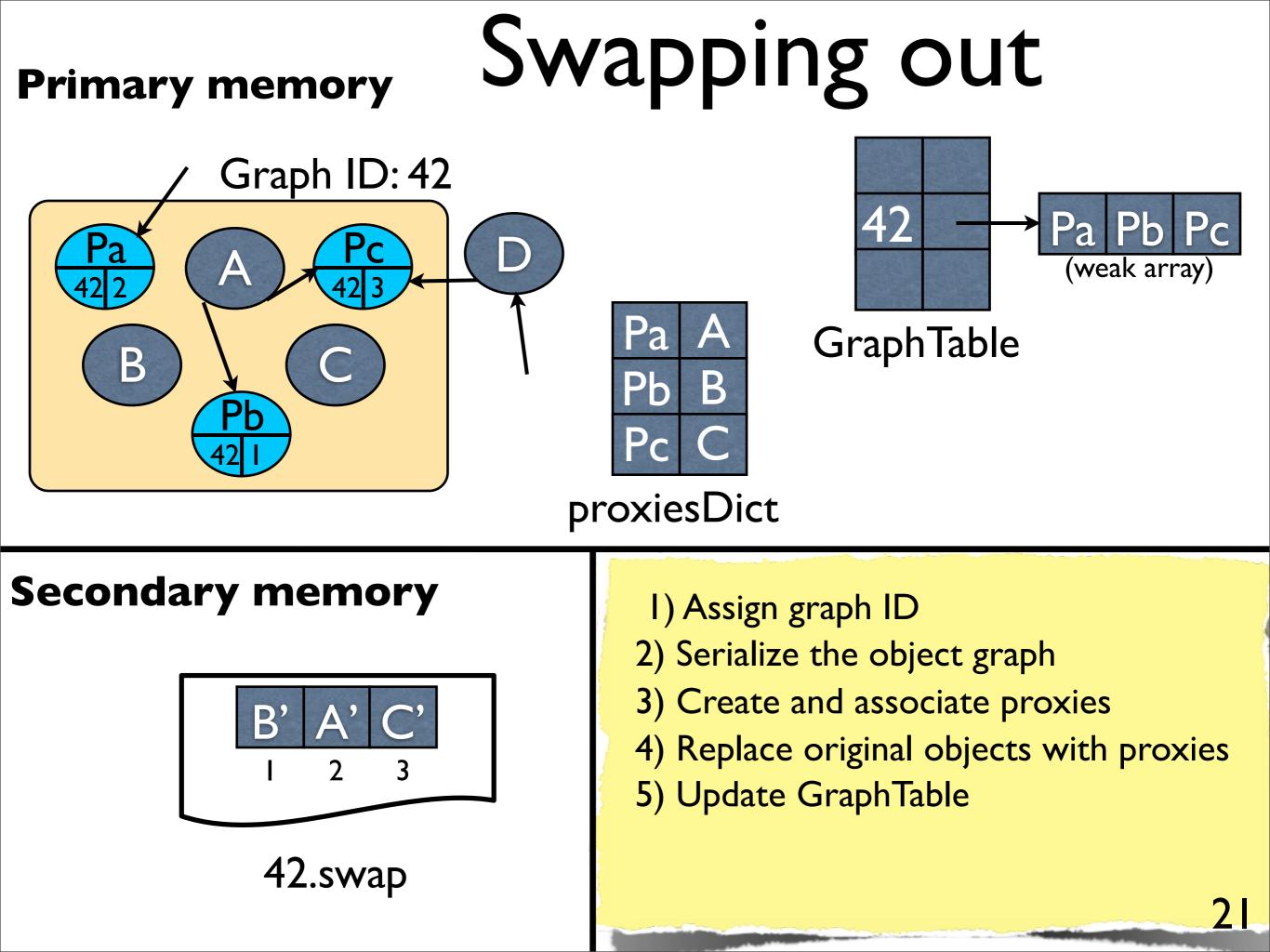


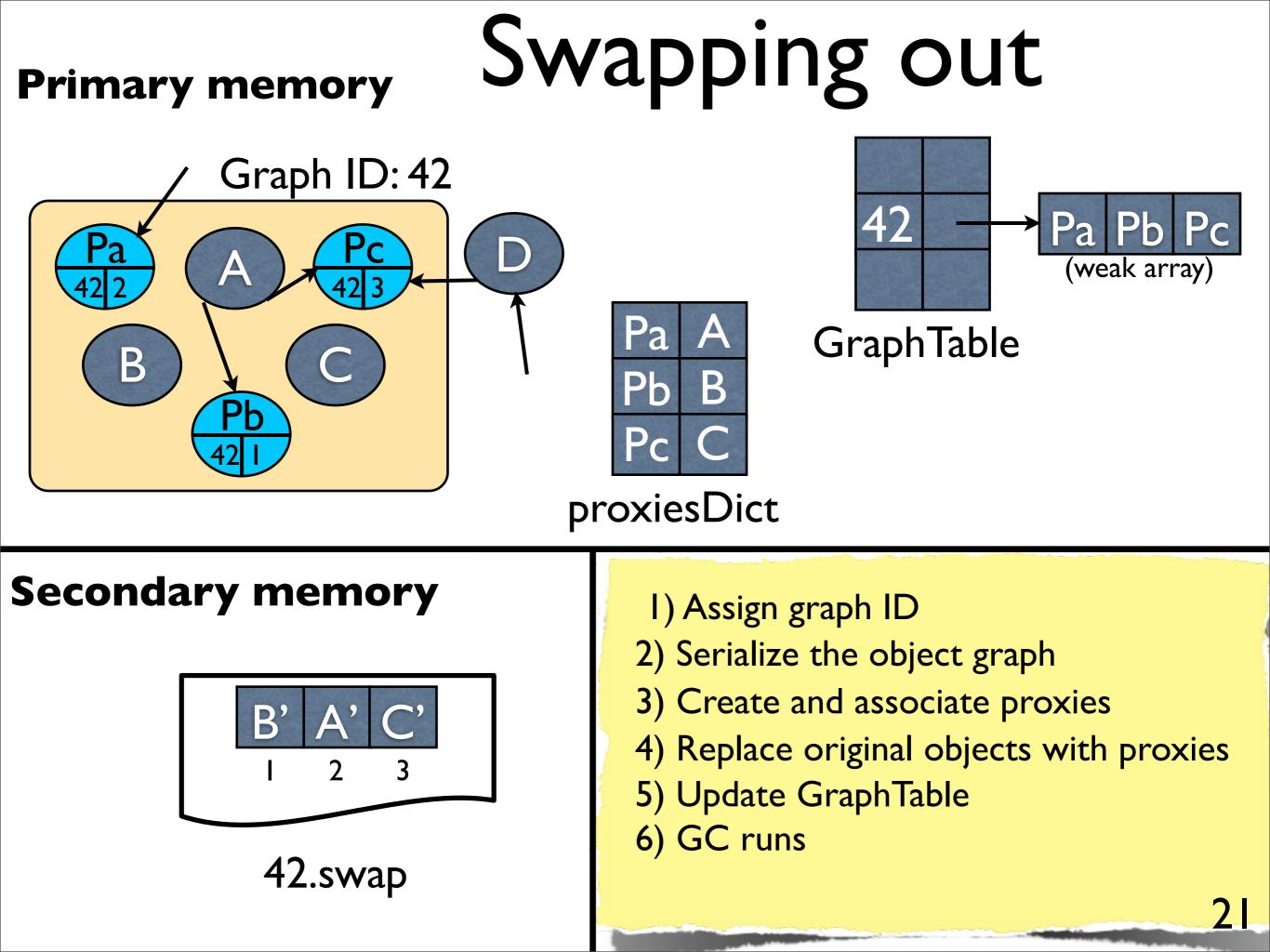


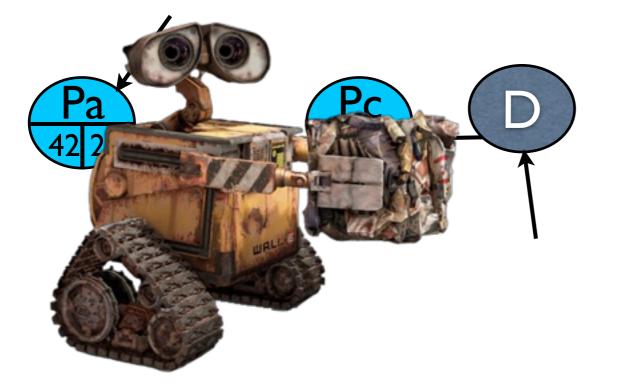


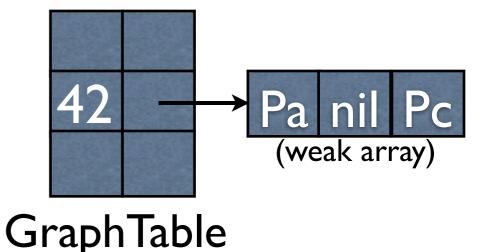












I) Assign graph ID

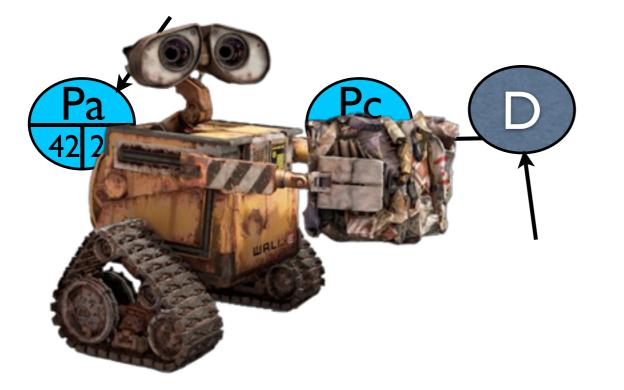
Swapping out

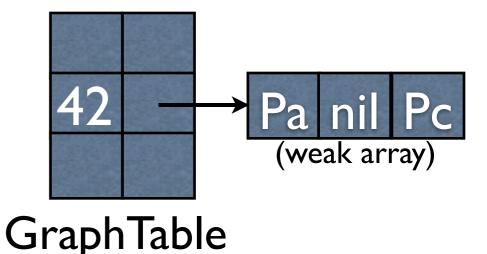
- 2) Serialize the object graph
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs

Secondary memory



42.swap





I) Assign graph ID

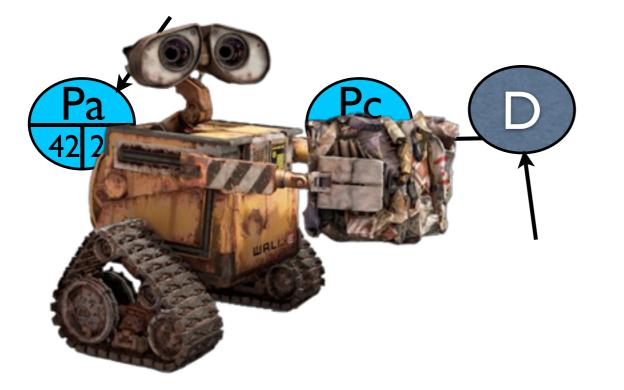
Swapping out

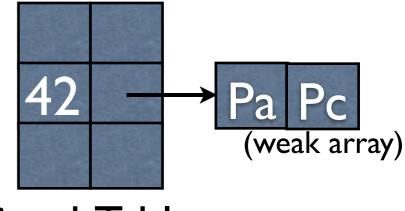
- 2) Serialize the object graph
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- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Compact (optional)

Secondary memory



42.swap





GraphTable

Secondary memory

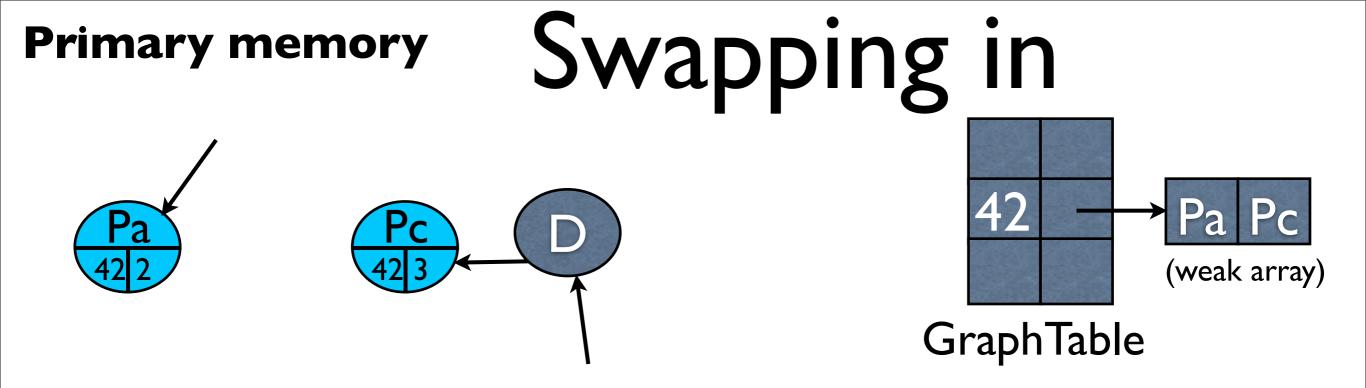


42.swap

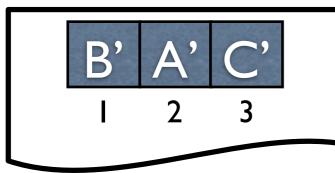
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Swapping out

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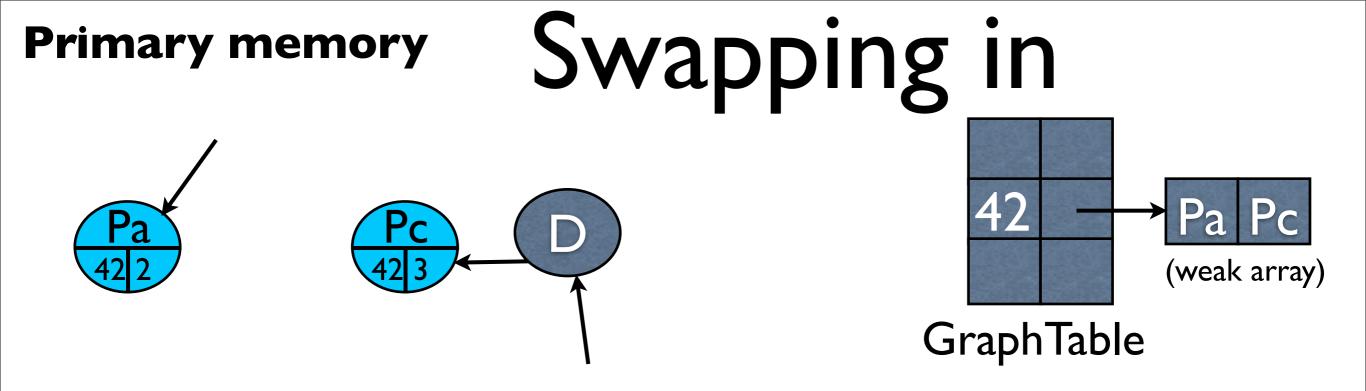






42.swap



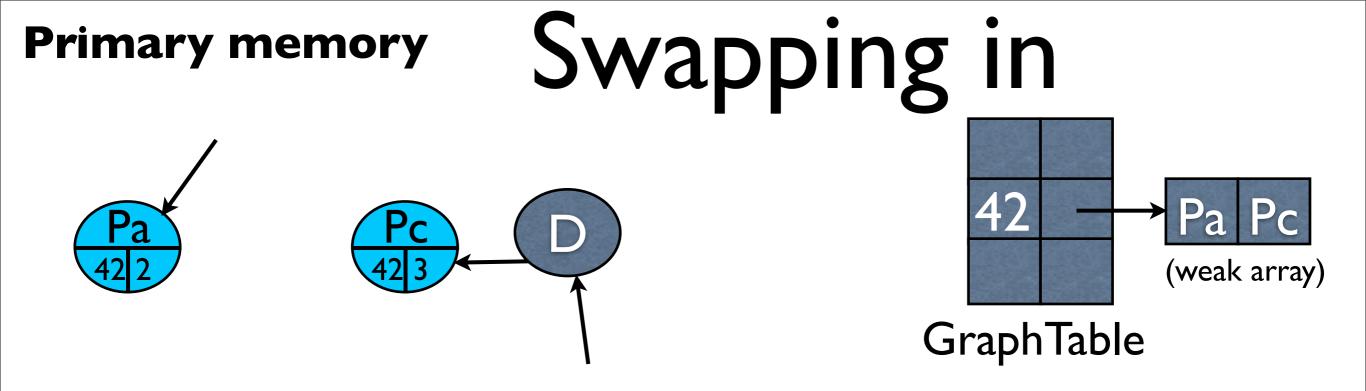


B' A' C' I 2 3

42.swap

0) A proxy intercepts a message...

