

N°d'ordre NNT: 2018LYSET012

DOCTORAL THESIS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF LYON

prepared at Ecole Nationale des Travaux Publics de l'Etat

Ecole Doctorale N° 162 Mécanique, Energétique, Génie Civil et Acoustique (MEGA)

Specialty: Civil Engineering

Publicly defended the 11th of December 2018 by: Jean-Claude Carret

Linear viscoelastic characterization of bituminous mixtures from dynamic tests back analysis

Appendices

Before the committee composed of:

TOUSSAINT, Evelyne	Prof., Clermont Auvergne University	President
BHASIN, Amit	Ass. Prof., University of Texas	Reviewer
RYDEN, Nils	Ass. Prof., Lund University	Reviewer
WISTUBA, Michael	Prof., University of Braunschweig	Examiner
DI BENEDETTO, Hervé	Prof., University of Lyon	Advisor
SAUZEAT Cédric	Prof., University of Lyon	Co-advisor
GUDMARSSON, Anders	Dr., PEAB asfalt	Invited



N°d'ordre NNT : 2018LYSET012

THESE de DOCTORAT DE L'UNIVERSITE DE LYON opérée au sein de

L'Ecole Nationale des Travaux Publics de l'Etat

Ecole Doctorale N° 162 Mécanique, Energétique, Génie Civil et Acoustique (MEGA)

Spécialité/ discipline de doctorat : Génie Civil

Soutenue publiquement le 11/12/2018, par : **Jean-Claude Carret**

Caractérisation viscoélastique linéaire des enrobés bitumineux par analyse inverse d'essais dynamiques

Annexes

Devant le jury composé de :

TOUSSAINT, Evelyne	Prof., Clermont Auvergne Université	Présidente
BHASIN, Amit	Prof. Ass., Université du Texas	Rapporteur
RYDEN, Nils	Prof. Ass., Université de Lund	Rapporteur
WISTUBA, Michael	Prof., Université de Braunschweig	Examinateur
DI BENEDETTO, Hervé	Prof., Université de Lyon	Directeur de thèse
SAUZEAT Cédric	Prof., Université de Lyon	Co-directeur
GUDMARSSON, Anders	Dr., PEAB asphalte	Invité

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CO	NTENTS
LIST OF TABI	LES
LIST OF FIGU	RES
APPENDIX A	- DETAILS ABOUT THE EXPERIMENTAL DEVICES 20
CONSTANTS OBT	- DATA BASE OF 2S2P1D MODEL AND WLF EQUATION AINED FROM CYCLIC TENSION-COMPRESSION TESTS DIFFERENT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES
	- RESULTS OF THE PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS FOR THE LUS AND COMPLEX POISSON'S RATIO
	- RESULTS OF THE PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS FOR THE THE 2S2P1D MODEL
APPENDIX E MATERIAL	- RESULTS OF METHOD II FOR THE REFERENCE LVE 68
APPENDIX F MATERIAL	- RESULTS OF METHOD III FOR THE REFERENCE LVE 76
APPENDIX G MATERIAL	- RESULTS OF METHOD IV FOR THE REFERENCE LVE 84
APPENDIX H MATERIAL	- RESULTS OF METHOD V FOR THE REFERENCE LVE 90
	- DETAILS OF THE MATERIALS TESTED IN THE CAMPAIGNS95
APPENDIX J	- RESULTS OF THE FSDYN EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN . 102
APPENDIX K	- RESULTS OF THE SM EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN 126
APPENDIX L WITH THE	- RESULTS OF THE MOGS EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN 128
APPENDIX M	- RESULTS OF THE MHRAPC EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN 134
APPENDIX N	- RESULTS OF THE MAP EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN 145

LIST OF TABLES

Table B.1. 2S2P1D model and WLF equation constants obtained from cyclic tension- compression tests performed on different bituminous mixtures. 30
Table C.1. Values of the RSD for the two first resonance frequencies and amplitudes for the flexural mode of the disc. The LVE property indicated in the left column varies while the other properties are set to their median values indicated in Table 4.4
Table C.2. Values of the RSD for the two first resonance frequencies and amplitudes for the torsional mode of the straight beam. The LVE property indicated in the left column varies while the other properties are set to their median values indicated in Table 4.4
Table E.1. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal mode of the cylinder. 72
Table E.2. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder
Table E.3. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam
Table E.4. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the flexural mode of the disc. 72
Table F.1. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder
Table F.2. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the flexural mode of the disc
Table F.3. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam
Table G.1. First resonance frequency and values of $ E^*_{BC4} $ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the longitudinal mode of the cylinder
Table G.2. First resonance frequency and values of $ E^*_{BC4} $ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder
Table G.3. First resonance frequency and values of $ E^*_{BC4} $ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the flexural mode of the disc
Table G.4. First resonance frequency and values of $ E^*_{BC4} $ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the

Table H.1. Final values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v that are identified at each temperature in the first step of the method V Table H.2. Final values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v that are identified at each temperature in the first step of the method V Table J.1. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABD-D9. Table J.2. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABD-D10. Table J.3. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-D1. Table J.4. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-D3. Table J.5. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first Table J.6. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first Table J.7. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first Table J.8. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB5-C2......118 Table J.9. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-B2. Table J.10. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-B4. Table K.1. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABS-P4.

Table L.1. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen GB5-C3..... 129

Table L.2. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-C3. Table L.3. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen GB5-C3.....131 Table L.4. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-C4. Table M.1. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-4. 135 Table M.2. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first Table M.3. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-6. 139 Table M.4. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first Table M.5. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-8. 143 Table M.6. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen WF-8......144 Table N.1. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB-L-1.....147 Table N.2. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-2. Table N.3. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-3. Table N.4. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-4. Table N.5. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-5. Table N.6. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-1.

Table N.7. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-2.

Table N.8. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-3.

Table N.9. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-T-1.

Table N.12. Values of the four constants E₀, $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen BB-L-2.

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure E.2. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE.FRF) for method II. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Results for the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20° C; (b) 0° C; (c) 15° C; (d) 35° C; (e) 50° C.......70

Figure F.1. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for method III. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder at: (a) -20° C; (b) 0° C; (c) 15° C; (d) 35° C; (e) 50° C......78

Figure F.4. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method III $(E^*_{BC3} \text{ and } E^*_{Dyn3})$ with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder... 81

Figure F.6. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with methods III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}) and IV (E^*_{BC4} and E^*_{Dyn4}) with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and

Figure J.2 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III $(E^*_{BC3} \text{ and } E^*_{Dyn3})$. (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen ABS-D9......104

Figure J.6 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III $(E^*_{BC3} \text{ and } E^*_{Dyn3})$. (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-D1......108

Figure J.12 Comparison of the experimental FRFs measured at the beginning of the project (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs

Figure J.16 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C2.

Figure J.18 FRFs measured at the beginning (1st dynamic test) and at the end (2nd dynamic test) of the FSDyn project for the specimen GB5-C1: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

Figure J.19 FRFs measured at the beginning (1st dynamic test) and at the end (2nd dynamic test) of the FSDyn project for the specimen GB5-C1: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

Figure K.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen ABS-P4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) 0.2° C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 29.2°C; (e) 39.1°C.

Figure L.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen GB5-C3. (a) T=-20.6°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 48.5°C.

Figure L.3 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen GB5-C4. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.4°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 49°C.

Figure M.2 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method V for specimen WF-4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the

Figure M.11 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen WF-8. (a) T=-21°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 48.7°C. 143

Figure M.12 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method V for specimen WF-8. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the

Figure N.2 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-1..... 147

Figure N.10 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-5. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed

APPENDIX A- DETAILS ABOUT THE EXPERIMENTAL DEVICES

Model Number			ICP® ACCEL	ED	METED		Revision: M	
353B15			ICF® ACCEL		DIVIETER		ECN #: 35369	
Performance Sensitivity(± 10 %) Measurement Range Frequency Range(± 5 %)		ENGLISH 10 mV/g ± 500 g pk 1 to 10,000 Hz	<u>SI</u> 1.02 mV/(m/s²) ± 4905 m/s² pk 1 to 10.000 Hz		OPTIONAL Optional versions have identical specifications a except where noted below. More	nd accessories as	listed for the standard r may be used.	mode
Frequency Range(± 10 % Frequency Range(± 3 dB)	b)	0.7 to 18,000 Hz 0.35 to 30,000 Hz	0.7 to 18,000 Hz 0.35 to 30,000 Hz		A - Adhesive Mount Supplied Accessory : Model 080A90 Quick Bond	ling Gel (1)		
Resonant Frequency Broadband Resolution(1 t		≥ 70 kHz	≥ 70 kHz	[4]	B - Low bias electronics			
Non-Linearity	10,000 Hz)	0.005 g rms ≤ 1 %	0.05 m/s² rms ≤ 1 %	[1] [2]		4.5 to 7.5 VDC	4.5 to 7.5 VDC	
Transverse Sensitivity Environmental		≤ 5 %	≤ 5 %	[3]	Excitation Voltage Constant Current Excitation	12 to 30 VDC 1 to 20 mA	12 to 30 VDC 1 to 20 mA	
Overload Limit(Shock)		± 10,000 g pk	± 98,100 m/s² pk		Measurement Range	± 300 g pk	± 2943 m/s² pk	
Temperature Range(Oper	rating)	-65 to +250 °F	-54 to +121 °C					
Temperature Response		See Graph	See Graph	[1]	J - Ground Isolated			
Base Strain Sensitivity Electrical Excitation Voltage		≤ 0.002 g/με	≤ 0.02 (m/s²)/με	[1]		1 to 8000 Hz .7 to 15,000 Hz	1 to 8000 Hz 0.7 to 15,000 Hz	
Constant Current Excitation	22	20 to 30 VDC 2 to 20 mA	20 to 30 VDC		Resonant Frequency	≥ 56 kHz	≥ 56 kHz	
Output Impedance		2 to 20 mA ≤ 100 ohm	2 to 20 mA ≤ 100 ohm		Electrical Isolation(Base)	≥ 10 ⁸ ohm	≥ 10 ⁸ ohm	
Output Bias Voltage		8 to 12 VDC	≤ 100 onm 8 to 12 VDC			.37 in x 0.57 in	9.5 mm x 14.5 mm	120
Discharge Time Constant		0.5 to 2.0 sec	0.5 to 2.0 sec		Weight	0.11 oz	3.2 gm	[1
Settling Time(within 10% of		<5 sec	<5 sec		M - Metric Mount			
Spectral Noise(1 Hz)	,	2800 µg/√Hz	27,468 (µm/sec ²)/√Hz	[1]		//3 x 0.50 Male	MO O FO Mala	
Spectral Noise(10 Hz)		700 µg/√Hz	6867 (µm/sec ²)/√Hz	[1]	Supplied Accessory : Model M080A15 Adhesive		M3 x 0.50 Male	5
Spectral Noise(100 Hz)		180 µg/√Hz	1766 (µm/sec ²)/√Hz	[1]	Cuppied Addeddory : Moder ModeA to Addeale	Mounting Dase (1	replaces would book i	5
Spectral Noise(1 kHz)		64 µg/√Hz	628 (µm/sec ²)/√Hz	[1]	Q - Extended discharge time constant			
Physical			020 (pin/sec)/ (n2	1.1		15 to 10,000 Hz	0.15 to 10,000 Hz	
Sensing Element		Quartz	Quartz			1 to 18,000 Hz	0.1 to 18,000 Hz	
Sensing Geometry		Shear	Shear		Discharge Time Constant	≥ 5 sec	≥ 5 sec	
Housing Material		Titanium	Titanium		Settling Time(within 10% of bias)	≤ 45 sec	≤ 45 sec	
Sealing		Welded Hermetic	Welded Hermetic		Supplied Accessory : Model ACS-4 Single axis, I	ow frequency phas	se and amplitude respor	nse
Size (Hex x Height)		0.31 in x 0.43 in	7.9 mm x 10.9 mm		cal from 0.5 to 10 Hz (1)			
Weight		0.07 oz	2.0 gm	[1]	W - Water Resistant Cable			
Electrical Connector		5-44 Coaxial	5-44 Coaxial			od lateral Cable	Sealed Integral Cable	
Electrical Connection Posi	tion	Side	Side		Electrical Connection Position	Side	Sealed Integral Cable Side	3
Mounting Thread Mounting Torque		5-40 Male	5-40 Male			Side	Side	
wounting forque		8 to 12 in-lb	90 to 135 N-cm					
	(%)	Typical Sensitivity I	Deviation vs Temperature		NOTES: [1] Typical. [2] Zero-based, least-squares, straight line metho	d		
	sensitivity Deviation(*)	10 5			[3] Transverse sensitivity is typically $\leq 3\%$. [4] See PCB Declaration of Conformance PS023			
CC	ő	0		_				
CE	ά,	-5-			SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES:			
[4]	Sensiti	-10 -70 -30 10	50 90 130 170 210	250	Model 080A109 Petro Wax (1) Model 080A15 Adhesive Mounting Base (1) Model ACS-1 NIST traceable frequency response	(10 Hz to upper 5	% point) (1)	
		1	femperature (°F)			, <u></u>	,, (.)	
All specifications are at roo	om temperature unless otherw. product improvement, we rese	ise specified.	nooifiantiana without s-t'		Entered: Com Engineer BAM Sales: WC	Approved	4P	
CP [®] is a registered tradem		ive the light to change s	oconcations without holice.		Date: 3 24 11 Date: 3 24 11 Date: 3 24	Date: 3	353-2150	-80
					PCB PIEZOTRONICS	Fax: 7	e: 716-684-0001 16-685-3886	
					3425 Walden Avenue, Depew, NY 14043	E-Mail	: vibration@pcb.co	m