22

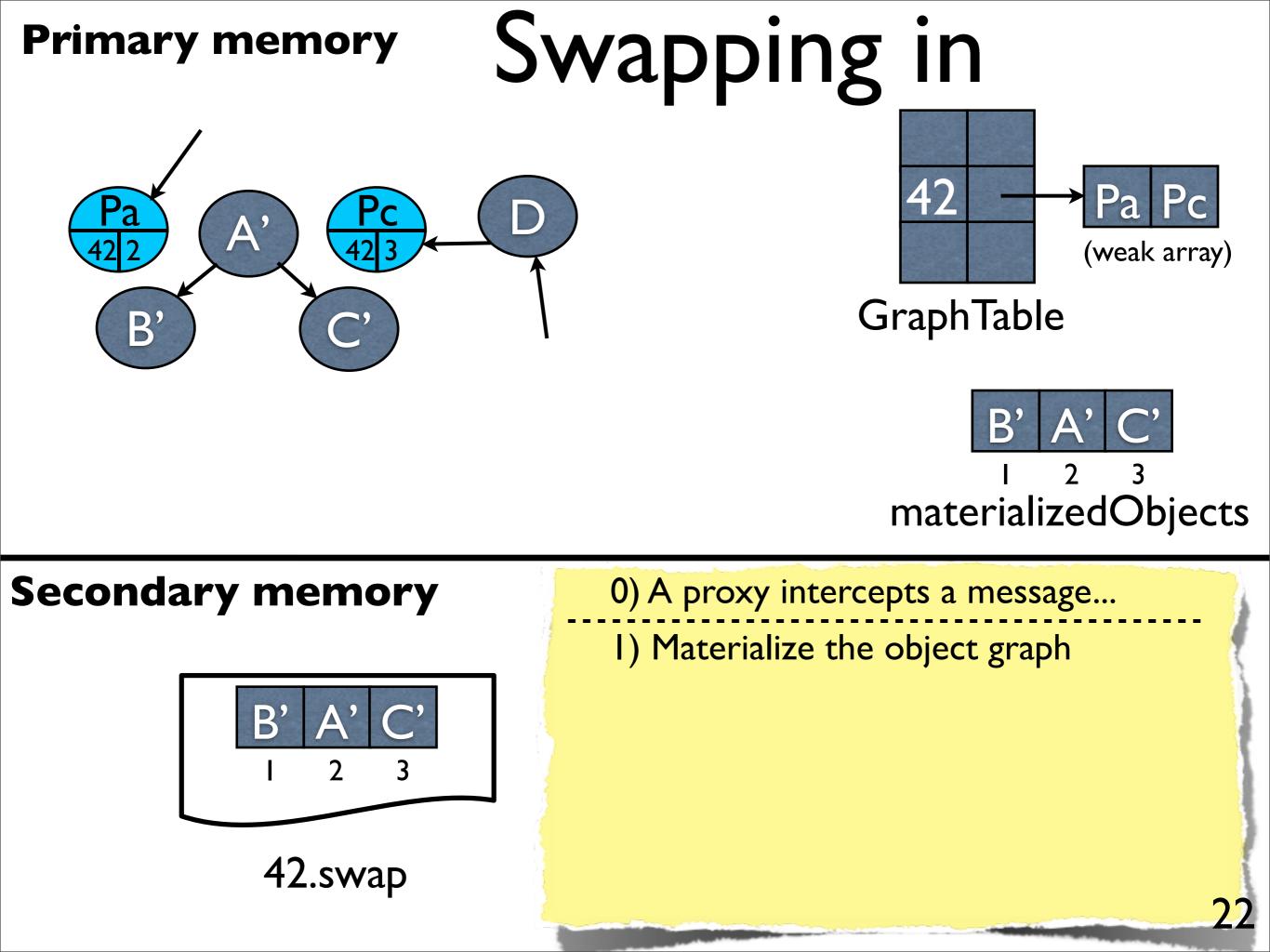


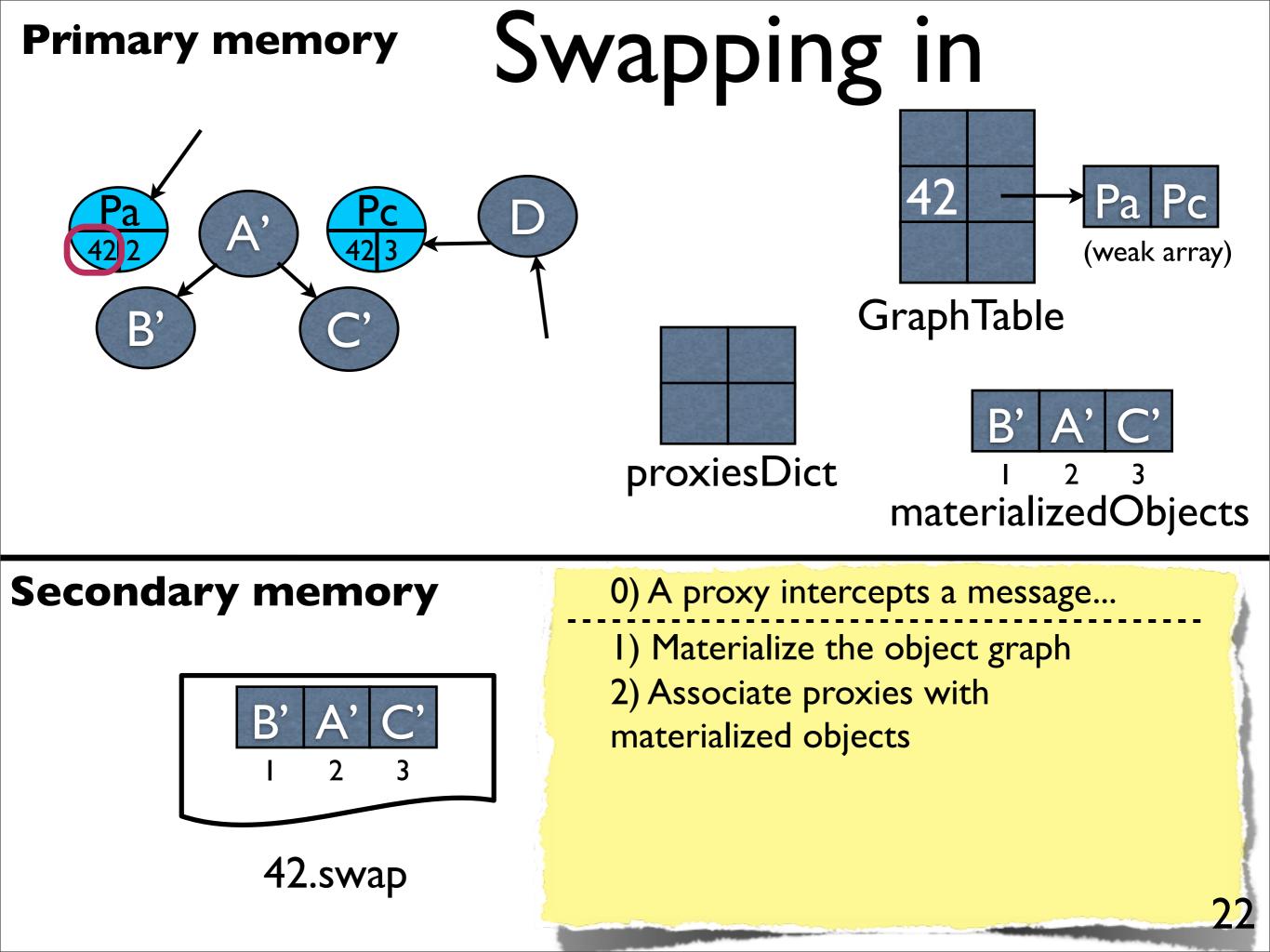
B' A' C' I 2 3

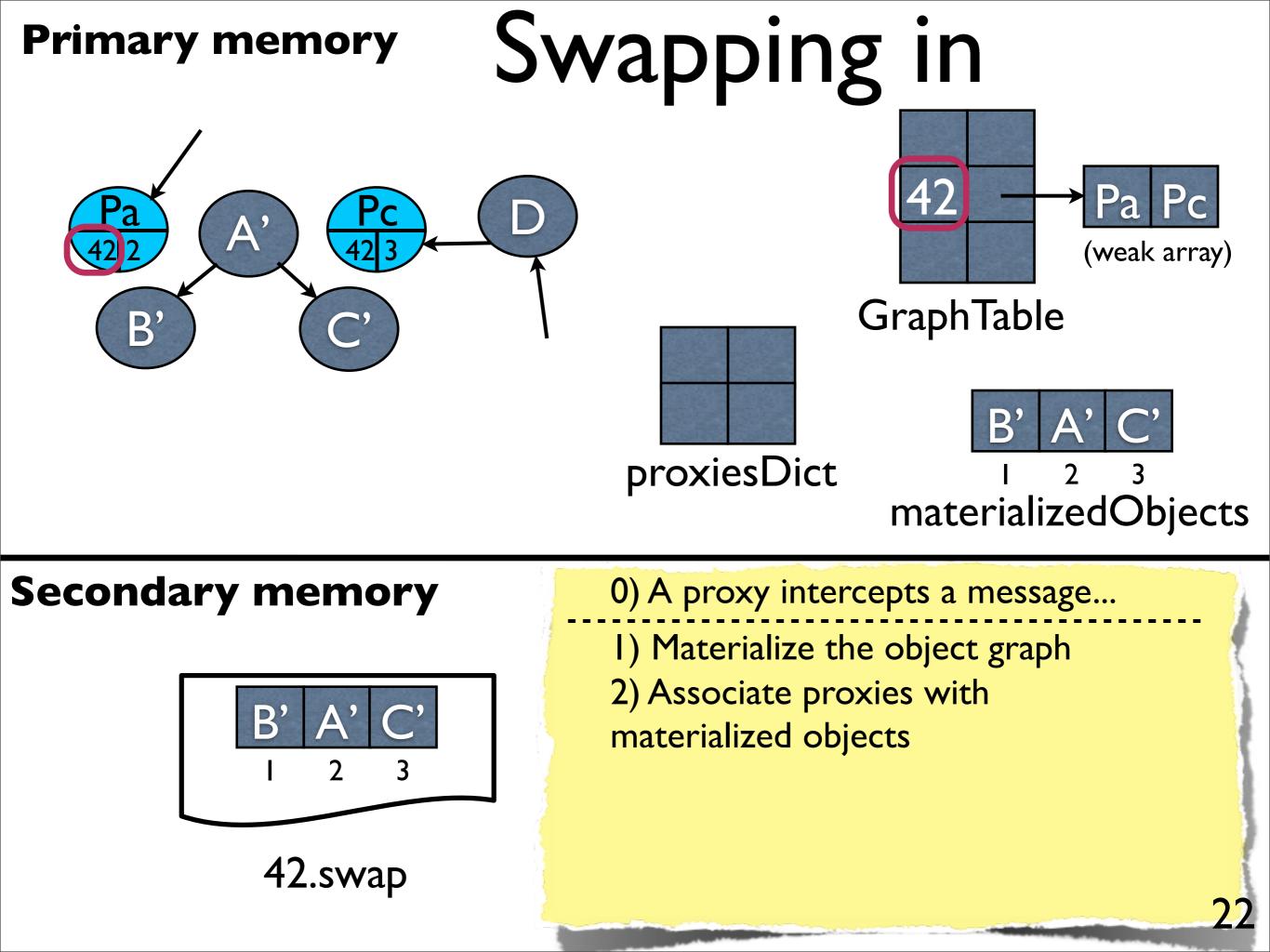
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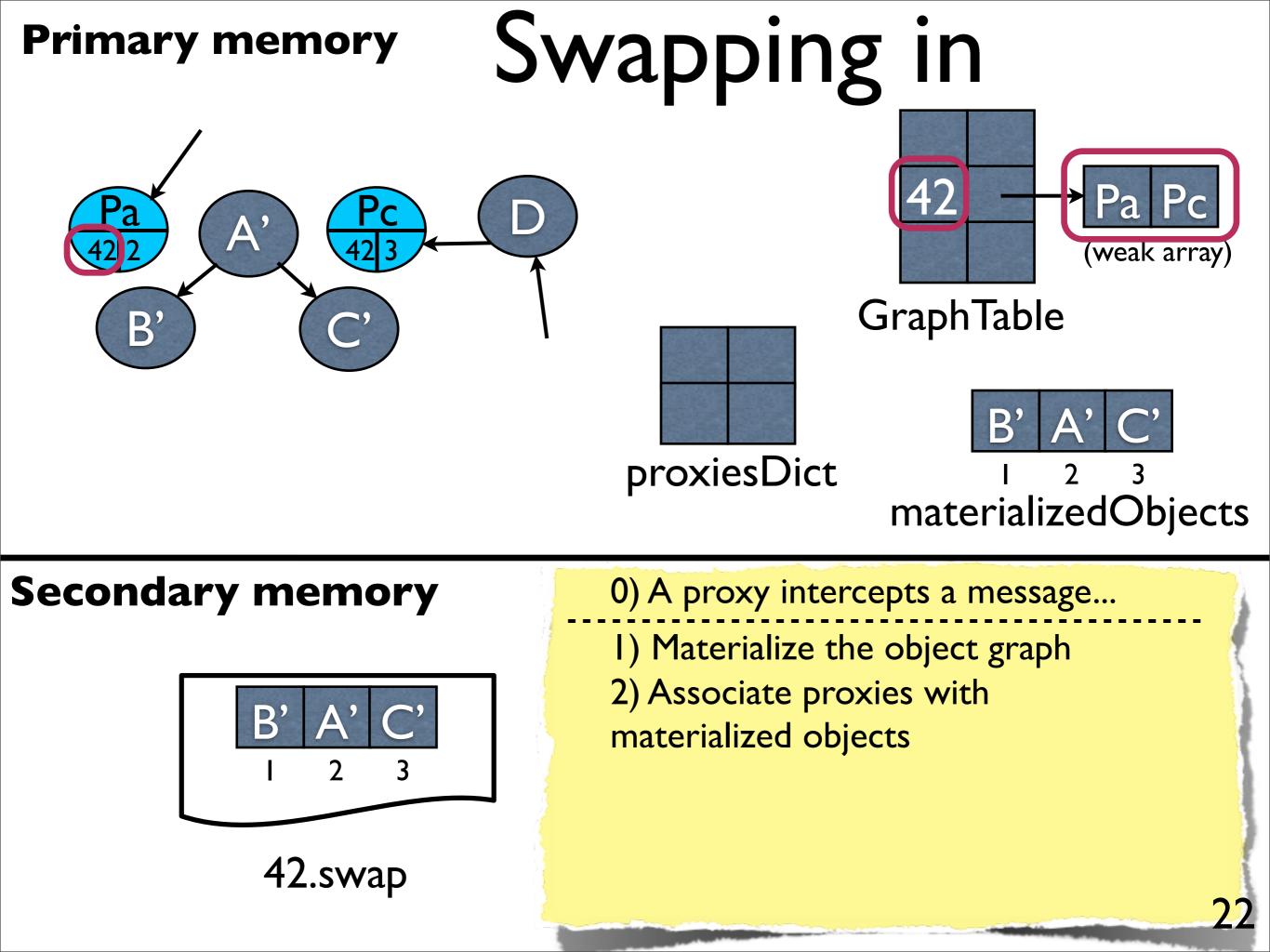
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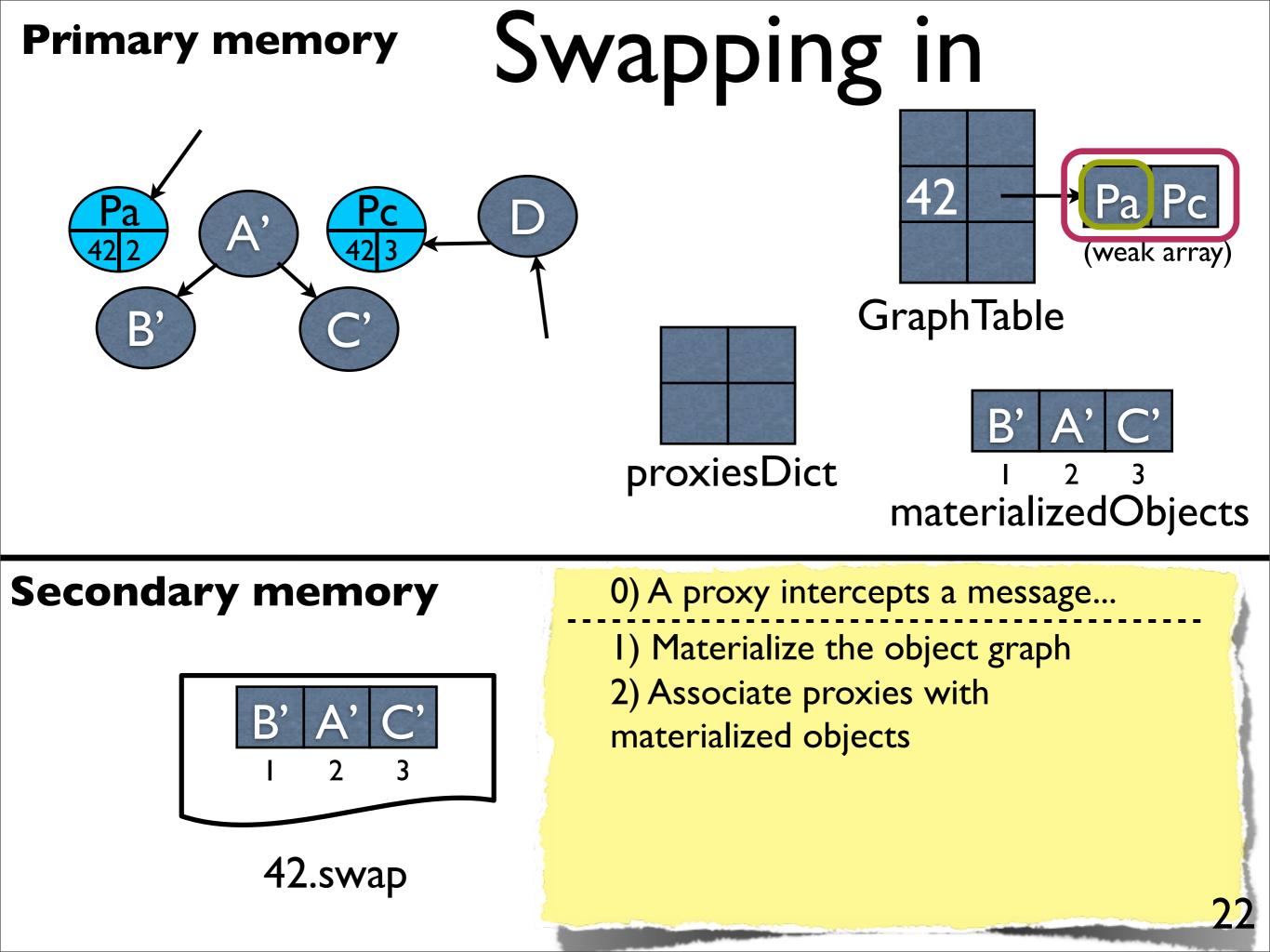
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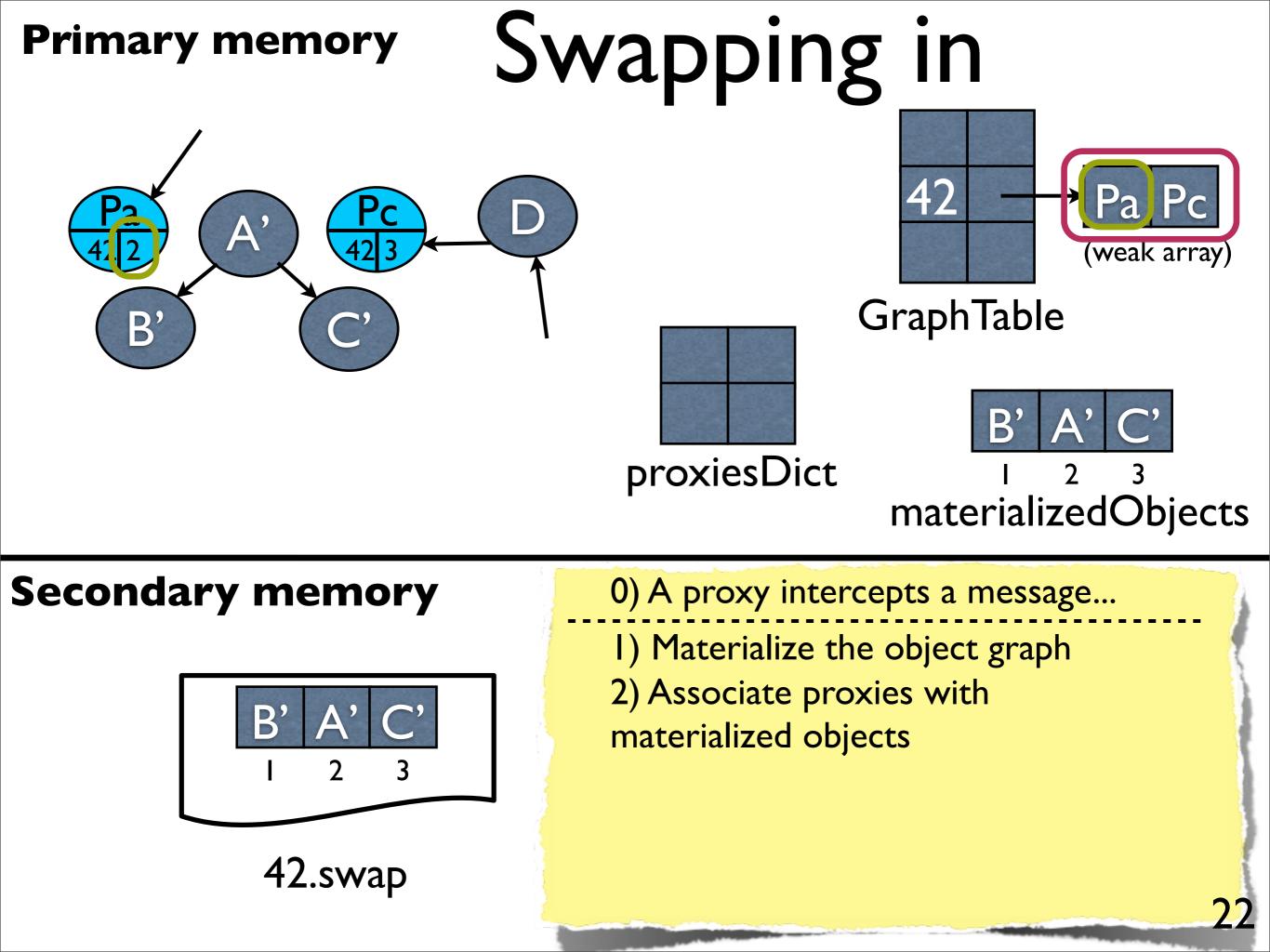