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE ACCELEROMETER

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE OF THE ACCELEROMETER

Model Number:	35	3B15			
Serial Number:	LW	189420			
- Description:	ICP® Acceler	ometer			
Manufacturer:	PCE		Method: Back	to-Back Comparison A	T401-3
		Calibration	Data		
Sensitivity	' @ 100 Hz	10.43 mV/g	C		5 VDC
		(1.064 mV/m/s ²)	Transverse		.6 %
Discharge Tin	ne Constant	0.8 seconds	Resonant	Frequency 73.	.7 kHz
		Sensitivity	Plot		
3.0	nperature: 73 °F (23 °C	2)	Relative Hu	midity: 58 %	
2.0-					
1.0-					
dB 0.0-			All and a second s	ter and the second s	and the second second
-1.0-					
-2.0-					
-3.0-1	1 1 1 1	100.0	1000.0	1 1 1 1	10000.0
Hz		Data Poi	nts		
Frequency (Hz)	Dev. (%)	Frequency (Hz)	Dev. (%)	Frequency (Hz)	Dev. (%
10	-0.6	300	0.2	7000	2.3
15 30	-0.5	500 1000	0.2 0.3	10000	2.8
50	-0.2	3000	0.6		
REF. FREQ.	0.0	5000	1.1		
Acceleration Level (pk)1: 10.0 g (98	r w/Silicone Grease Fastener: 5-40 M				
¹ The acceleration level may be lim (g) = 0.008 x (freq) ² . ² The gravitation	ited by shaker displacement at low fr onal constant used for calculations by t	equencies. If the listed level cannot be obtained he calibration system is: $1 g = 9.80665 \text{ m/s}^3$.		formula to set the vibration amplitude; Accele	ration Level
As Found: n/a		Condition o	f Unit		
	Unit, In Tolerance				
		Notes		10065	
		Project 683/283498 and ced, except in full, without			
3. Calibration is pe	rformed in complia	nce with ISO 9001, ISO 1	0012-1, ANSI Z540.3	and ISO 17025.	
 See Manufacture Measurement un 	certainty (95% cont	eet for a detailed listing of fidence level with coverage	ge factor of 2) for frequ	ency ranges tested during	g calibration
are as follows: 5-9	Hz; +/- 2.0%, 10-9	99 Hz; +/- 1.5%, 100-199	99 Hz; +/- 1.0%, 2-10	kHz; +/- 2.5%.	
Technician:		Mary Warren NW	Dat	e: 6/10/201	5
	(0/10/201	5
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	" PCB PIEZ	JIRUNICS		
ACCREDITED		3425 Walden Avenue	ATION DIVISION Depew, NY 14043		
CALIBRATION CERT #1862.01 AGE 1 of 1	TEL: 888	-684-0013 FAX: 716-6		com	CAL63-3516783734
and the second se				11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	