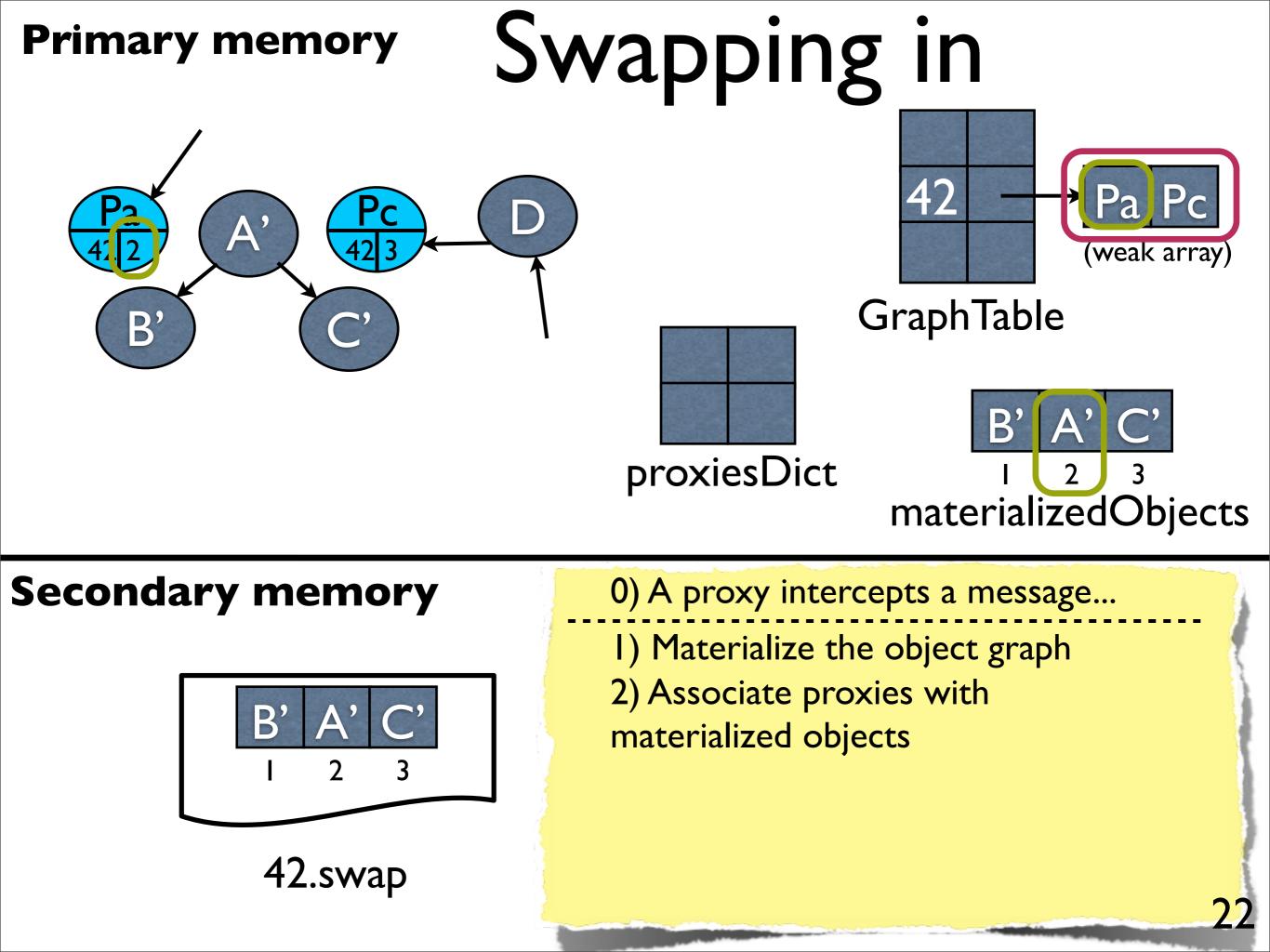


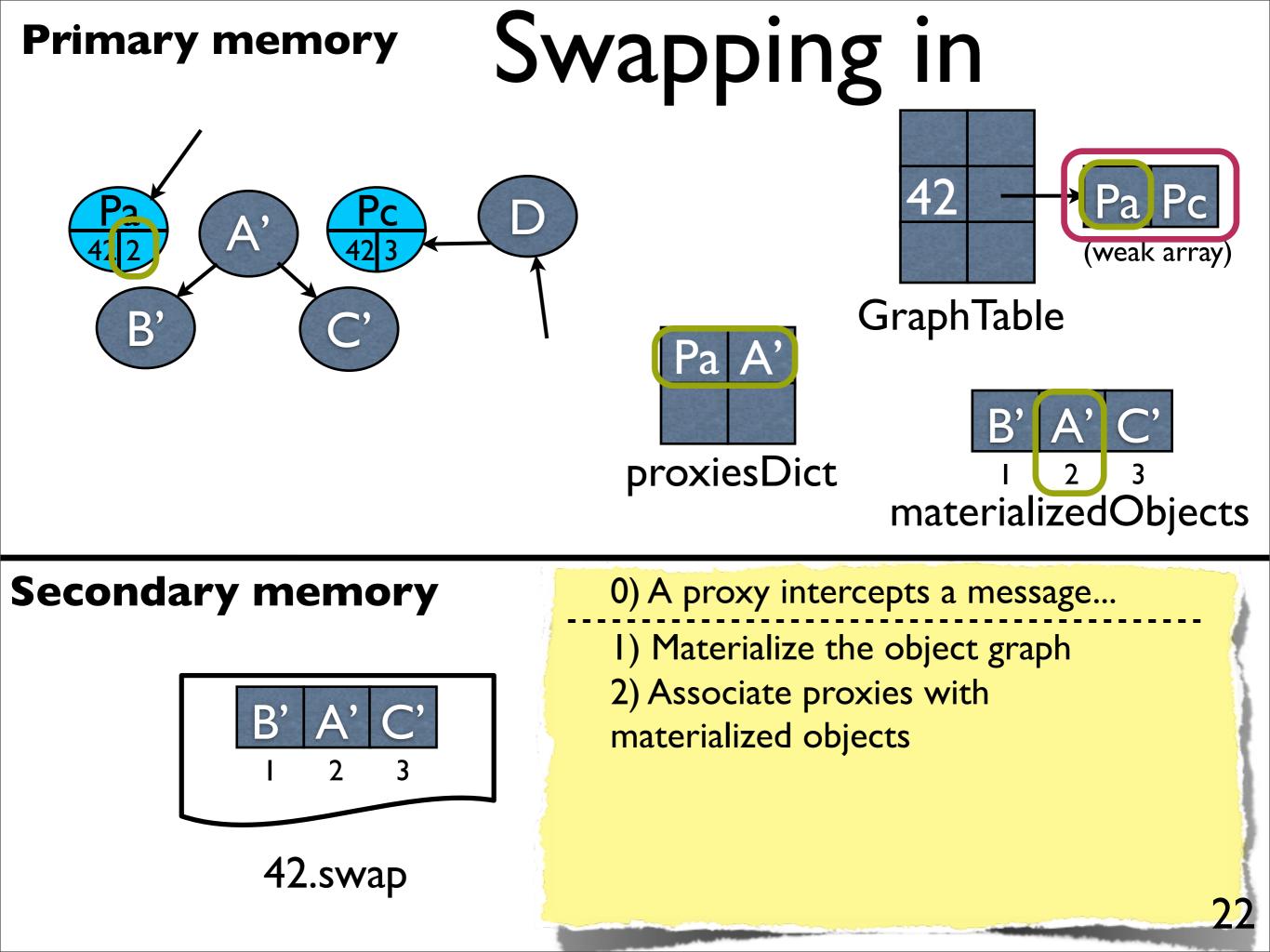


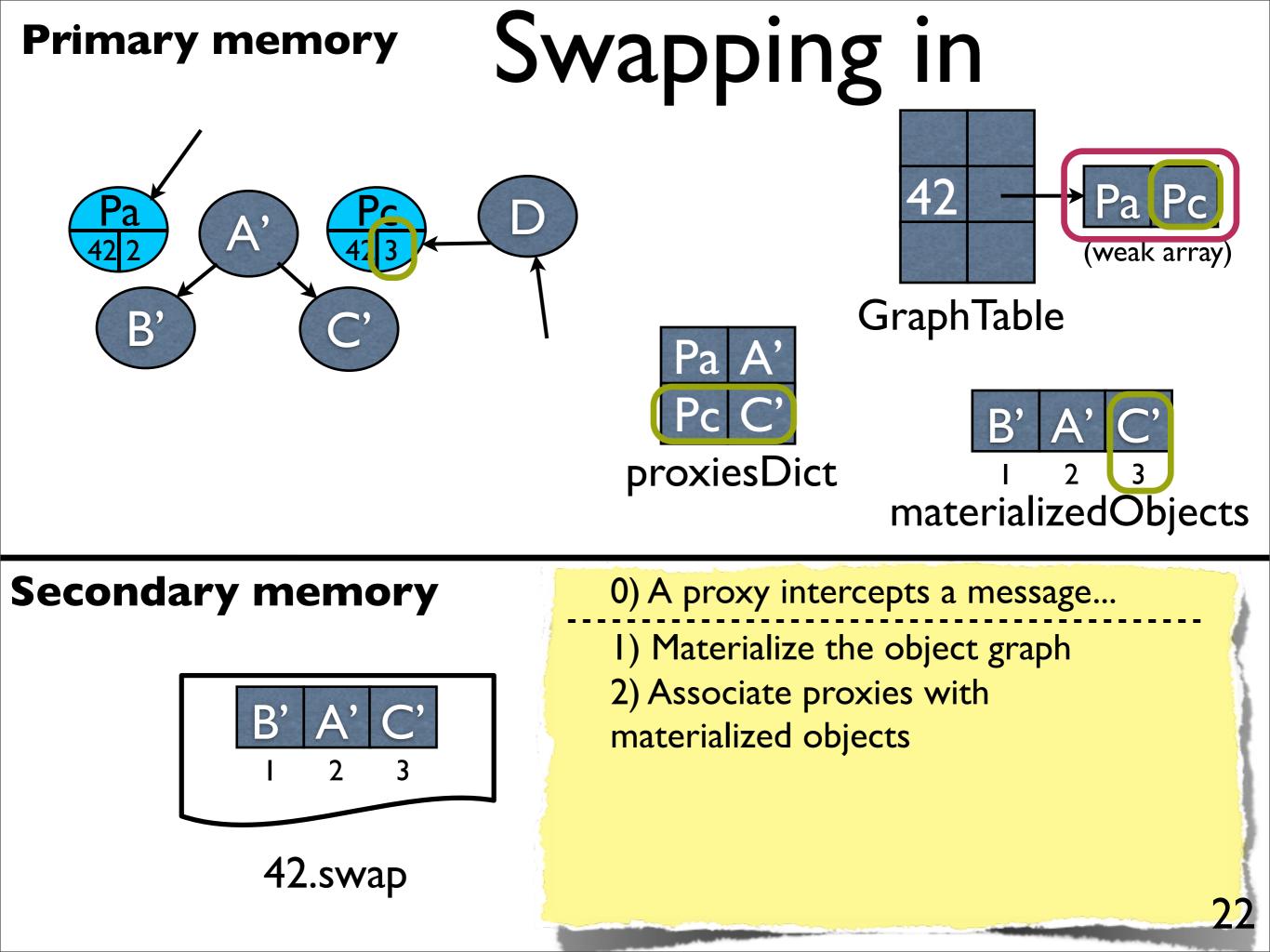


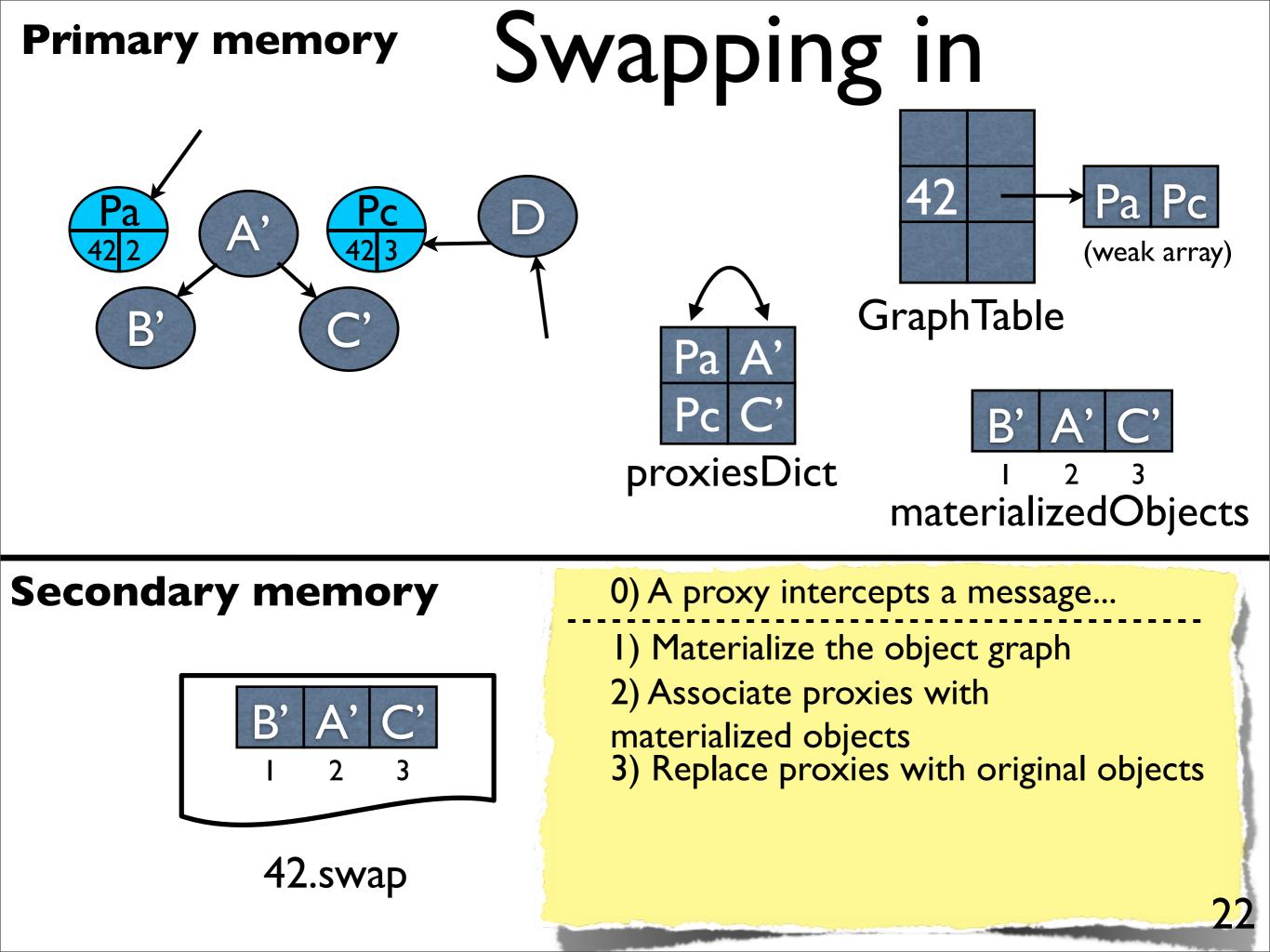


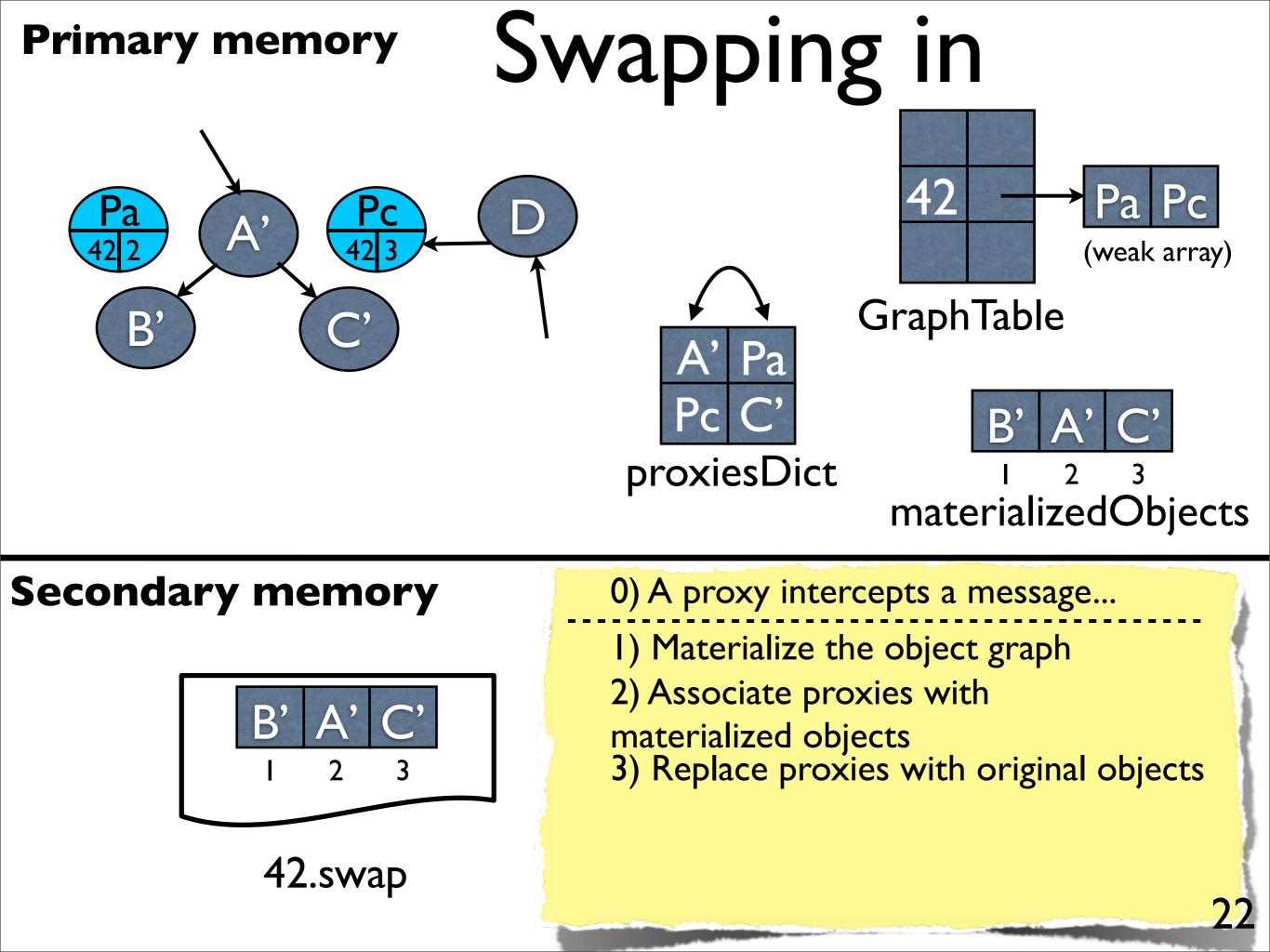


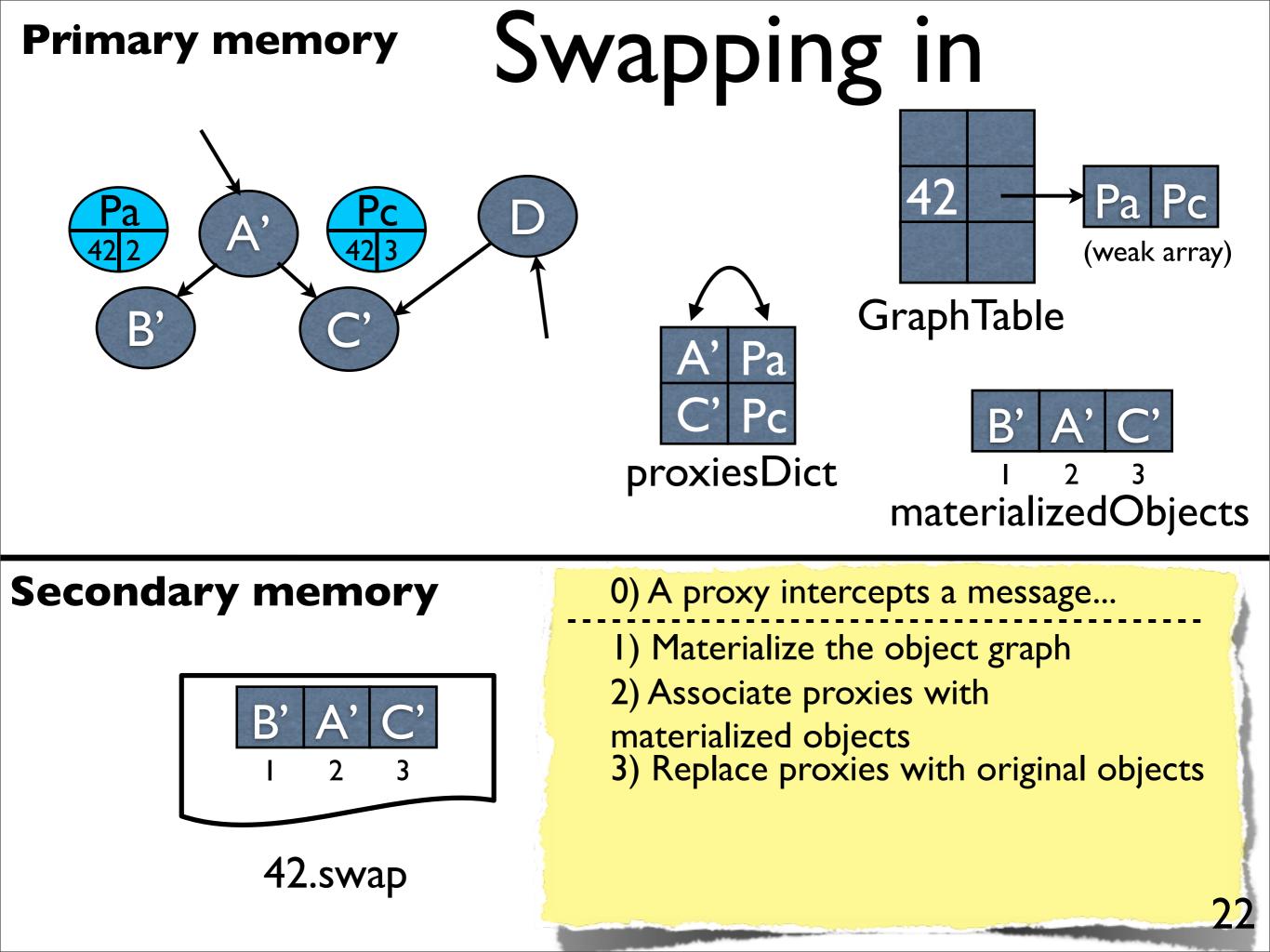


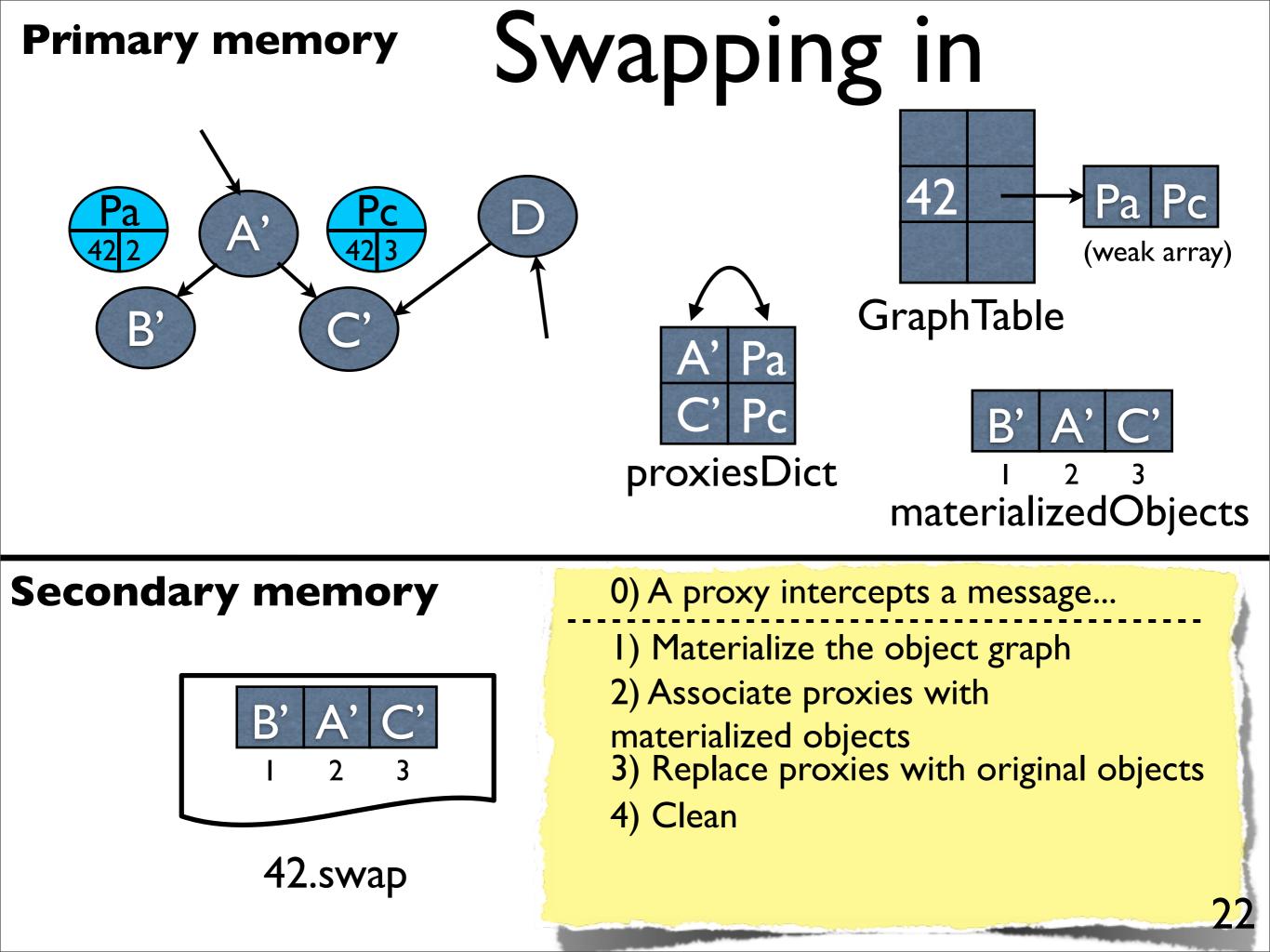












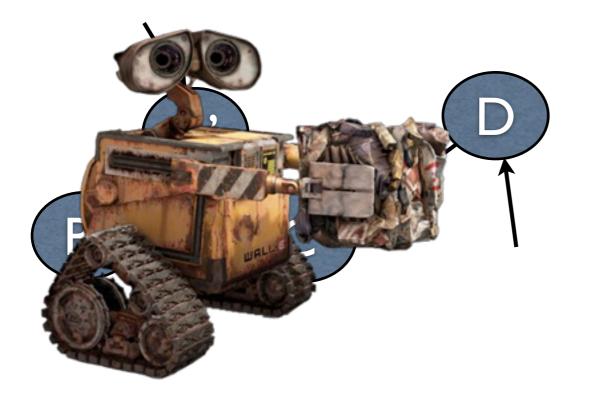
Primary memory Swapping in P_{a} A' P_{c} D F_{a} A' P_{c} D F_{a} A' P_{c} D F_{a} A' F_{c} A' $F_{$

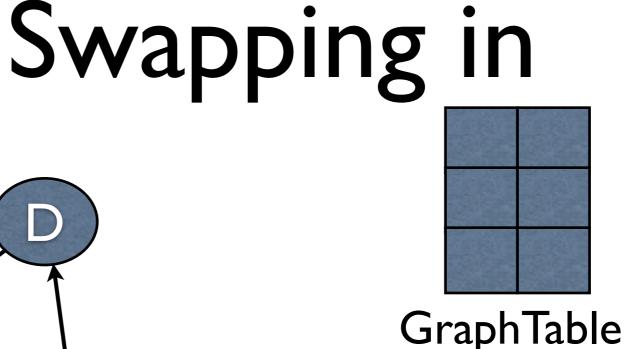
Secondary memory

0) A proxy intercepts a message...

- I) Materialize the object graph
- 2) Associate proxies with
- materialized objects
- 3) Replace proxies with original objects

4) Clean





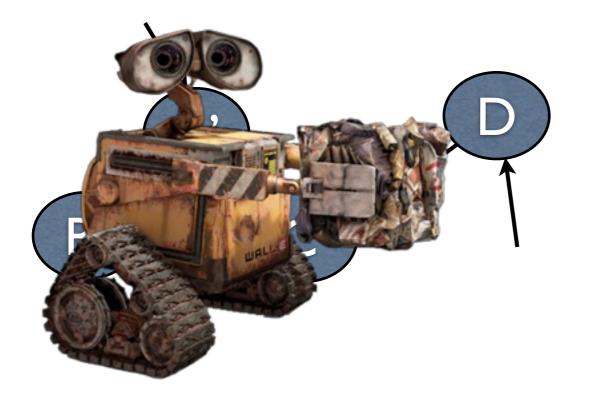
Secondary memory

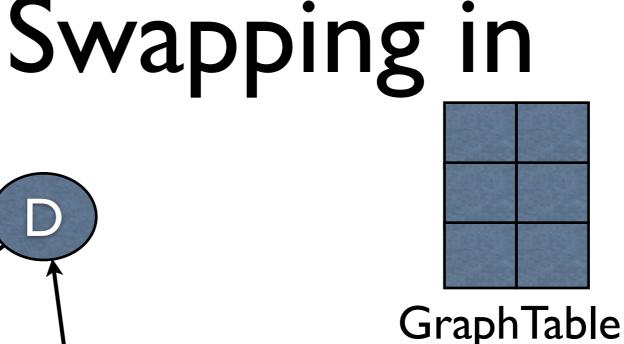
0) A proxy intercepts a message...

- I) Materialize the object graph
- 2) Associate proxies with

materialized objects

- 3) Replace proxies with original objects
- 4) Clean
- 5) GC runs





Secondary memory

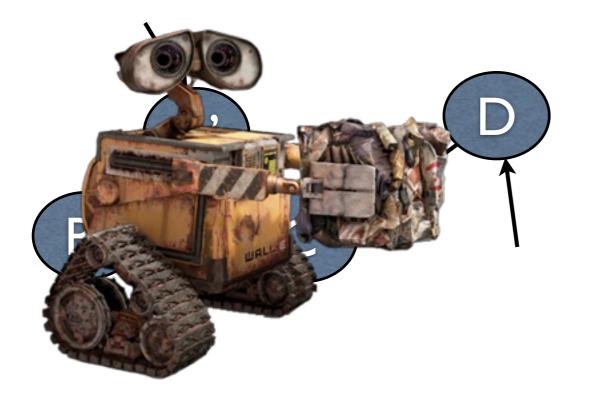
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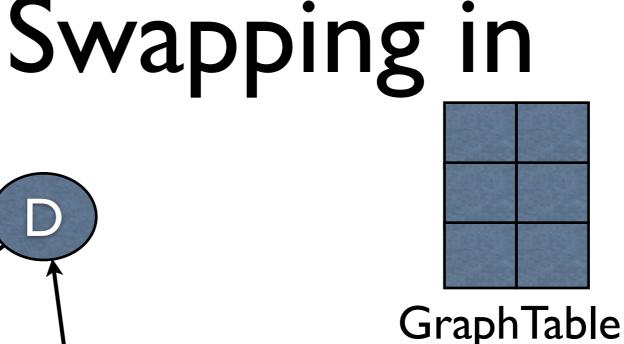
- I) Materialize the object graph
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22

- 4) Clean
- 5) GC runs

6) Forward message to object





Secondary memory

0) A proxy intercepts a message...

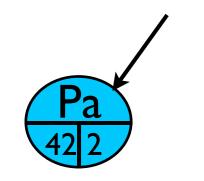
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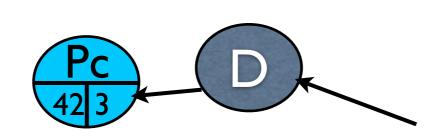
22

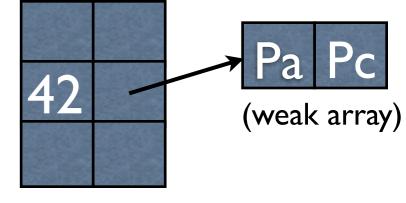
- 4) Clean
- 5) GC runs

6) Forward message to object

Intersections...

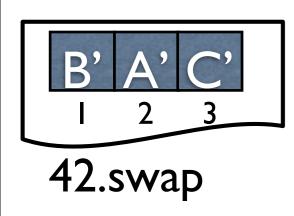






GraphTable

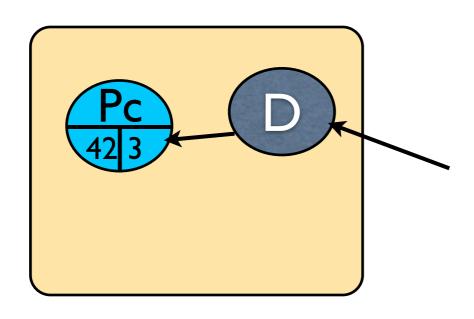
Secondary memory

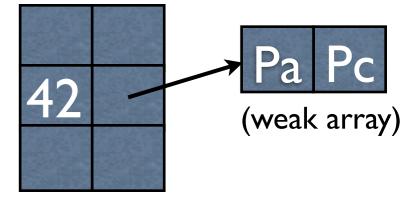




Intersections...