Model Number FOU 482C15	R-CHANNE	L, ICP SENS	OR	SIGNAL (CONDITIC	NER		sion: J #: 47052
Performance	ENGLISH	<u>SI</u>			OP	TIONAL VERSIO	ONS	
Channels	4	4					sories as listed for th	
Sensor Input Type(s)	ICP®, Voltage	ICP®, Voltage	[2]	e	xcept where noted b	elow. More than on	e option may be use	i.
Voltage Gain(± 1 %)(at 500 Hz)	x1, x10, x100	x1, x10, x100	[2]					
Output Range(Maximum)	± 10 V	± 10 V						
Low Frequency Response(-5 %)	<0.05 Hz	<0.05 Hz	[5][3]					
High Frequency Response(-3 dB)(x100)	>50 kHz	>50 kHz						
ligh Frequency Response(-5 %)(x100)	>17 kHz	>17 kHz						
ligh Frequency Response(-5 %)(x1)	>100 kHz	>100 kHz						
High Frequency Response(-5 %)(x10)	>40 kHz	>40 kHz						
High Frequency Response(-3 dB)(x1,x10)	>100 kHz	>100 kHz						
Phase Response(at 1 kHz)	± 1 °	± 1 °						
Cross Talk(maximum)	-72 dB							
		-72 dB						
ault/Bias Monitor/Meter(LED)	Open/Short/Overload	Open/Short/Overload						
Invironmental								
emperature Range(Operating) Electrical	+32 to +120 °F	0 to +50 °C						
Power Required (for supplied AC power adaptor)	AC Power	AC Power		NOTES:				
Power Required (direct input to unit)	DC Power	DC Power			le, factory set at 4 n	nA (± 0.5 mA). One	control adjusts all ch	annels.
C Power(47 to 63 Hz)	100 to 240 VAC	100 to 240 VAC		[2] Jumper select	table on internal circ	uit board.	100 C	
C Power	≤ 0.7 Amps	≤ 0.7 Amps				ce input impedance	affects discharge tim	e constant and low
OC Power	<0.25 Amps	<0.25 Amps		frequency res	ponse of unit.			
OC Power	+32 to 38 VDC	+32 to 38 VDC		[4] Typical.				
xcitation Voltage(± 1 VDC)(To Sensor)	+26 VDC	+26 VDC					of the specified frequ	iency.
IC Offset	<20 mV	<20 mV		[6] See PCB Dec	laration of Conform	ance PS024 for deta	alls.	
constant Current Excitation(To Sensor)	0 to 20 mA	0 to 20 mA	[1]					
overload Threshold(± 1.0 Vpk)	± 10/5 Vpk	± 10/5 Vpk	[2]					
Discharge Time Constant(0 to 50 %)	>7 sec	>7 sec	[3]					
Broadband Electrical Noise(1 to 10,000 Hz)(Gain x1)	5.6 µV rms	5.6 µV rms	[4]					
spectral Noise(1 Hz)	0.67 µV/√Hz	0.67 µV/√Hz	[4]					
spectral Noise(10 Hz)	0.10 µV/√Hz	0.10 µV/√Hz	[4]					
pectral Noise(100 Hz)	0.06 µV/√Hz	0.06 µV/√Hz	[4]					
spectral Noise(1 kHz)	0.06 µV/√Hz	0.06 µV/√Hz	[4]					
	0.05 µV/√Hz	0.05 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Spectral Noise(10 kHz)			[4]					
broadband Electrical Noise(1 to 10,000 Hz)(Gain x10)	21 µV/rms	21 µV/rms						
Spectral Noise(1 Hz)	5.10 µV/√Hz	5.10 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Spectral Noise(10 Hz)	0.60 µV/√Hz	0.60 µV/√Hz	[4]					
pectral Noise(100 Hz)	0.22 µV/√Hz	0.22 µV/√Hz	[4]					
pectral Noise(1 kHz)	0.22 µV/√Hz	0.22 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Spectral Noise(10 kHz)	0.19 µV/√Hz	0.19 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Broadband Electrical Noise(1 to 10,000 Hz)(Gain x100)	165 µV/rms	165 µV/rms	[4]					
spectral Noise(1 Hz)	57 µV/√Hz	57 µV/√Hz	[4]	1				
Spectral Noise(10 Hz)	5.2 µV/√Hz	5.2 µV/√Hz	[4]					
pectral Noise(100 Hz)	1.7 μV/√Hz	1.7 µV/√Hz	[4]	1				
pectral Noise(1 kHz)	1.8 μV/√Hz	1.8 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Spectral Noise(10 kHz)	1.4 µV/√Hz	1.4 µV/√Hz	[4]					
Physical		and the second sec						
Electrical Connector(ICP® Sensor Input)	BNC Jack	BNC Jack						
Electrical Connector(Output)	BNC Jack	BNC Jack		SUPPLIED AC				
Electrical Connector(DC Power Input)	5-socket DIN (female)	5-socket DIN (female)		Model 017AXX P				
Size (Height x Width x Depth)		8.1 cm x 20 cm x 15 cm		Model 488B04/N	C Power Convertor	(1)		
Veight	1.25 lb	567 gm						
, organization of the second	1.2010	oor gin		Entered: LK	Engineer: CPH	Sales: ML	Approved: ECB	Spec Number:
				Date: 7/18/2017	Date: 7/18/2017	Date: 7/18/2017	Date: 7/18/2017	38208
All specifications are at room temperature unless otherwis n the interest of constant product improvement, we reserv		cifications without notice.		*DCE		ONICC		6-684-0001
CP [®] is a registered trademark of PCB Group, Inc.	.g			3425 Walden Ave	nue, Depew, NY 14		Fax: 716-6 E-Mail: inf	84-0987 o@pcb.com

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE SIGNAL CONDITIONER

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE OF THE SIGNAL CONDITIONER

Model Number:		482C1	5			Customer:	
Serial Number:							
						P.O.:	
			Conditioner				Comparison Method (AT104 00)
Manufacturer:		PCB		-		Method :	Comparison Method (AT104-29)
			Ca	libration l	Data		
Tempe	erature:	73	°F (23 °C)			Humidity:	58%
	Г	Channel	Volts	Current	Cole Vd	Gain	Gain
	ŀ	1	25.7	(mA) 4.18	Gain X1 1.000	X10 10.008	X100 99.9
		2	25.7	4.19	0.999	10.009	99.9
		3	25.7	4.22	1.000	10.008	99.9
	n/a	4		4.22	1.000	10.009	99.9
		4 t, in tolerand	Col	ndition of		10.009	99.9
			Col			10.009	99.9
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S	New unit	t, in tolerand	Cor ce PCB control nu	Notes	Unit		
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha	New unit	t, in tolerand	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w	Notes	i Unit	n PCB Piezol	tronics, Inc.
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfo Measurement unco	New unit	ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w tith ISO 9001, I ce level with a	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact	Unit Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i tor of 2) for th	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS	tronics, Inc.
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor	New unit	ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w tith ISO 9001, I ce level with a	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact	Unit Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i tor of 2) for th	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS	tronics, Inc. SO 17025.
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer	New unit	ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden ation Sheet f	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w tith ISO 9001, I ce level with a	Notes Notes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor	Unit Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i tor of 2) for th	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS	tronics, Inc. SO 17025.
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer	New unit	ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden ation Sheet f	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed lis	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor	Unit Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i tor of 2) for th	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS	tronics, Inc. SO 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 %
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer	New unit	ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden ation Sheet f	Col ce PCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed lis	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor	Unit Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i tor of 2) for th	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS	tronics, Inc. 30 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date:05/08/15
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer	New unit	t, in tolerand ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden ation Sheet f CVega Q	Co CCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed list	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1., coverage fact sting of perfor	Unit approval fror ANSI/NCSL i or of 2) for th mance speci	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS ne sensitivity r fications.	tronics, Inc. 30 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date:05/08/15
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer	New unit	t, in tolerand ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden ation Sheet f CVega Q	Co CCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed list J.	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1., coverage fact sting of perfor	approval fror ANSI/NCSL 2 for of 2) for th mance speci	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS ne sensitivity r fications.	tronics, Inc. 30 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date: _05/08/15
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S. This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer Technician:	New unit	t, in tolerand ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden- ation Sheet f CVega Q	Co CCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed lis J.	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor perfor DECOT Mathematical States SO 2012 States Walden Ave pew, New York	approval from ANSI/NCSL : tor of 2) for th mance speci TRONICS	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS ne sensitivity r fications.	tronics, Inc. SO 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date: Due Date:
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S. This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer Technician:	New unit	t, in tolerand ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden- ation Sheet f CVega Q	Co CCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed lis J.	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor PIEZOT 1425 Walden Avo	approval from ANSI/NCSL : tor of 2) for th mance speci TRONICS	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS ne sensitivity r fications.	tronics, Inc. 30 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date: _05/08/15
As Left: Calibration is N.I.S. This certificate sha Calibration is perfor Measurement unco See Manufacturer Technician:	New unit	t, in tolerand ble through f eproduced, e ompliance w 5% confiden- ation Sheet f CVega Q	Co CCB control nu except in full, w ith ISO 9001, I ce level with a for a detailed lis J.	Notes Motes mber QC-214 ithout written SO 10012-1, coverage fact sting of perfor perfor DECOT Mathematical States SO 2012 States Walden Ave pew, New York	approval from ANSI/NCSL : tor of 2) for th mance speci TRONICS	m PCB Piezot Z540.3 and IS ne sensitivity r fications.	tronics, Inc. SO 17025. reading is +/- 0.2 % Date: Due Date:

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE IMPACT HAMMER

Model Number 086E80	ICP® IMPACT HAMMER								evision: C CN #: 44362
	tion om temperature unless otherw		SI 22.5 mV/N 222 N pk ≥ 100 kHz ≤ 1 % 20 to 30 VDC 2 to 20 mA <100 Ohm 8 to 14 VDC ≥ 100 sec Quartz Epoxy 4.8 gm 6.3 mm 2.5 mm 107 mm Side 1.25 gm 5-44 Coaxial	[2] [1] [1] [3] [3] [4]	model NOTES: [1]Typical. [2]Steel tip with na [3]With plastic har [3]With plastic har [3]With aluminum [5]See PCB Decla SUPPLIED AC Model 001A20 Ca Model 001A20 Ca Model 018G10 Mi (1) Model 080A109 F Model 084A17 Ali Model 084A17 Ali Model 084A17 Ali	ons have identical s el except where note o extender mass. Idle attached. handle attached. iration of Conformar CESSORIES: ise (1) niature coaxial cable retro Wax (1)	ed below. More than nce PS136 for detai e, vinyl insulation ja bly (2) 5-44 connector (1) (3)	ils.	e used.
In the interest of constant ICP [®] is a registered trader	product improvement, we rese nark of PCB Group, Inc.	erve the right to change speci	fications without notice.		Entered: JM	Engineer: NJF	Sales: RWM	Approved: NJF	Spec Number:
ç					Date: 6/29/2015	Date: 6/29/2015	Date: 6/29/2015	Date: 6/29/2015	38869
			WPC5 3425 Walden Aver	PIEZOTA	RONICS "	Fax: 716	16-684-0001 -684-0987 1fo@pcb.com		

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE OF THE IMPACT HAMMER

Model	No.: 086E80		Cu	ustomer:		
Serial I	No.: <u>36616</u>					
Descript	ion: Impulse Force	Hammer	P	O No.:		
Manufactu	irer: <u>PCB</u>		Calibration Me Data	ethod: Imp	ulse (AT-303-1)	
utput Bias:	10.2	Temp	erature:	74 ° _F 23	°C Relative Humi	lity: 54 %
н	AMMER SENSITI	VITY:				
	Hammer Configuration	Tip	Steel	Vinyl	Vinyl	
· · · ·		Extender	None	Steel	None	
	Hammer Sensitivity	mV/lb (mV/N)	105.1	79.94	76.54	
L	۸b		is valid for	all supplied tips		
C	ondition of Unit:	ove udta		an supplied tips		
	As Found N/A As Left New Unit, Ir	Tolerance				
Ν	otes:	Tolerance				
Ň	1. Calibration is NIST	not be repr med in com specification	oduced, except in pliance with ISO sheet for a detail	n full, without written 10012-1, ANSI/NCSL ed listing of performar	approval from PCB Pie Z540.3. Ice specifications.	
Technicia	n: <u>Richard Gardner</u>	NH		Date: <u>5/29/2015</u>		
D # 1862 D1		®PC	BPIEZOI 3425 Walden A Depew, N.Y. 1	venue		
🕿 TEL	.: 716-684-0001	1	🖹 FAX: 716-68	34-0987	🚊 www.	DCD.COM

APPENDIX A – TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE SENSORS AND OF THE AUTOMATED IMPACT HAMMER

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE ARDUINO MICROCONTROLLER



Microcontroller	ATmega328P
Operating Voltage	5V
Input Voltage (recommended)	7-12V
Input Voltage (limit)	6-20V
Digital I/O Pins	14 (of which 6 provide PWM output)
PWM Digital I/O Pins	6
Analog Input Pins	6
DC Current per I/O Pin	20 mA
DC Current for 3.3V Pin	50 mA
Flash Memory	32 KB (ATmega328P) of which 0.5 KB used by bootloader
SRAM	2 KB (ATmega328P)
EEPROM	1 KB (ATmega328P)
Clock Speed	16 MHz
LED_BUILTIN	13
Length	68.6 mm
Width	53.4 mm
Weight	25 g

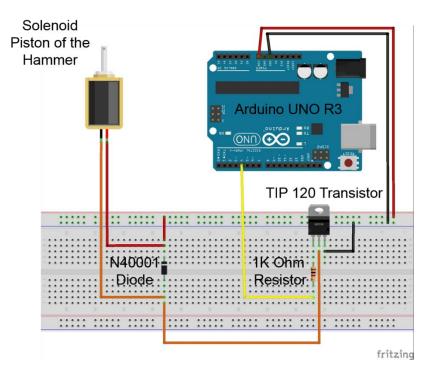
CODE PROGRAMING THE ARDUINO MICROCONTROLLER

-	-	 	
\mathbf{v}			

Eccoi

E	ssa
1	<pre>int solenoidPin = 13; //This is the output pin on the Arduino we are using</pre>
2	
3	<pre>void setup() {</pre>
4	// put your setup code here, to run once:
5	<pre>pinMode(solenoidPin, OUTPUT); //Sets the pin as an output</pre>
6	}
7	
	void loop()
9	<pre>// put your main code here, to run repeatedly:</pre>
10	<pre>// for loop increasing the value of variable i from 0 to 15 in steps of 1</pre>
11	for (int i=0; i <= 14; i++) {
12	<pre>digitalWrite(solenoidPin, HIGH); //Switch Solenoid ON</pre>
13	delay(30); //Wait 30 Millisecond
14	<pre>digitalWrite(solenoidPin, LOW); //Switch Solenoid OFF</pre>
15	delay(1000); //Wait 1 Second
16	} // fin de la boucle for
17	delay(10000);
18	}

ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT CONTROLLING THE AUTOMATED IMPACT HAMMER



APPENDIX B- DATA BASE OF 2S2P1D MODEL AND WLF EQUATION CONSTANTS OBTAINED FROM CYCLIC TENSION-COMPRESSION TESTS PERFORMED ON DIFFERENT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES

APPENDIX B – DATA BASE OF 2S2P1D MODEL AND WLF EQUATION CONSTANTS OBTAINED FROM CYCLIC TENSION-COMPRESSION TESTS PERFORMED ON DIFFERENT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES

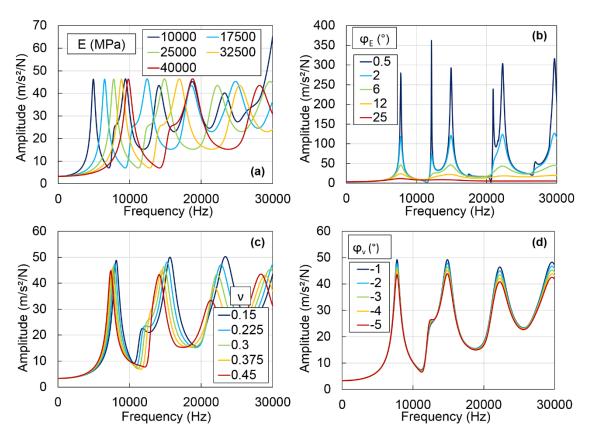
Table B.1. 2S2P1D model and WLF equation constants obtained from cyclic tension-compression tests performed on different bituminous mixtures.

Material	Specimen	2S2P1D model							WLF Equation at 15°C				
Wateriai	speeinen	E ₀₀ (MPa)	E ₀ (MPa)	V ₀	V ₀₀	δ	k	h	β	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	$\tau_{v15^{\circ}C}(s)$	C ₁	C_2
	10	47	39 000	0.23	0.39				0 220	0.77	77.5	31.6	
E1525-5.1-0	1	47	40 000	0.24	0.39	2.28							213.7
	2	47	39 400	0.21	0.44		0.152	0.49					
E1525-5.8-1.25	7	20	36 500	0.25	0.50	2.20				0.83	333.1	33.1	213.8
E1525-5.8-1.25	12	20	36 500	0.24	0.47	2.20				0.85	555.1	55.1	213.8
E3550-4.4-0	6	10	40 800	0.24	0.55	2.00				0.10	73.5		
E3330-4.4-0	11	15	41 600	0.27	0.47	2.00	_			0.10	13.5		
E3550-4.4-1.25	1	11	40 800	0.26	0.47	1.95				0.14	54.5		
E3330-4.4-1.23	4	11	41 100	0.26	0.54	1.95				0.14			
E3550-4.4-2.5	2	70	41 500	0.27	0.45	- 1.82			0.18 3.4				
£3330-4.4-2.3	1	55	42 000	0.23	0.51		_			0.10	5.4	-	
E3550-5.1-0	1	19	38 800	0.26	0.50	- 2.0				0.09	57.4		
E3330-3.1-0	2	25	38 700	0.26	0.50				0.07	57.4			
E3550-5.1-1.25	8	9	38 400	0.27	0.56	1.95	.95 0.172	0.57	95	0.09	37.6	32.0	213.0
L3330-3.1-1.23	12	10	39 300	0.25	0.58		0.172	0.57					213.0
E3550-5.1-2.5	2	18	40 300	0.25	0.50	- 1.90				0.12	36.1		
13550-5.1-2.5	4	42	39 000	0.22	0.53	1.90	_						
E3550-5.8-0	4	20	37 700	0.27	0.51	2.00				0.04	25.4		
E3330-3.8-0	12	18	36 700	0.27	0.60	2.00	_			0.04	23.4		
E3550-5.8-1.25	10	18	36 400	0.29	0.51	2.20				0.06	22.6		
15550-5.8-1.25	6	9	35 400	0.25	0.58	2.20	_			0.06	22.0		
E3550-5.8-2.5	1	9	37 600	0.23	0.49	- 2.00				0.07 43.	43.5		
19990-9.0-2.9	4	12	38 600	0.24	0.63						43.3		
E3550M-5.1-1.25	4	20	38 900	0.22	0.48	2.40	0.142	0.45	3 000	0.04	20.5	33.1	215.2
1333011-3.1-1.23	3	24	39 300	0.27	0.53	2.40	0.142	0.43	5 000	0.04	20.3	55.1	213.2

APPENDIX B – DATA BASE OF 2S2P1D MODEL AND WLF EQUATION CONSTANTS OBTAINED FROM CYCLIC TENSION-COMPRESSION TESTS PERFORMED ON DIFFERENT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES