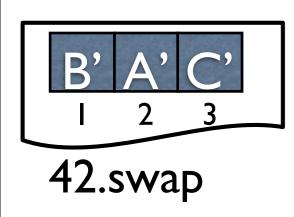
Pa 422



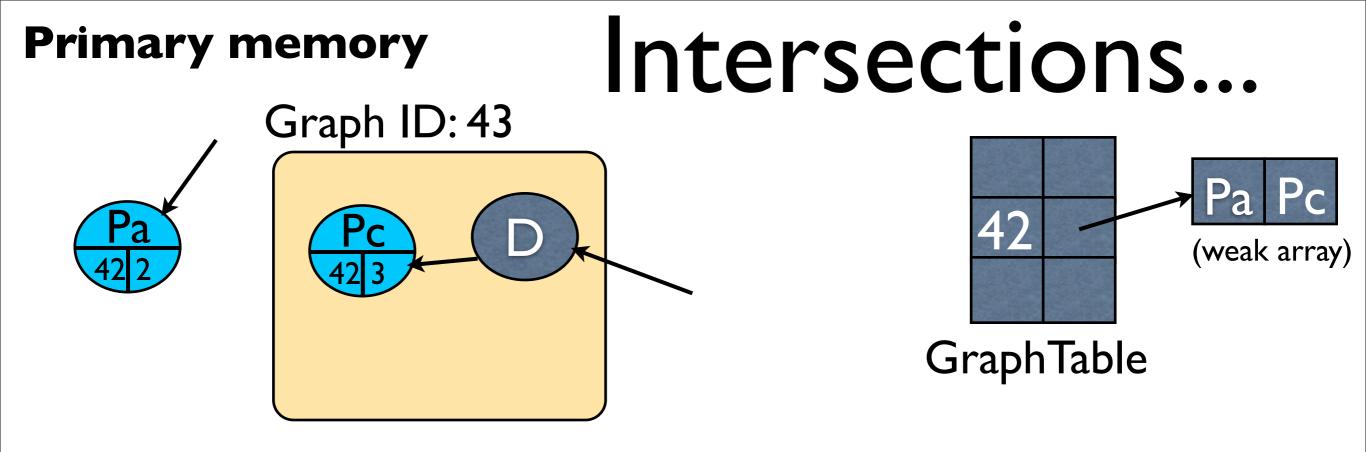


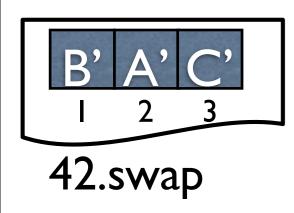
GraphTable

Secondary memory



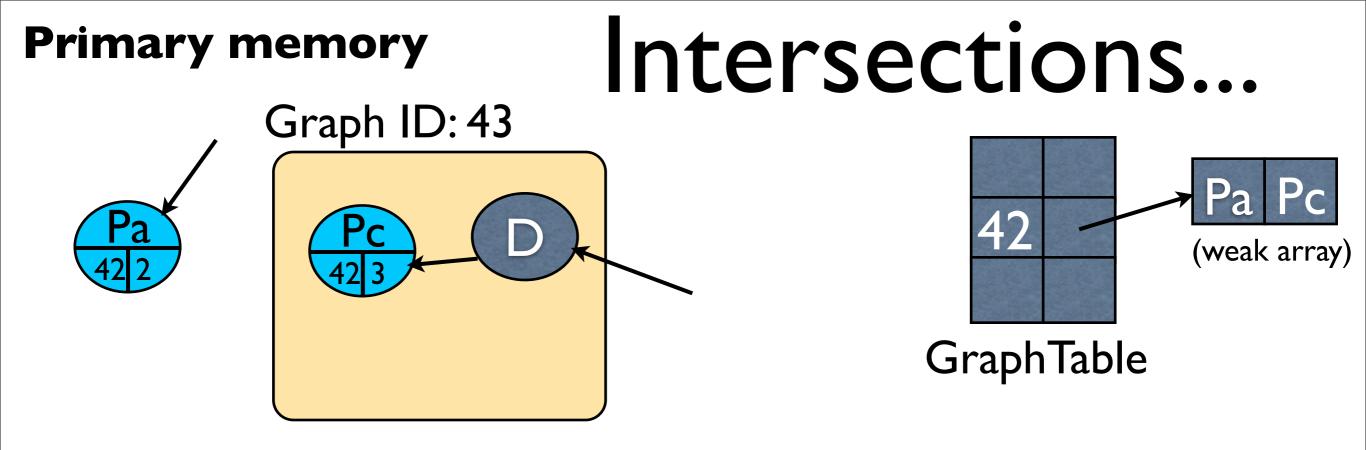


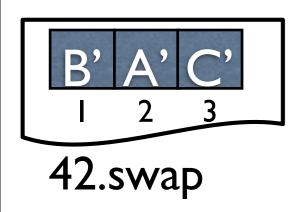




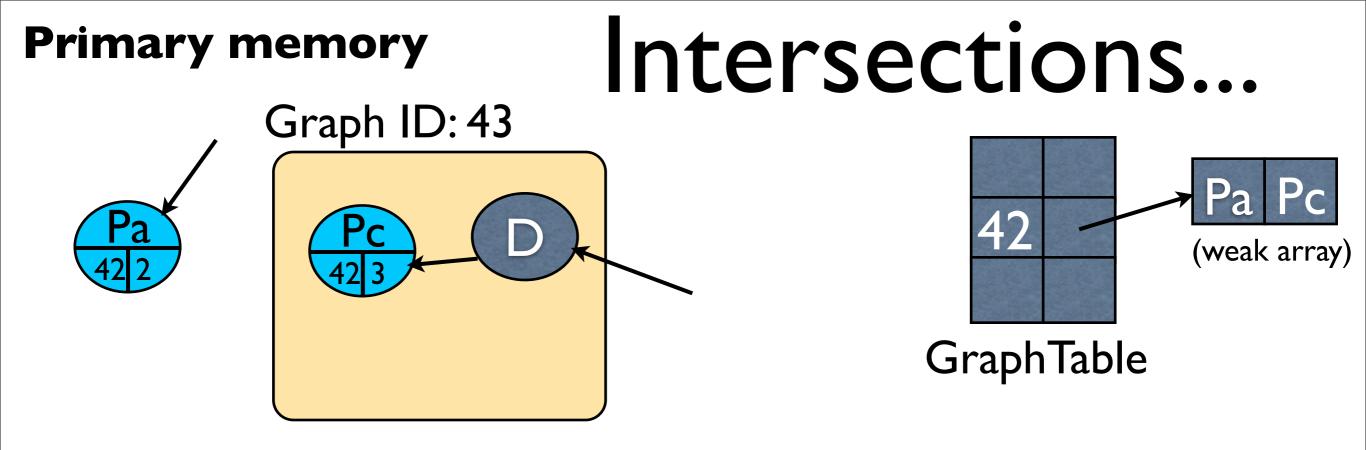
I) Assign graph ID

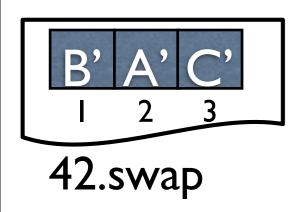




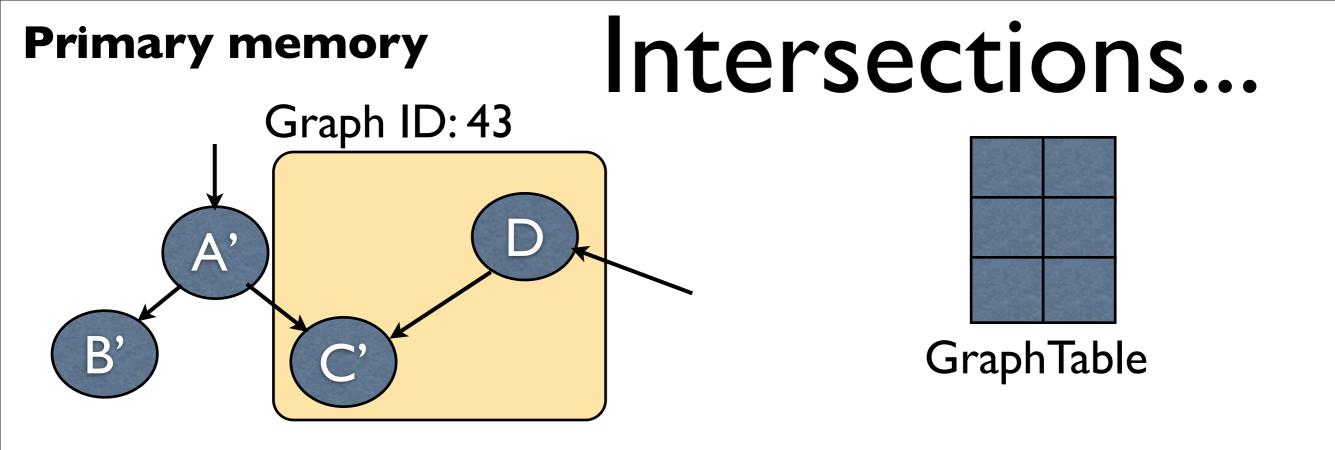


Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph

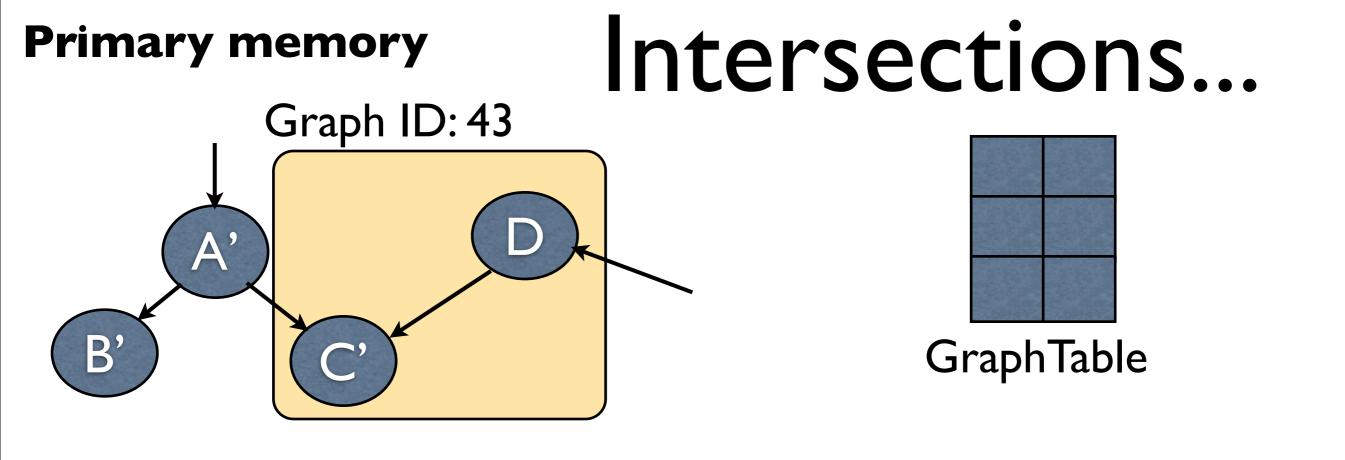




Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph

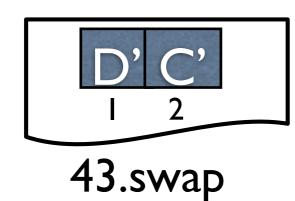


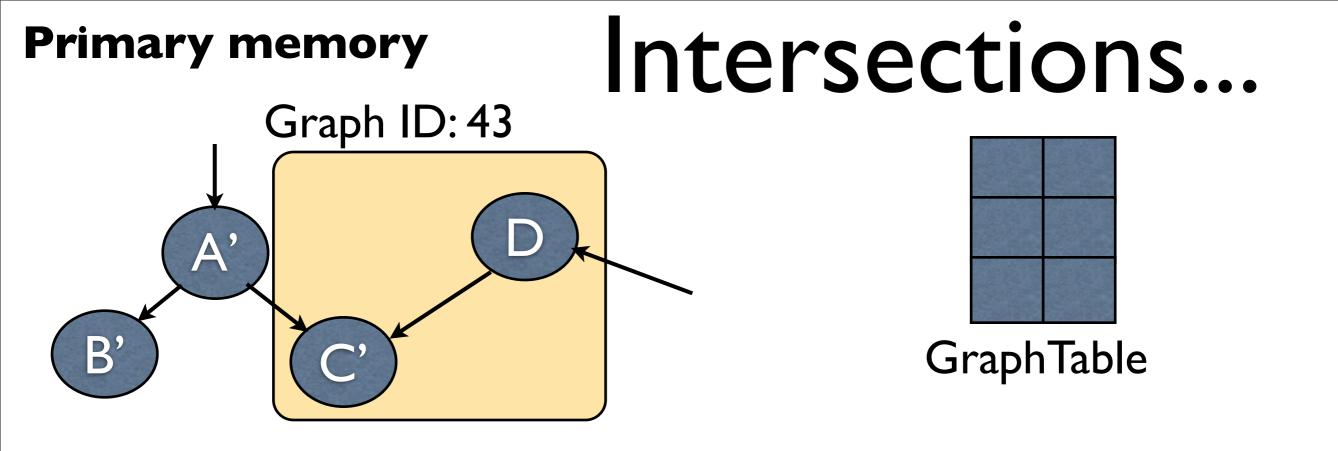
Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph



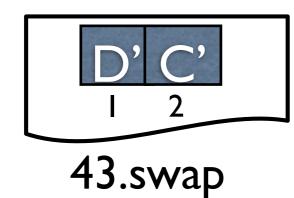
Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph

23

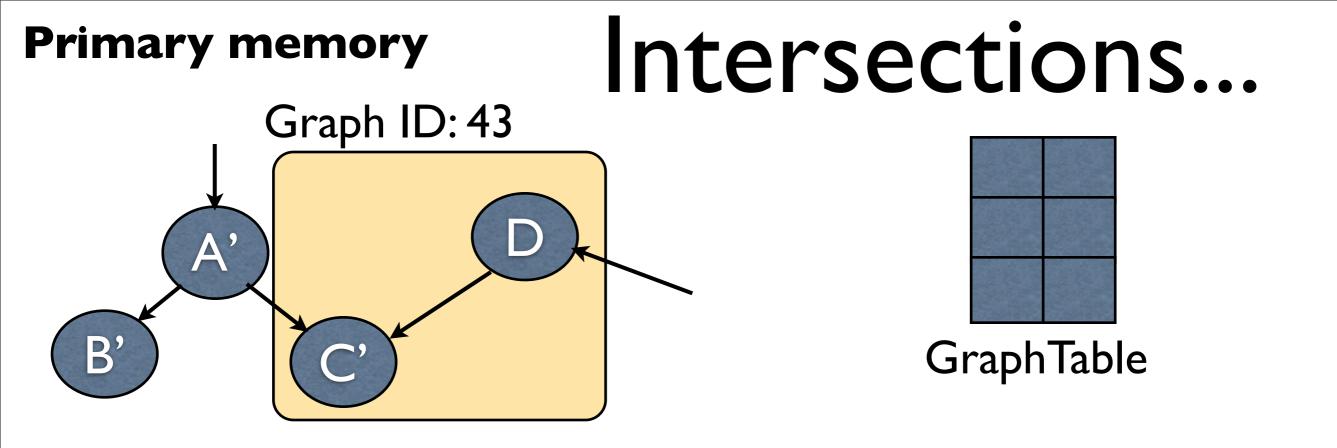




Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph
 as usually...



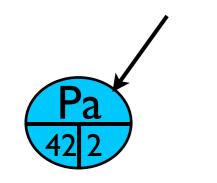
23

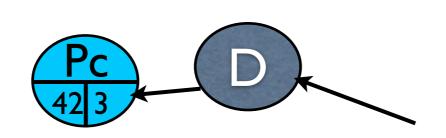


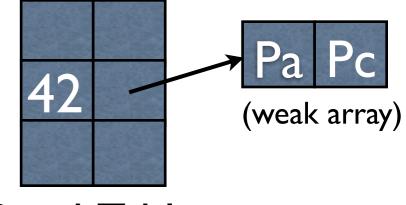
Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph
 as usually...

We don't want to swap in a graph while swapping out another one

Intersections...

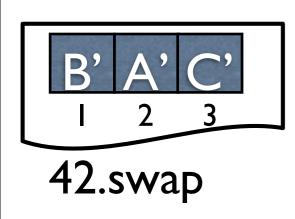


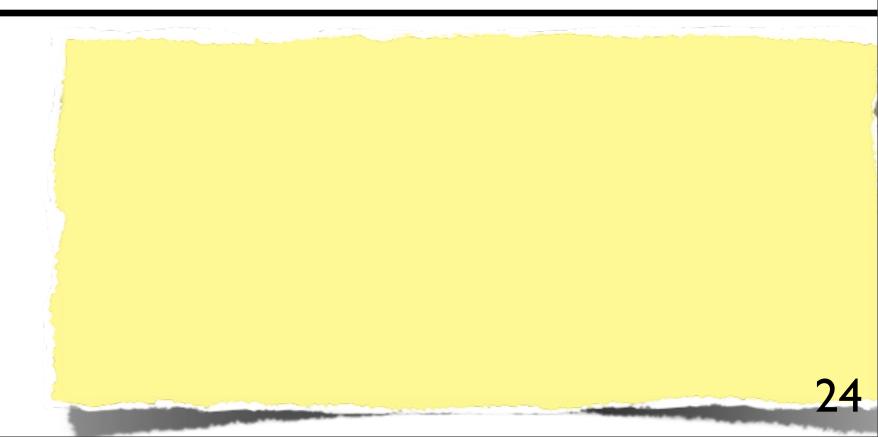




GraphTable

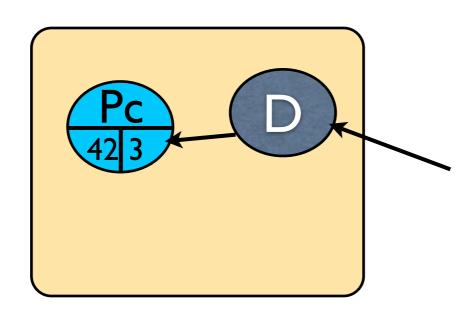
Secondary memory

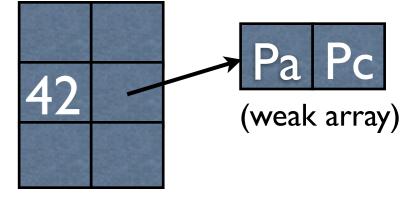




Intersections...

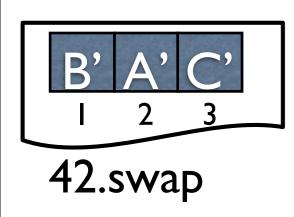
Pa 422

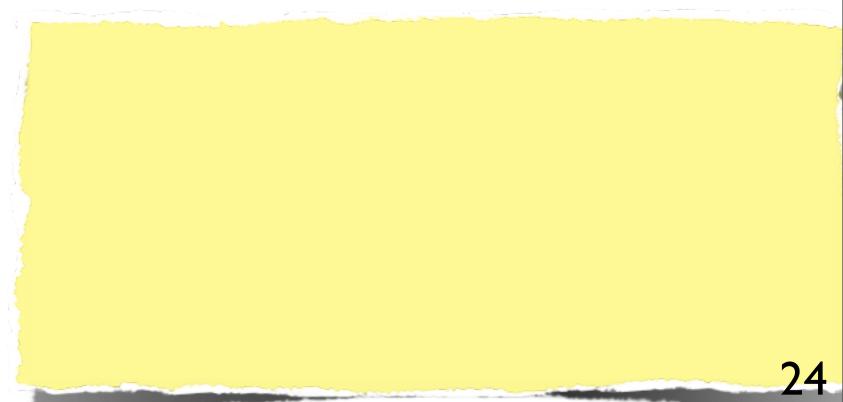


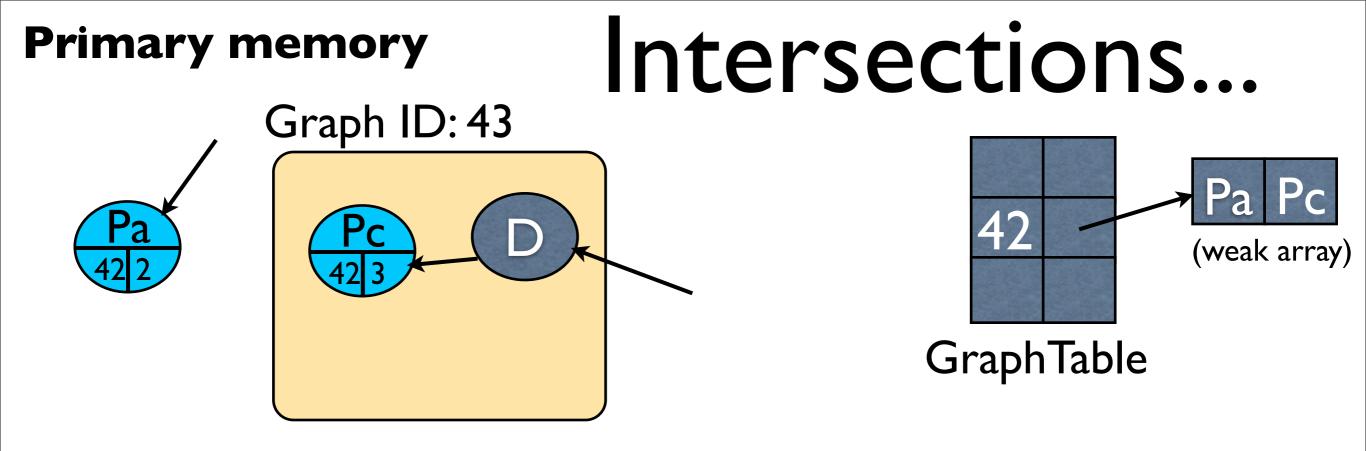


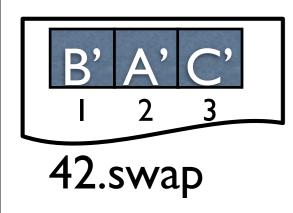
GraphTable

Secondary memory

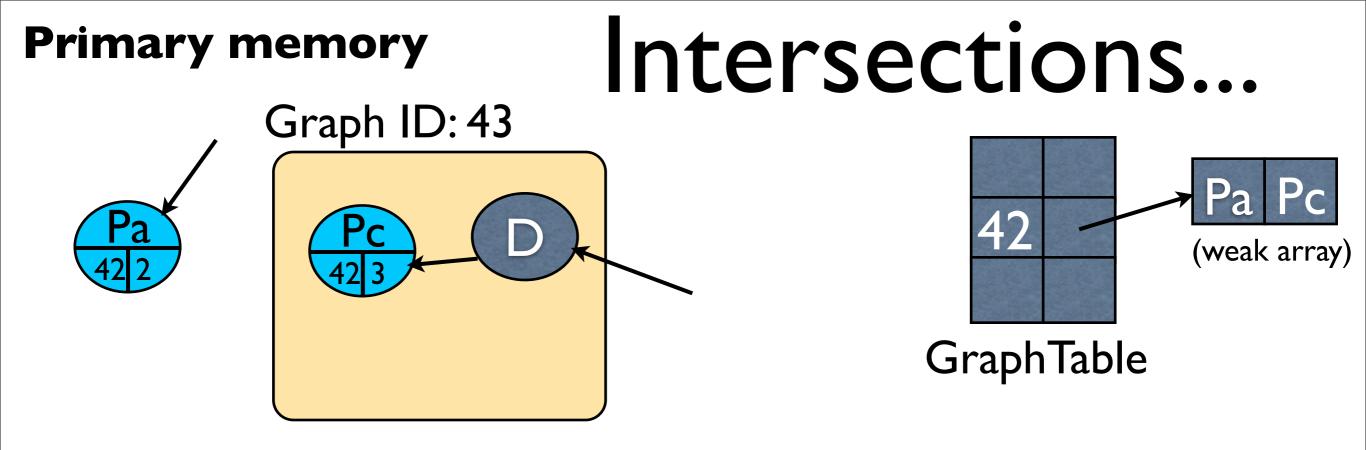


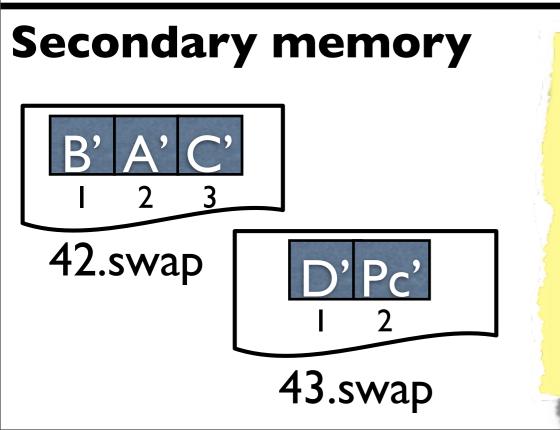






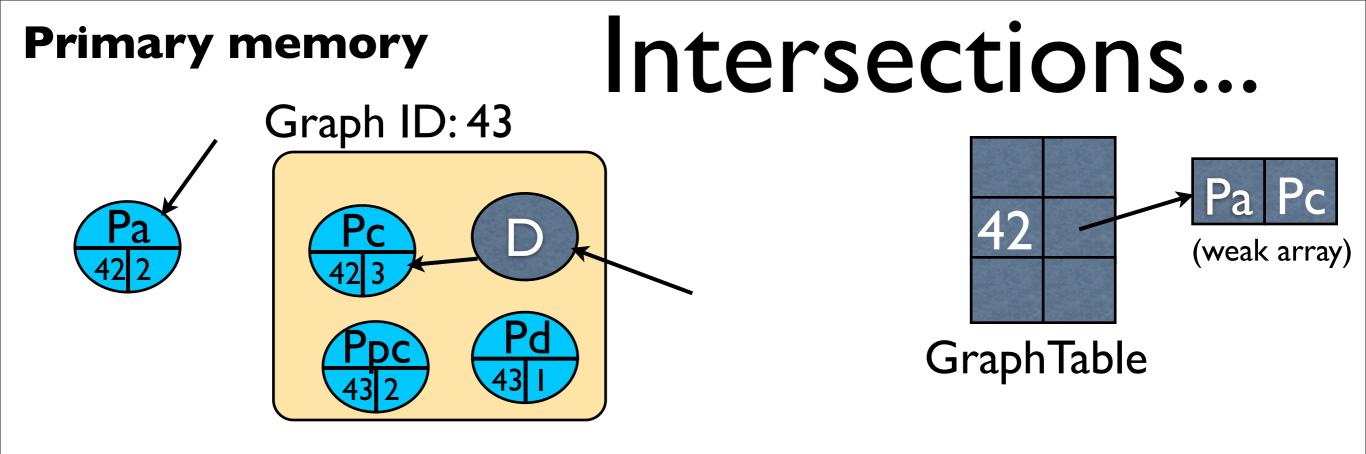




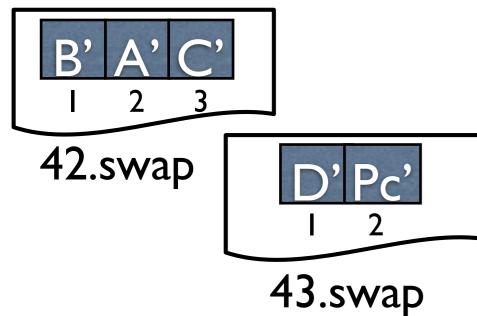


Assign graph ID
 Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)

24



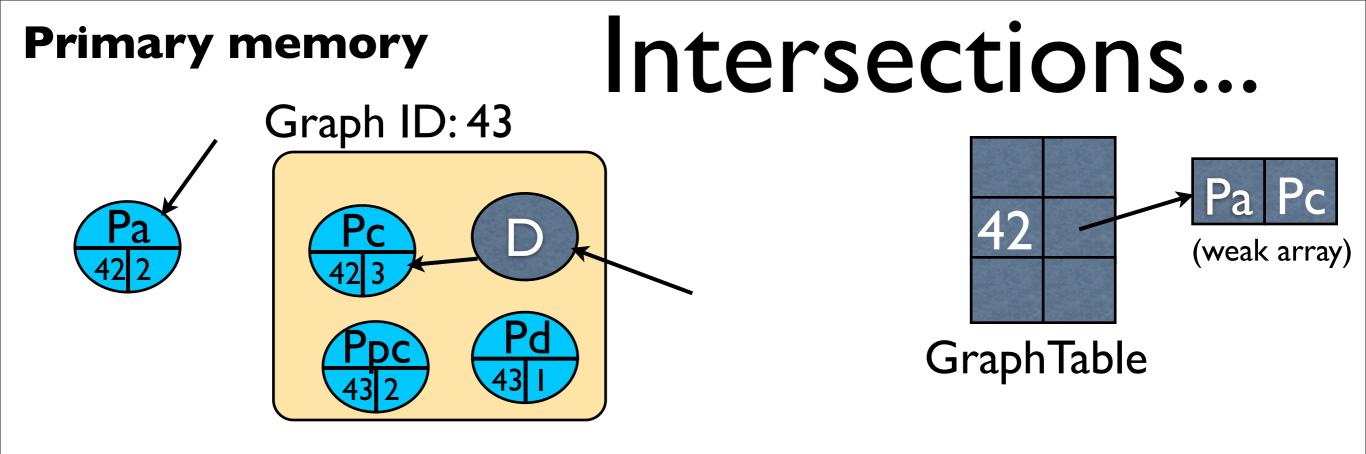


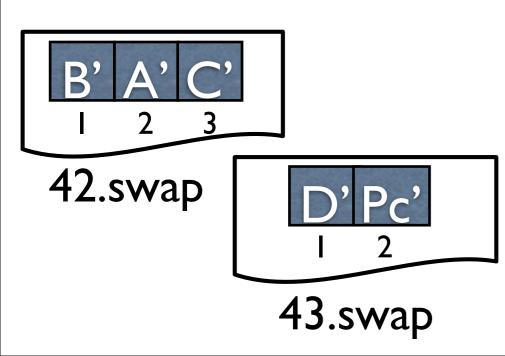


- I) Assign graph ID
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)