Material	Specimen	E ₀₀ (MPa)	E ₀ (MPa)	V ₀	V 00	δ	k	h	β	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	τ _{v15°C} (s)	C ₁	C ₂
Ebip-5.1-1.25	9	43	40 600	0.25	0.52	2.05	0.166	0.55	1 000	0.09	50.3	33.8	209.0
E01p-3.1-1.23	2	17	40 000	0.35	0.52	2.05	0.100	0.55		0.09	50.5	33.8	209.0
Eort-5.1-1.25	3	17	40 000	0.30	0.61	1.79	0.178	0.53	9 000	0.002	0.2	32.0	215.4
Lon-J.1-1.23	9	21	39 300	0.30	0.42	1.79	0.178	0.55	9 000	0.002	0.2	32.0	
M1	M1R1	180	42 000	0.19	0.49	2.00	0.230	0.50	400	0.04	-	27.1	187.4
M2	M2U2	12	30 900	0.21	0.38	2.30	0.170	0.55	150	0.20	-	17.8	132.8
A.0.15-25	-	13	37 200	0.22	0.48	2.50	0.165	0.51	680	2.90	19.0	41.6	249.9
A.0.35-50	-	14	36 000	0.35	0.35	2.25	0.179	0.56	200	0.21	1.5	30.9	196.0
A.20.35-50	-	16	37 250	0.47	0.47	2.40	0.173	0.54	300	0.30	10.0	31.7	198.8
A.40.35-50	-	18	38 450	-	-	2.54	0.168	0.51	480	2.10	-	32.0	196.1
A.60.35-50	-	20	38 750	0.14	0.38	2.63	0.162	0.51	900	7.00	40.0	35.5	219.7
A.0.70-100	-	13	38 600	0.20	0.51	2.15	0.179	0.54	300	0.018	0.1	36.9	237.0
A.20.70-100	-	21	39 250	0.21	0.50	2.15	0.173	0.53	500	0.045	1.0	36.6	238.4
A.60.70-100	-	17	39 500	0.20	0.47	2.62	0.162	0.50	1 400	2.00	15.0	38.8	239.9
A.100.RAP	-	23	39 100	-	-	2.26	0.153	0.48	500	16.50	-	59.0	376.3
HM	C5P2M1	- 50	36 200	0.12	0.35	_				0	10	27.6	192.8
	C6P2M1		36 400	0.10	0.38					0.48		27.0	192.8
HM30	C2P2M2	- 70	37 500	0.14	0.38					0.7	าา	27.0	190.8
ПМЗО	C5P2M2		38 500	0.22	0.38				-	0.22		27.0 1	190.8
WME0.4	C2P2M3	20	35 200	0.12	0.35					0.24		28.0	106.2
WINEU.4	C7P2M3	30	35 200	0.17	0.37					0	24	28.0	196.2
WN/20E0 /	C2P2M4	40	34 500	0.12	0.32	2 10	0.165	0.51	100	0.15		267	105.9
WM30E0.4	C3P2M4	40	34 500	0.13	0.35	2.10	0.165	0.51	100	0.	15	26.7	195.8
WM20D0 4	C3P2M5	25	34 900	0.11	0.41					0	10	26.0	102.0
WM30B0.4	C5P2M5	35	35 700	0.12	0.42					0.	0.12	26.9	193.0
WAM50E0 4	C2P2M6	50	35 200	0.18	0.38					0	1.4	27.2	105.0
WM50E0.4	C5P2M6	50	35 800	0.13	0.45					0.14		27.2 195	195.9
W/M50D0 4	C2P2M7	40	35 200	0.15	0.38					0	12	77 /	105.0
WM50B0.4	C4P2M7	40	34 700	0.12	0.33					0.	12	27.4	195.9

APPENDIX C- RESULTS OF THE PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS FOR THE COMPLEX MODULUS AND COMPLEX POISSON'S RATIO



RESULTS FOR THE FLEXURAL MODE OF THE DISC

Figure C.1. Influence of the LVE properties on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc: (a) norm of the complex modulus; (b) phase angle of the complex modulus; (c) norm of the complex Poisson's ratio; (d) phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.4.

Table C.1. Values of the RSD for the two first resonance frequencies and amplitudes for the
flexural mode of the disc. The LVE property indicated in the left column varies while the other
properties are set to their median values indicated in Table 4.4.

LVE property	RSD 1 st frequency (%)	RSD 1 st amplitude (%)	RSD 2 nd frequency (%)	RSD 2 nd amplitude (%)	RSD 3 rd frequency (%)	RSD 3 rd amplitude (%)
Е	25.6	0.0	25.6	0.0	25.6	0.0
φ	0.2	115.4	3.7	119.0	-	-
ν	3.9	3.4	4.0	5.6	3.6	15.8
ϕ_{ν}	0.0	4.8	0.0	4.6	0.0	5.1



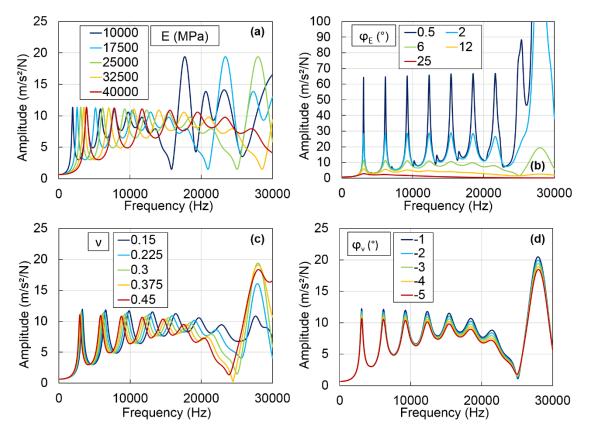
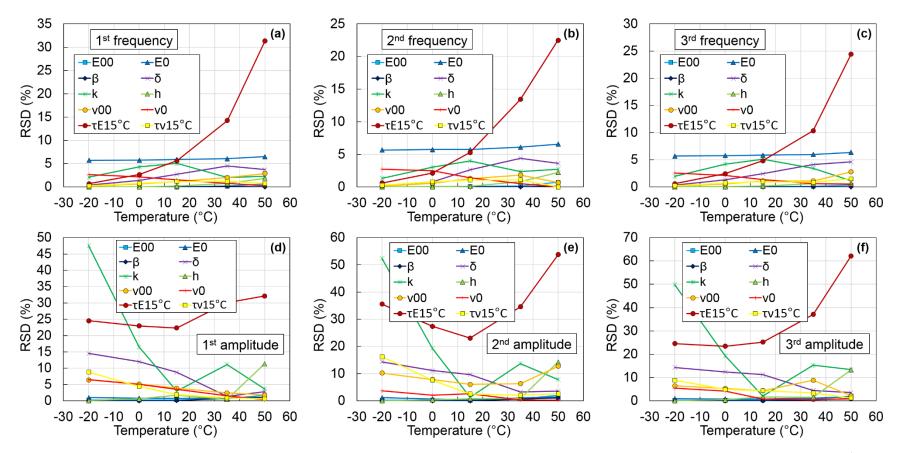


Figure C.2. Influence of the LVE properties on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam: (a) norm of the complex modulus; (b) phase angle of the complex modulus; (c) norm of the complex Poisson's ratio; (d) phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.4.

Table C.2. Values of the RSD for the two first resonance frequencies and amplitude	s for the
torsional mode of the straight beam. The LVE property indicated in the left column	varies
while the other properties are set to their median values indicated in Table 4.4.	