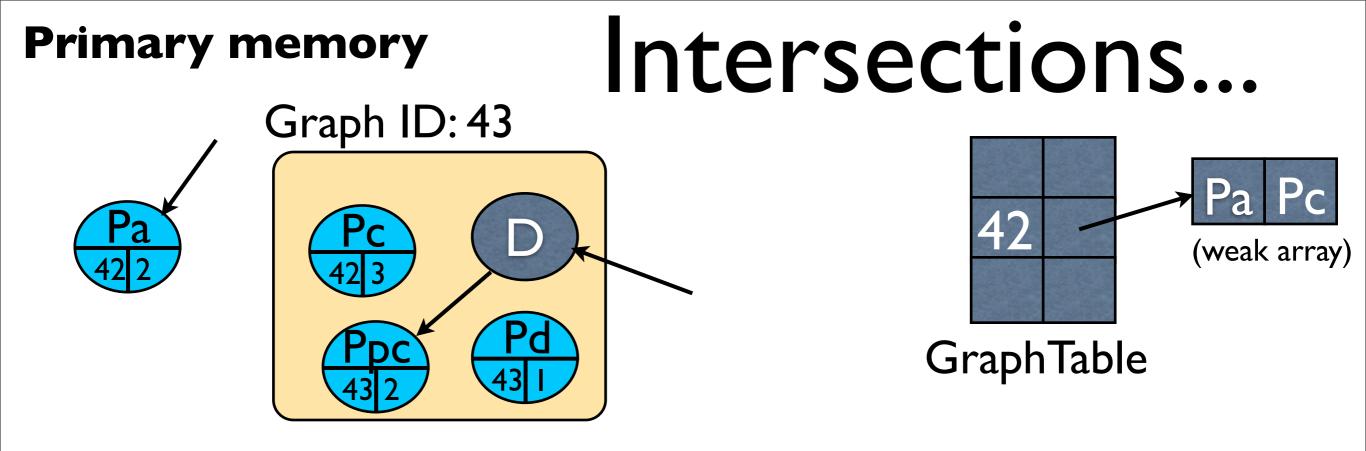
24

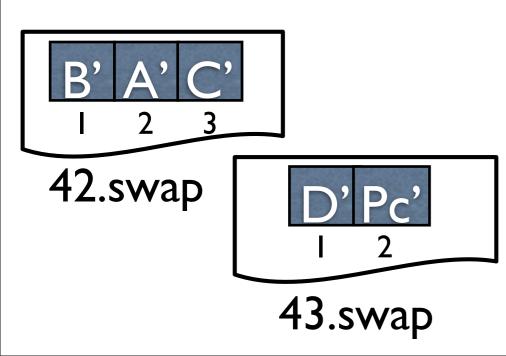
3) Create and associate proxies



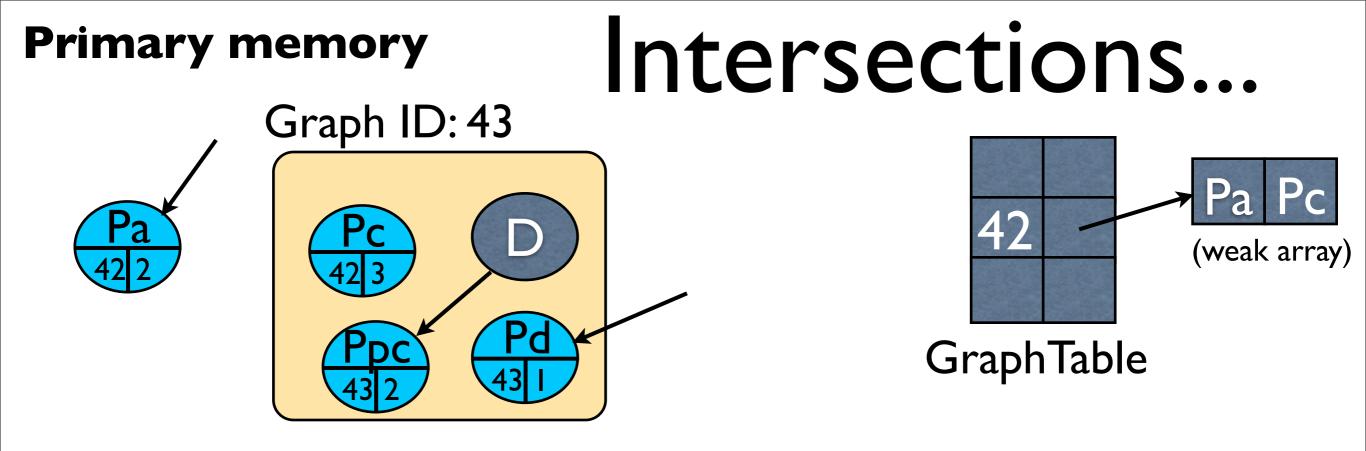


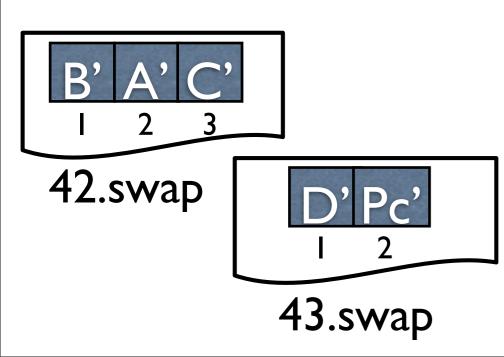
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies



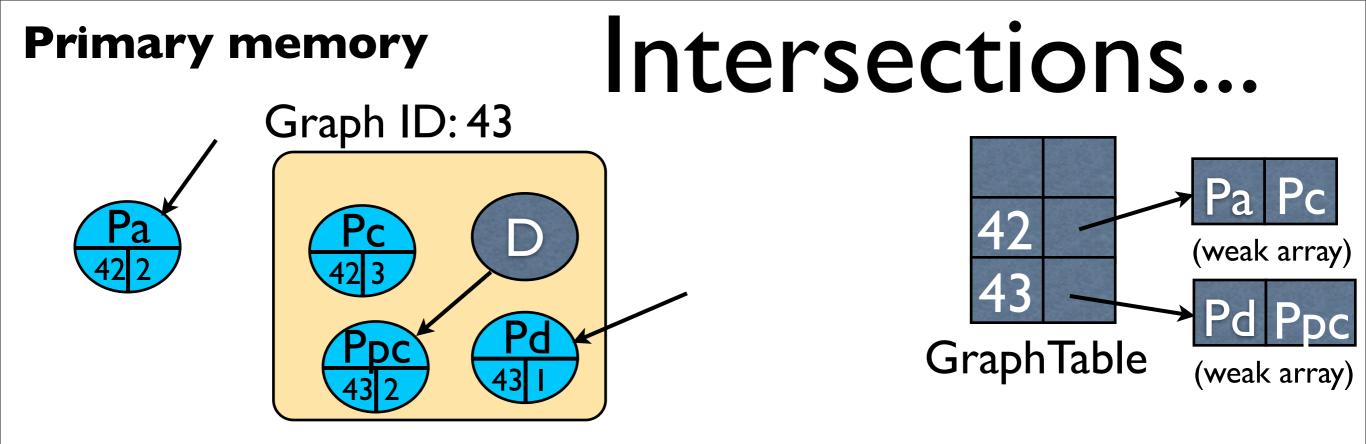


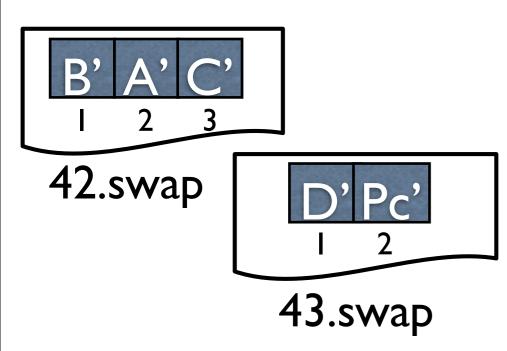
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies



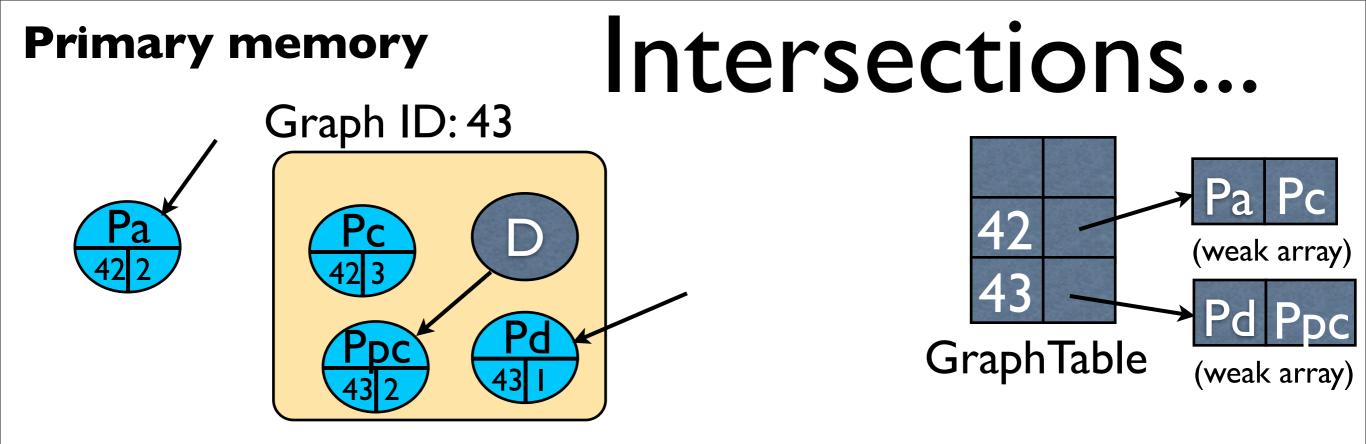


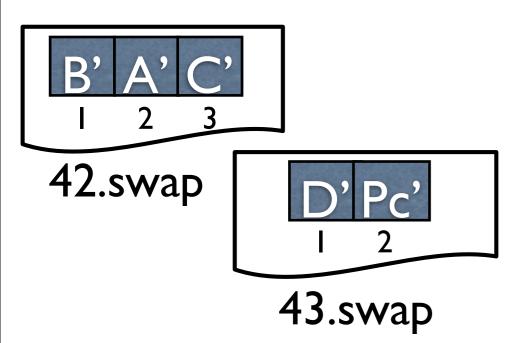
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies





- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable





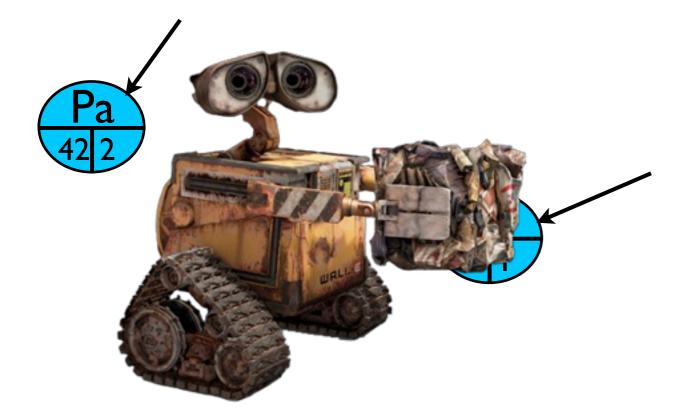
I) Assign graph ID

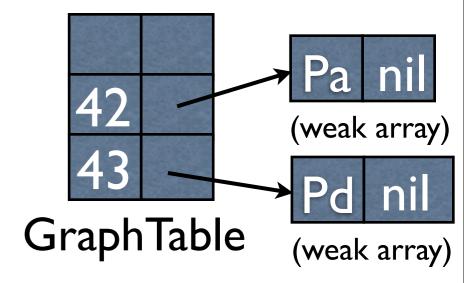
2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)

24

- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs

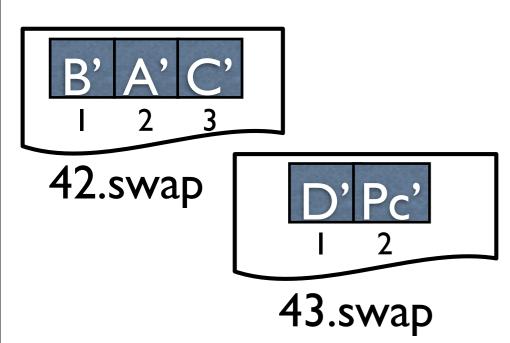
Intersections...





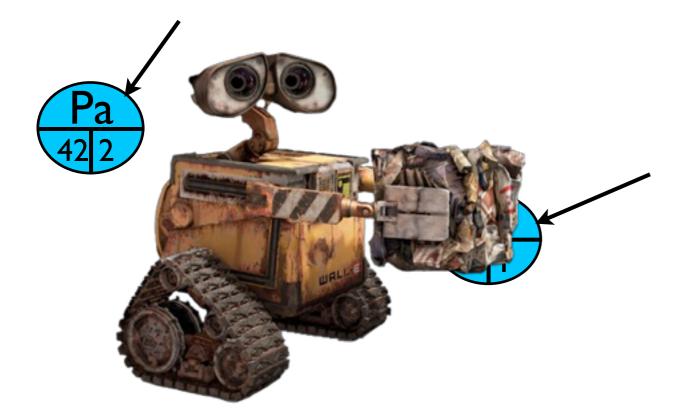
74

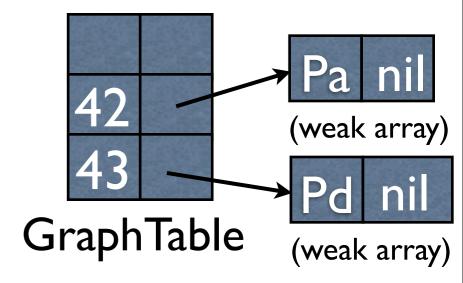
Secondary memory



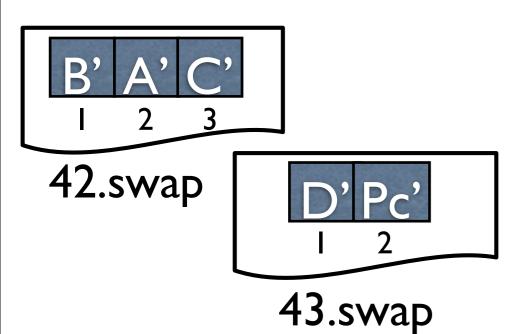
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs

Intersections...



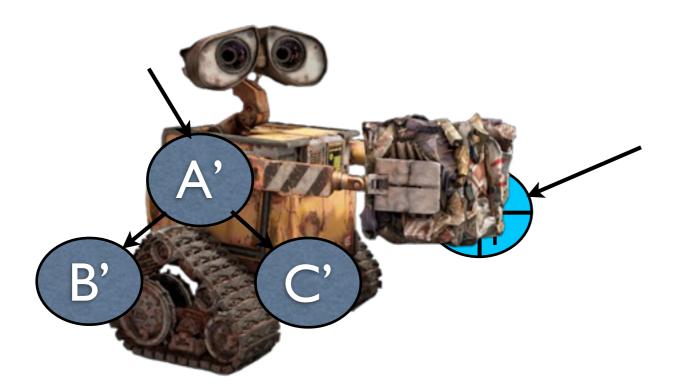


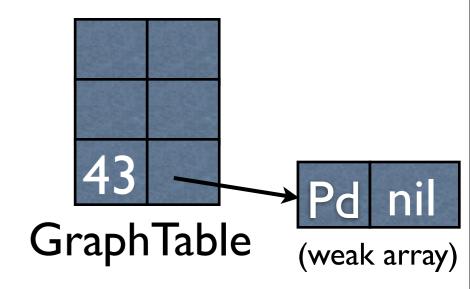
Secondary memory



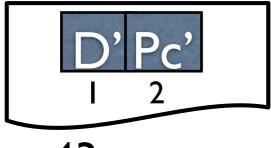
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42

Intersections...





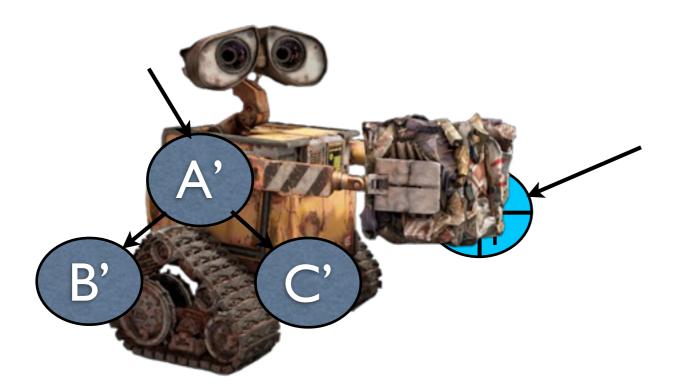
Secondary memory

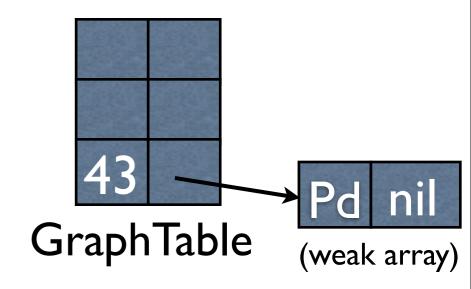


43.swap

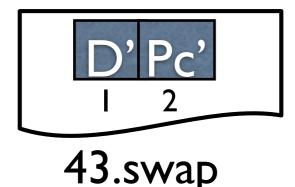
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42

Intersections...



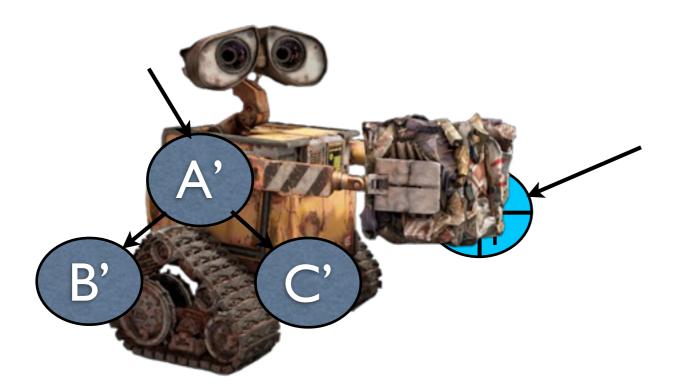


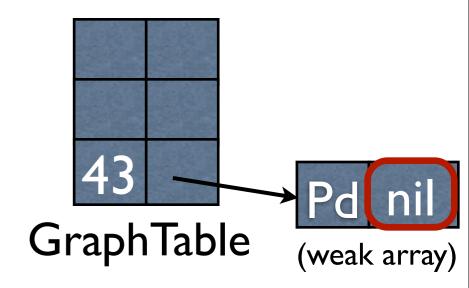
Secondary memory



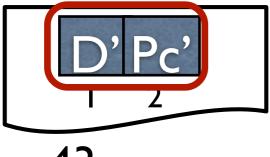
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42
- 8) Swap in graph 43...

Intersections...





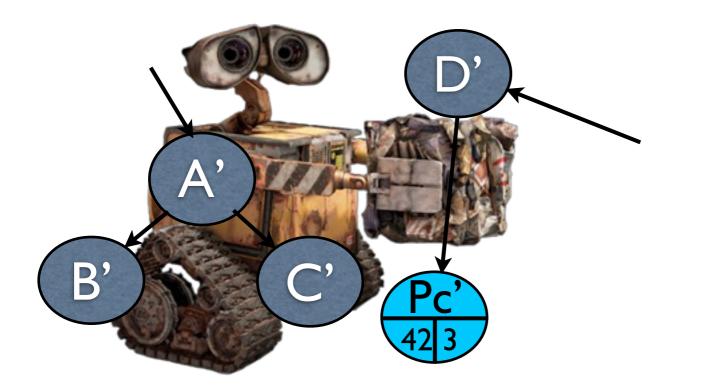
Secondary memory

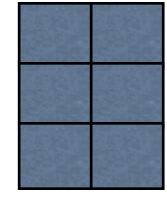


43.swap

- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42
- 8) Swap in graph 43...

Intersections...





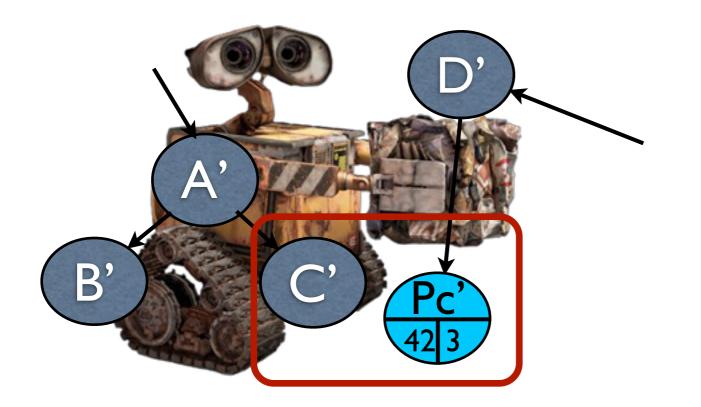
GraphTable

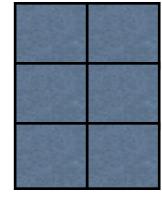
Secondary memory

- I) Assign graph ID
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42
- 8) Swap in graph 43...

Primary memory Inter

Intersections...



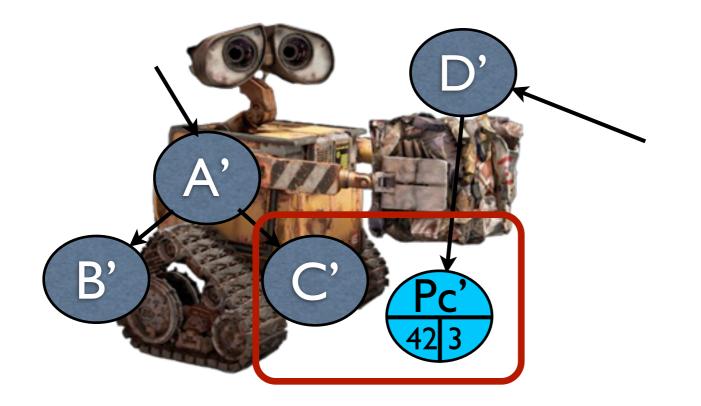


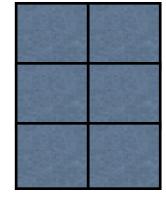
GraphTable

Secondary memory

- I) Assign graph ID
- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies
- 5) Update GraphTable
- 6) GC runs
- 7) Swap in graph 42
- 8) Swap in graph 43...

Primary memory Intersections...





GraphTable

Secondary memory

I) Assign graph ID

- 2) Serialize the object graph (customize serializer)
- 3) Create and associate proxies
- 4) Replace original objects with proxies

INCORRECT!!!

Graph intersections

- Avoiding proxies for proxies (Ppc) does not solve the problem either.
- Several scenarios for swapping in swapped intersecting graphs.

Graph intersections

- Avoiding proxies for proxies (Ppc) does not solve the problem either.
- Several scenarios for swapping in swapped intersecting graphs.

Marea solves all these scenarios and challenges.

Outline

I. Context, problem and introduction.

2. My proposal.

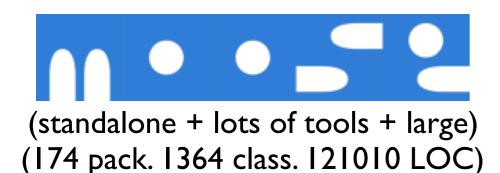
- 3. Validation.
- 4. Related work.
- 5. Implementation.
- 6. Conclusion and future work

Outline

- I. Context, problem and introduction.
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Experiment







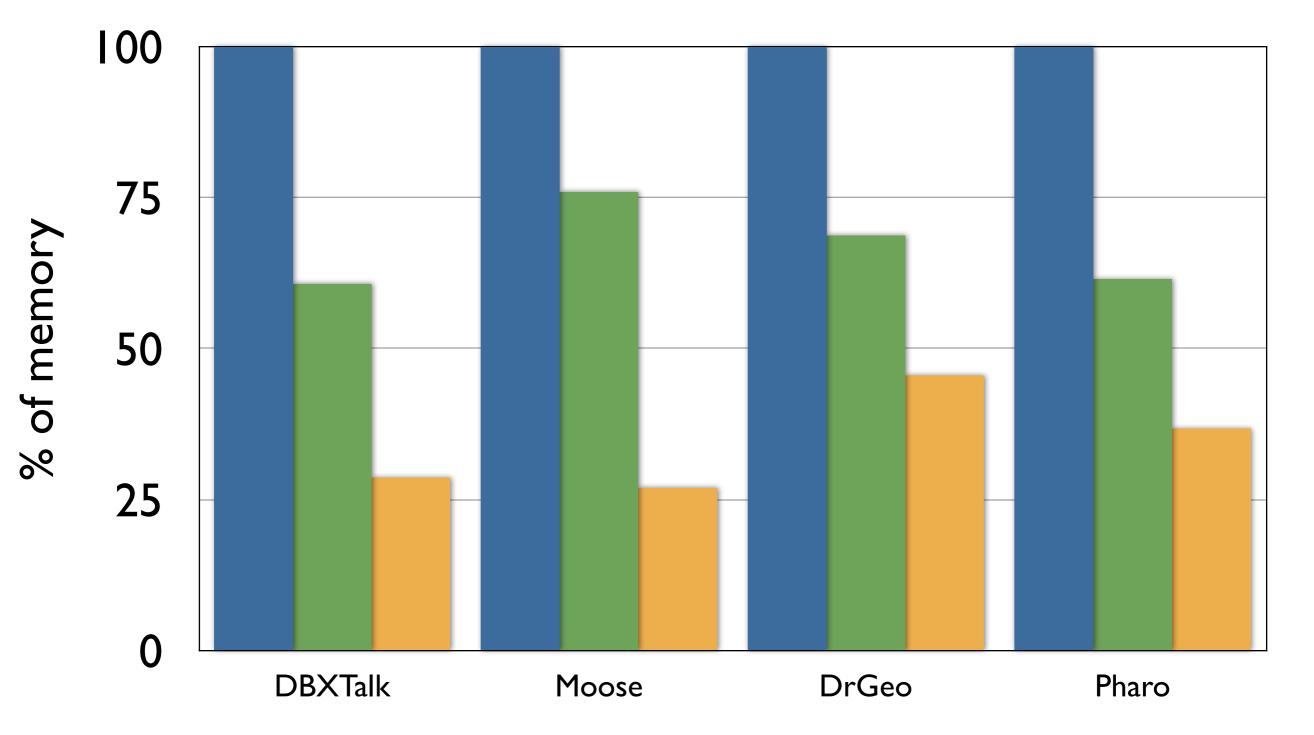


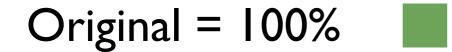
- I. We swapped out most classes with their instances.
- 2. We navigated, used and tested each application
 - Swapped in all needed graphs for typical uses.
 - 2. Tests also for correctness.
- 3. We measured differences.





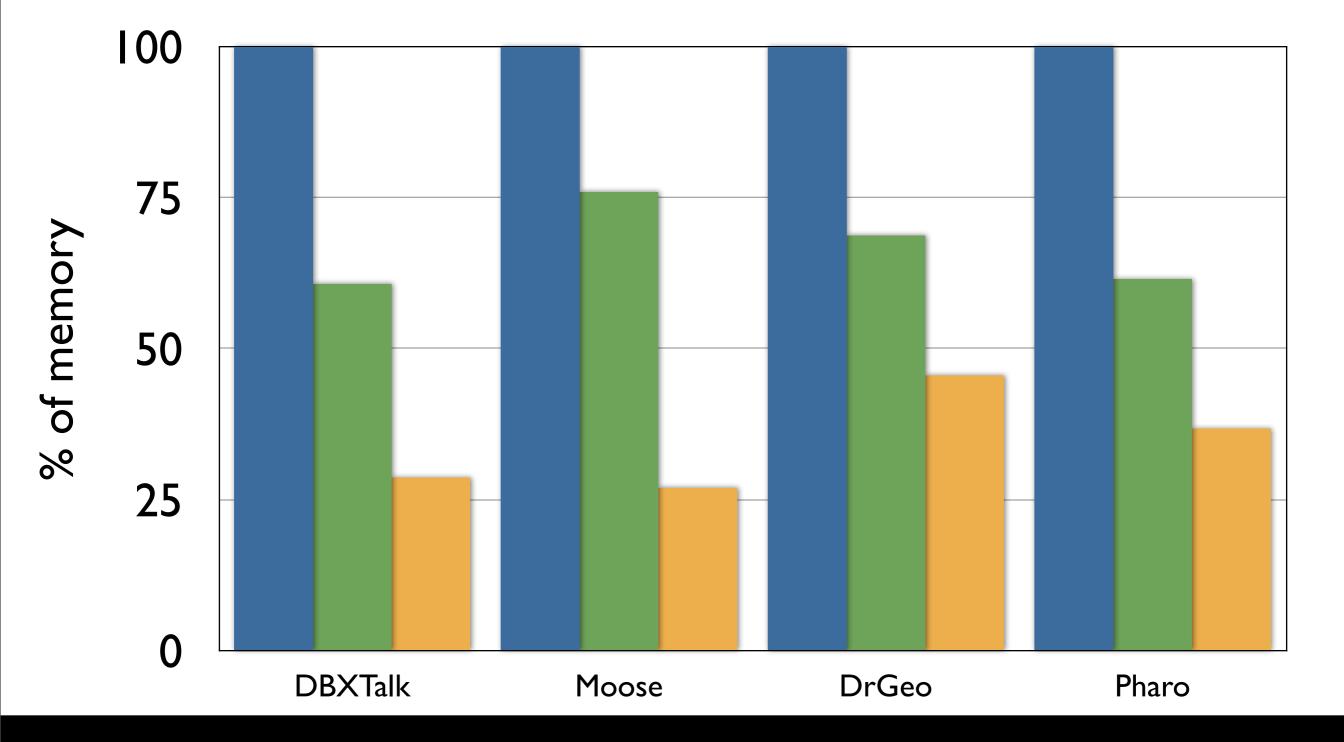
Measured minimun



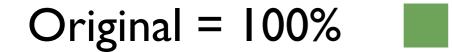


With Marea



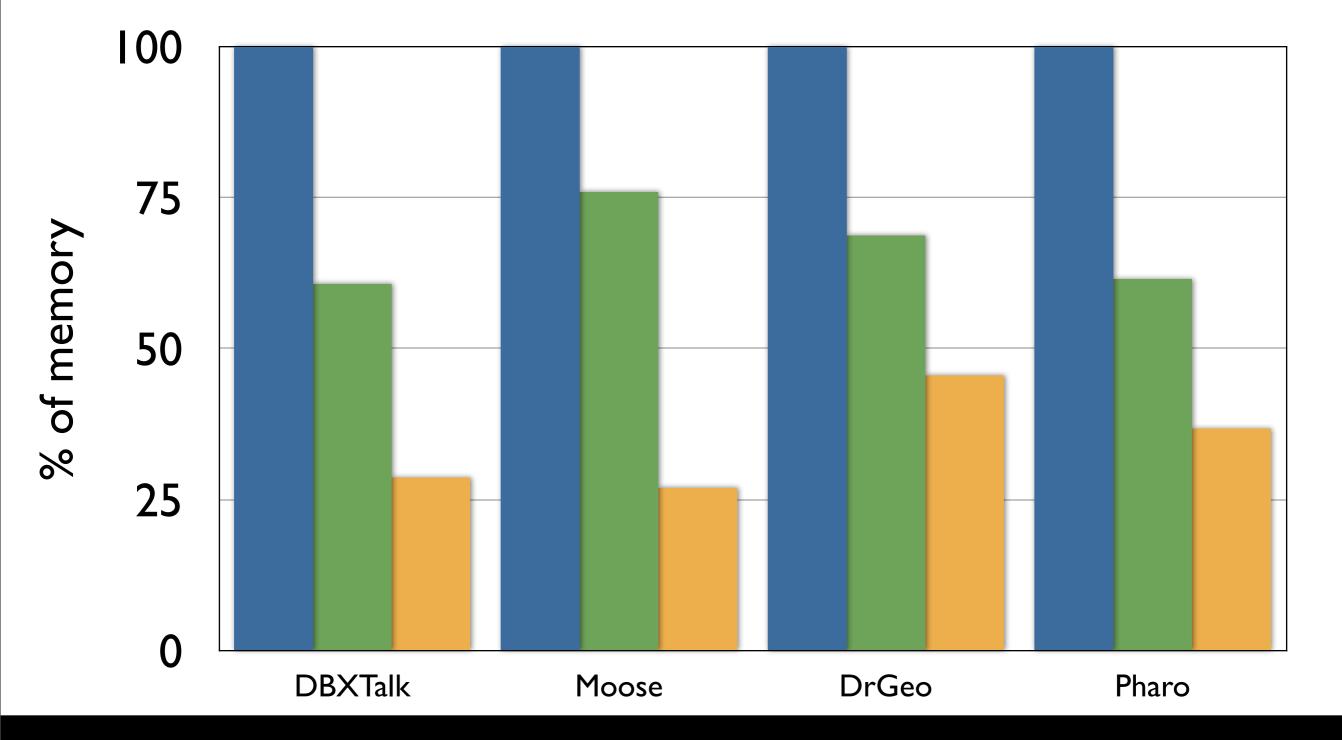


Marea released between 25% and 40% of the used memory.



With Marea

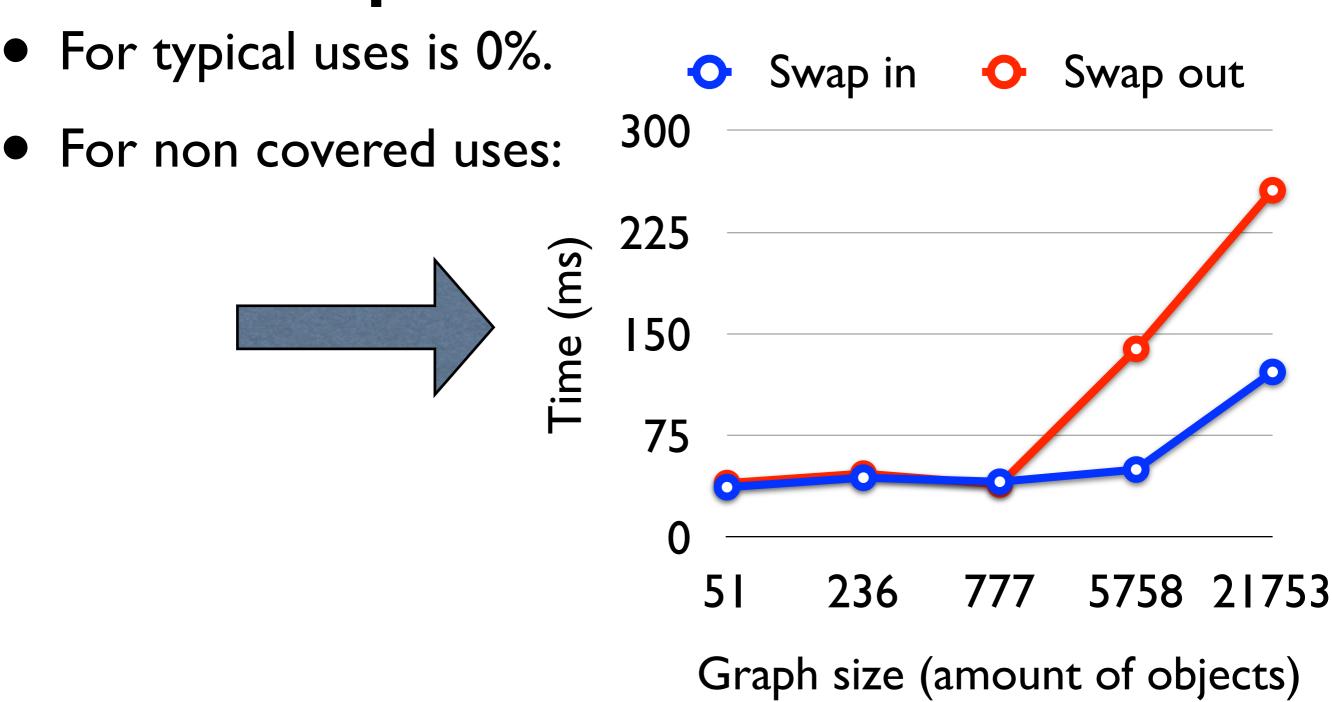


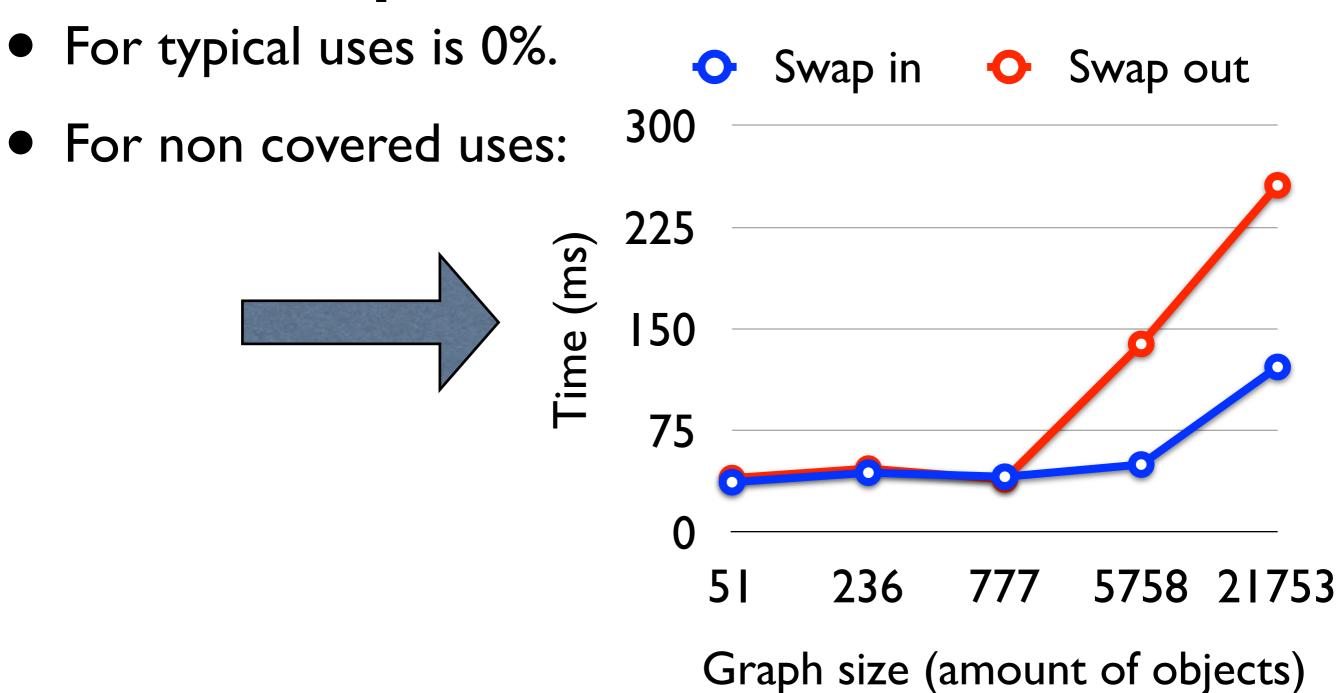


Marea released between 25% and 40% of the used memory. room for improvement.

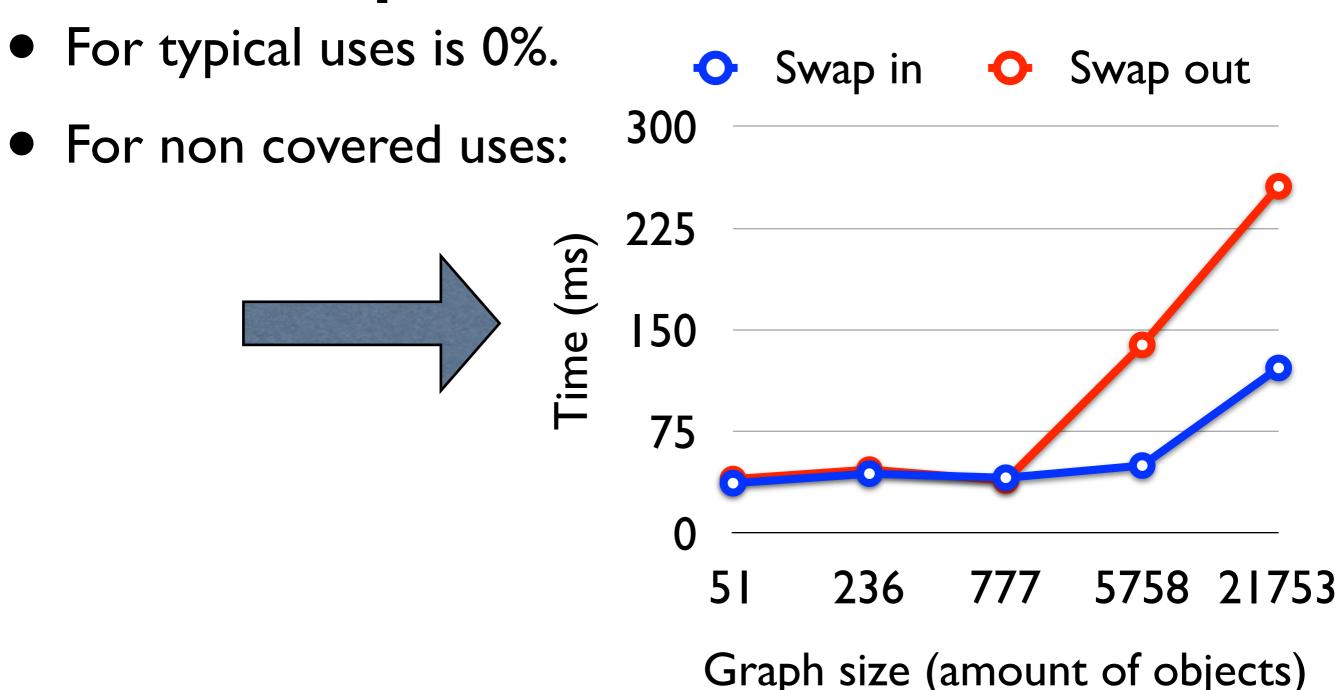
There is still

- For typical uses is 0%.
- For non covered uses:





Swapping in is faster than swapping out.



Swapping in is faster than swapping out. The graph size has a small impact in small/medium graphs.

Outline

- I. Context, problem and introduction.
- 2. My proposal.
- 3. Validation.
- 4. Related work.
- 5. Implementation.
- 6. Conclusion and future work

Outline

- I. Context, problem and introduction.
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- 3. Validation.
- 4. Related work.
- 5. Implementation.
- 6. Conclusion and future work

Comparison criteria

- Efficient object-based swapping unit.
- Uniformity.
- Reversibility.
- Automatic swapping in.
- Automatic swapping out.
- Transparency.
- Controllability at the application level.
- Portability.

					Lan	gua	ge	leve	el ar	nd li	braries
	OS Virtual Memory	Mach, V++, Apertos	Krueger et al.		Reduced and Specialized Runtimes	Custom and Specific Runtimes	Orthogonal Persistence and ODBMS	LOOM - Large Object-Oriented Memory	Melt - Tolerating Memory Leaks	ImageSegment	
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	•	•	
Uniformity	•	٠	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reversibility	٠	٠	٠	٠	\circ	0	٠	٠	٠	•	
Automatic Swapping In	•	٠	•	٠	_	—	0	•	•	•	
Automatic Swapping Out	٠	٠	٠	٠		_	0	٠	٠	0	
Transparency	•	٠	•	•	0	0	0	•	٠	0	
Controllability at the Application Level	0	0	•	•	\bigcirc	•	•	0		•	
Portability	0	0	0	0	•	•	•	0	0	0	

					Lan	gua	ge	eve	el ar	nd li	braries
	OS	re	ate		d Runtimes	~	ODBMS	Oriented Memory	ory Leaks		
	OS Virtual Memory	Mach, V++, Apertos	Krueger et al.	Exokernel	Reduced and Specialized	Custom and Specific Runtimes	Orthogonal Persistence and	LOOM - Large Object-	Melt - Tolerating Memory	ImageSegment	
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0	_		0	0	0	•	
Uniformity	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reversibility	٠	٠	٠	٠	0	0	٠	٠	٠	•	
Automatic Swapping In	•	•	•	•	_	_	0	•	•	•	
Automatic Swapping Out	٠	٠	٠	٠			0	٠	٠	0	
Transparency	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	0	
Controllability at the Application Level	0	0	٠	٠	0	•	٠	0		•	
Portability	0	0	0	0	٠	•	•	0	0	0	

					Lan	gua	ge	leve	el ar	nd lil	braries
	OS Virtual Memory	Mach, V++, Apertos	krueger et al.		Reduced and Specialized Runtimes	Custom and Specific Runtimes	Orthogonal Persistence and ODBMS	LOOM - Large Object-Oriented Memory	Melt - Tolerating Memory Leaks	ImageSegment	
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	•	
Uniformity	•	٠	٠	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reversibility	•	٠	٠	٠	\circ	0	•	٠	٠	•	
Automatic Swapping In	•	٠	٠	•	—	—	0	•	٠	•	
Automatic Swapping Out	•	٠	•	٠			0	•	•	0	
Transparency	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	0	
Controllability at the Application Level	0	0	•	•	0	•	•	0		•	
Portability	0	0	0	0	٠	•	•	0	0	0	,

					Lan	gua	ge	leve	el ar	nd li	ibrarie
	OS Virtual Memory	Mach, V++, Apertos	krueger et al.		Reduced and Specialized Runtimes	Custom and Specific Runtimes	Orthogonal Persistence and ODBMS	LOOM - Large Object-Oriented Memory	Melt - Tolerating Memory Leaks	ImageSegment	
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0		_	0	0	0	•	
Uniformity	•	٠	٠	٠	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reversibility	٠	٠	٠	٠	\bigcirc	0	•	٠	٠	٠	
Automatic Swapping In	٠	٠	•	•	—	—	0	•	•	٠	
Automatic Swapping Out	٠	٠	•	•		-	\bigcirc	٠	•	\bigcirc	
Transparency	•	٠	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	•	
	~	•			\sim	-		\cap			
Controllability at the Application Level	0	U	•	•	0	•	•	0		-	

					Lan	gua	ge	leve	el ar	nd li	braries
	ĸ	rel	ate	Rı		Runtimes		OM - Large Object-Oriented Memory	Tolerating Memory Leaks		
	OS Virtual Memor	Mach, V++, Ap	Krueger et al.	Exokernel	Reduced and S	Custom and Specific	Orthogonal Per	LOOM - Large	Melt - Toleratiı	ImageSegment	Marea
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0		_	0	0	0	•	•
Uniformity	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
Reversibility	٠	•	•	•	0	0	•	•	٠	•	•
Automatic Swapping In	•	•	•	•	_	—	O	•	•	•	•
Automatic Swapping Out	•	•	•	•	_		0	•	•	0	
Transparency	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	0	•
Controllability at the Application Level Portability	0	0	•	•	0	•		0	0	•	•
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	OS Virtual Memory	Mach, V++, Apertos	krueger et al.		Reduced and Specialized Runtimes	Custom and Specific Runtimes	Orthogonal Persistence and ODBMS o	LOOM - Large Object-Oriented Memory	Melt - Tolerating Memory Leaks	ImageSegment	Marea	
Efficient Object-Based Swapping Unit	0	0	0	0		_	0	0	0	•	•	1
Uniformity	٠	٠	٠	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	L
Reversibility	•	•	٠	•	\bigcirc	0	٠	•	•	•	•	
Automatic Swapping In	•	•	•	•	_	—	O	•	•	•	•	
Automatic Swapping Out	•	٠	•	•					1	0		
Transparency	•	•	•	•	0	In	pro	gre	SS	0	•	
Controllability at the Application Level	0	\bullet	•	٠	0	•	•	0		•	•	

- I. Context, problem and introduction.
- 2. My proposal.
- 3. Validation.
- 4. Related work.
- 5. Implementation.
- 6. Conclusion and future work

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Object Graph Swapper	Proxy Toolbox
Object Graph Serializer Fuel	Object Graph rick Storage mongoDB



- An extensible, uniform and fast serializer.
- General-purpose.
- Used in research and industry.
- Integrated in Pharo 2.0 and ported to Squeak, VisualWorks and Newspeak.
- ESUG Innovation Technology Awards 2011.





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Martin Dias, Mariano Martinez Peck, Stéphane Ducasse and Gabriela Arévalo. Fuel: A Fast General Purpose Object Graph Serializer. Software: Practice and Experience, 2012.



- Proxify all kind of objects.
- Low memory footprint.
- Intercepting all messages.
- Clear division between proxies and handlers.
- General-purpose.



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[Martinez Peck 2012a] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Stéphane Ducasse, Luc Fabresse and Marcus Denker. Ghost: A Uniform and Lightweight Proxy Implementation. Science of Computer Programming, 2012 (submitted + passed first review round).

Object replacement

- Provided by regular VM (#become:)
 - * Specific to Smalltalk.
- Different implementations
 - * Full memory scan in Pharo VM.
 - * Object header swapping in VisualWorks VM.
 - * Object tables' entries swapping in Gemstone VM.

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Conclusion

For an improved automatic memory management we need: GC + An application-level virtual memory



Results



- Facade objects.
- Graph intersection.
- Serializer and proxies for all type of objects.
- Proxies intercept all messages.
- Support proxies in primitives.

Results



- Small proxies.
- Object graphs as swapping unit.
- Proxies only for facade objects.

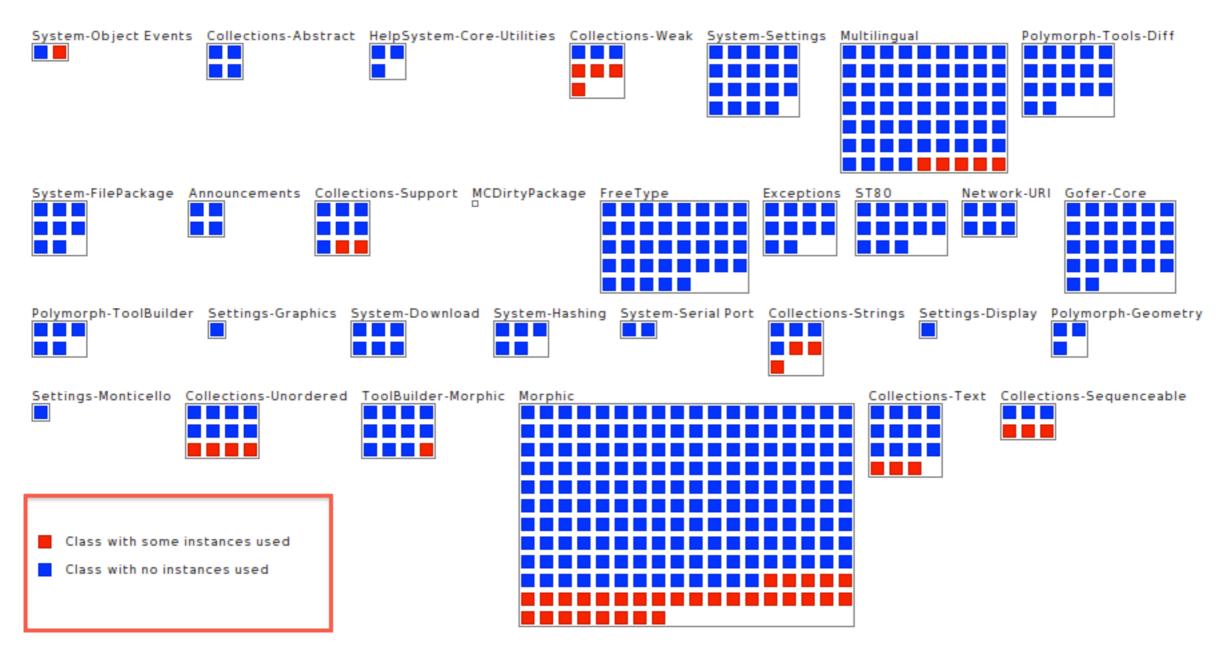


- Fast serialization.
- Fast detection of facade objects.
- Avoid unnecessary swap in.

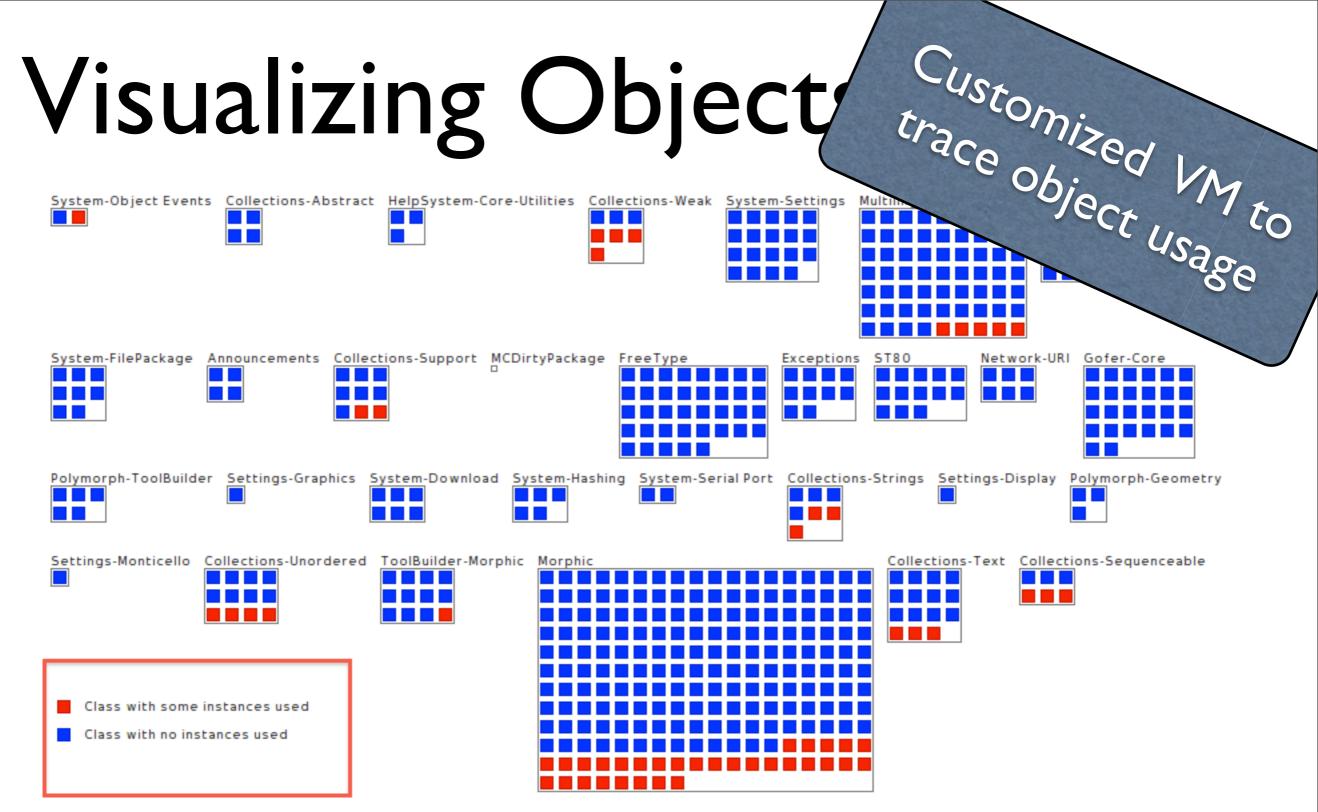
Future Work

• Automatic graphs detection.

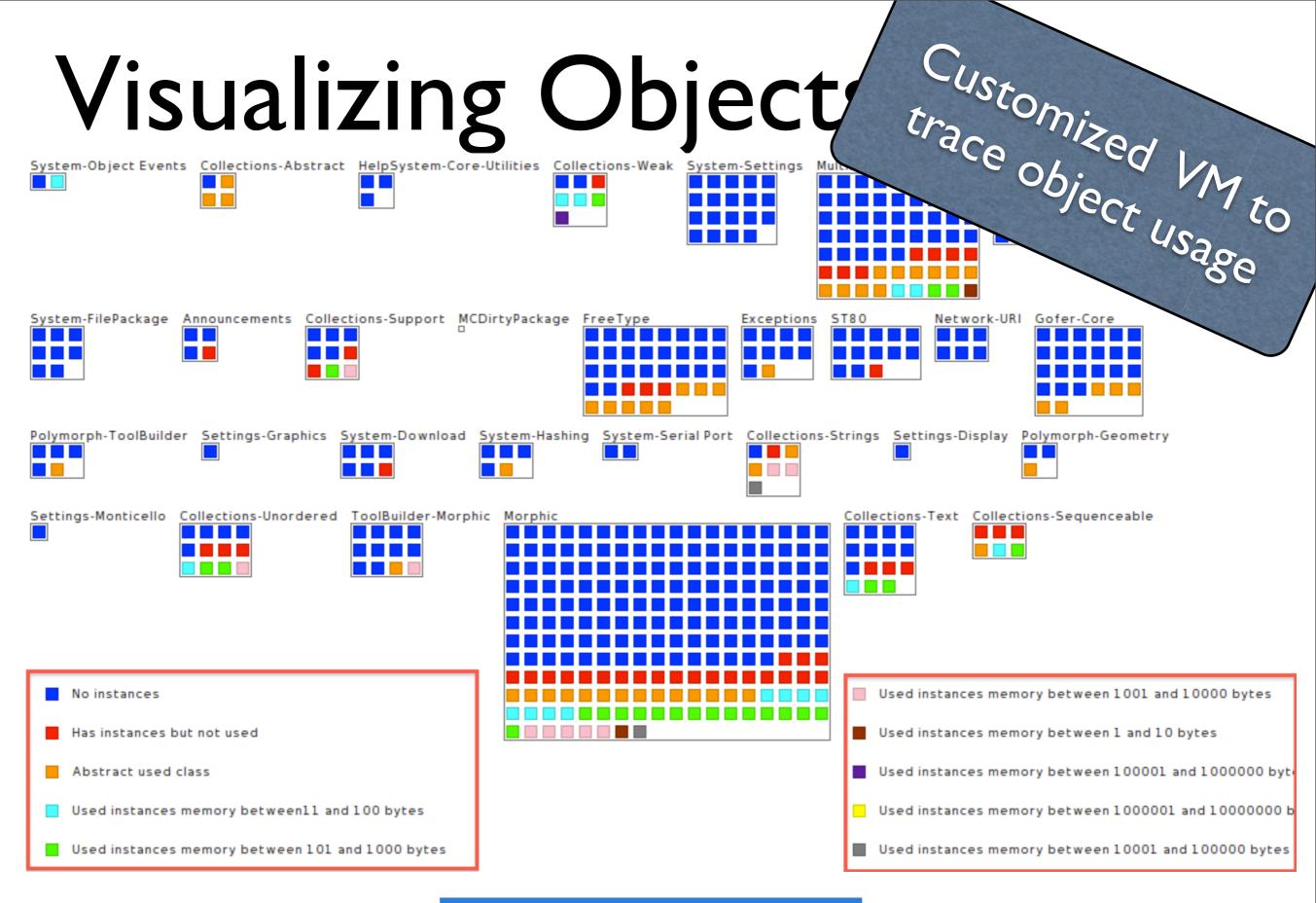
Visualizing Objects Usage











Future Work

- Automatic graphs detection.
- Study possible integration with GC.
- Partial swap in.

List of publications

<u>Conferences</u>

[Dias 2011] Martin Dias, Mariano Martinez Peck, Stéphane Ducasse and Gabriela Arévalo. Clustered Serialization with Fuel. In Proceedings of ESUG International Workshop on Smalltalk Technologies (IWST 2011), Edinburgh, Scotland, 2011.

[Martinez Peck 2010a] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Marcus Denker, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Experiments with a Fast Object Swapper. In Smalltalks 2010, Concepción del Uruguay, Argentina, 2010.

[Martinez Peck 2010b] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Marcus Denker, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Visualizing Objects and Memory Usage. In Smalltalks 2010, Concepción del Uruguay, Argentina, 2010.

[Martinez Peck 2011a] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Marcus Denker, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Efficient Proxies in Smalltalk. In Proceedings of ESUG International Workshop on Smalltalk Technologies (IWST 2011), Edinburgh, Scotland, 2011.

[Martinez Peck 2011b] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Marcus Denker, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Problems and Challenges when Building a Manager for Unused Objects. In Proceedings of Smalltalks 2011 International Workshop, Bernal, Buenos Aires, Argentina, 2011.

List of publications

Journals

[Martinez Peck 2011c] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Object Swapping Challenges: an Evaluation of ImageSegment. Journal of Computer Languages, Systems and Structures, vol. 38, no. 1, pages 1–15, nov 2011.

[Dias 2012] Martin Dias, Mariano Martinez Peck, Stéphane Ducasse and Gabriela Arévalo. Fuel: A Fast General Purpose Object Graph Serializer. Software: Practice and Experience, 2012.

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[Martinez Peck 2012b] Mariano Martinez Peck, Noury Bouraqadi, Marcus Denker, Stéphane Ducasse and Luc Fabresse. Object-Based Virtual Memory Brought To The Application Level. Journal of Object Technology, 2012 (submitted).

In summary...

- We implemented a novel and efficient application-level virtual memory for object-oriented systems.
- Almost no need from the VM and fully implemented in the language side.
- Users can decide and influence what and when to swap.
 Thanks!

Mariano Martinez Peck

RMod

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