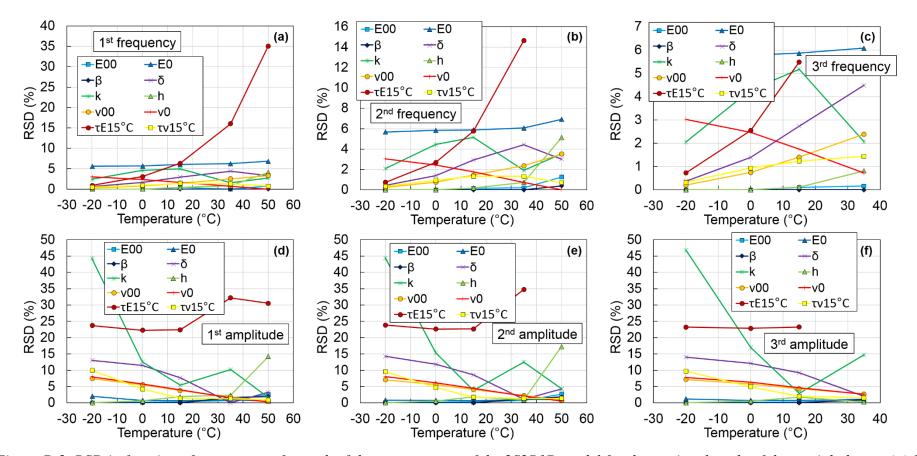
LVE property	RSD 1 st frequency (%)	RSD 1 st amplitude (%)	RSD 2 nd frequency (%)	RSD 2 nd amplitude (%)	RSD 3 rd frequency (%)	RSD 3 rd amplitude (%)
Е	25.7	0.1	25.5	0.0	25.6	0.0
φε	0.6	112.3	1.1	114.2	-	-
ν	4.6	3.0	4.6	3.0	4.6	3.1
ϕ_{ν}	0.0	5.5	0.0	5.6	0.0	5.8

APPENDIX D - RESULTS OF THE PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS FOR THE CONSTANTS OF THE 2S2P1D MODEL



RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION (RSD) RESULTS FOR THE FLEXURAL MODE OF THE DISC

Figure D.1. RSD in function of temperature for each of the ten constants of the 2S2P1D model for the flexural mode of the disc: (a) 1st resonance frequency; (b) 2nd resonance frequency; (c) 3rd resonance frequency; (d) 1st resonance amplitude; (e) 2nd resonance amplitude; (f) 3rd resonance frequency.



RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION (RSD) RESULTS FOR THE TORSIONAL MODE OF THE STRAIGHT BEAM

Figure D.2. RSD in function of temperature for each of the ten constants of the 2S2P1D model for the torsional mode of the straight beam: (a) 1st resonance frequency; (b) 2nd resonance frequency; (c) 3rd resonance frequency; (d) 1st resonance amplitude; (e) 2nd resonance amplitude; (f) 3rd resonance amplitude.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS FOR THE LONGITUDINAL MODE OF THE CYLINDER

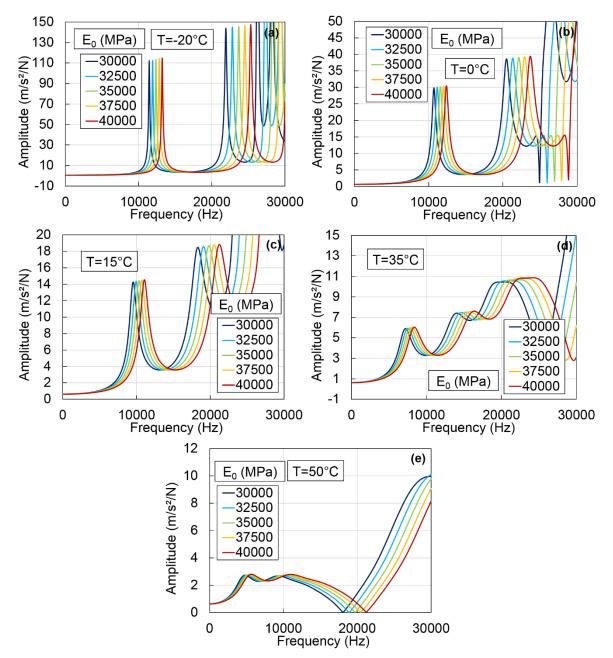


Figure D.3. Influence of constant E₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

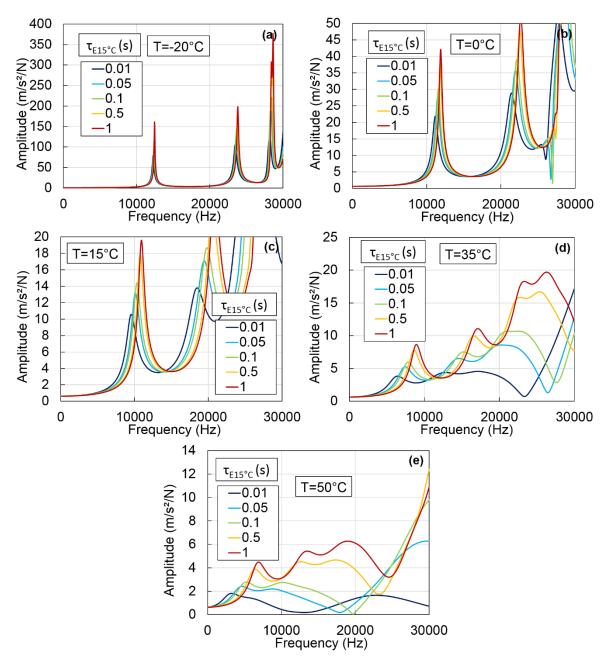


Figure D.4. Influence of constant τ_{E15°C} of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

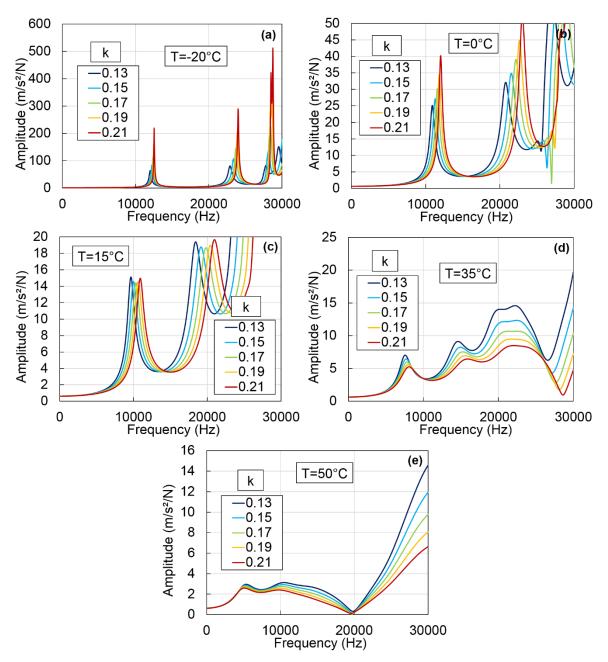


Figure D.5. Influence of constant k of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

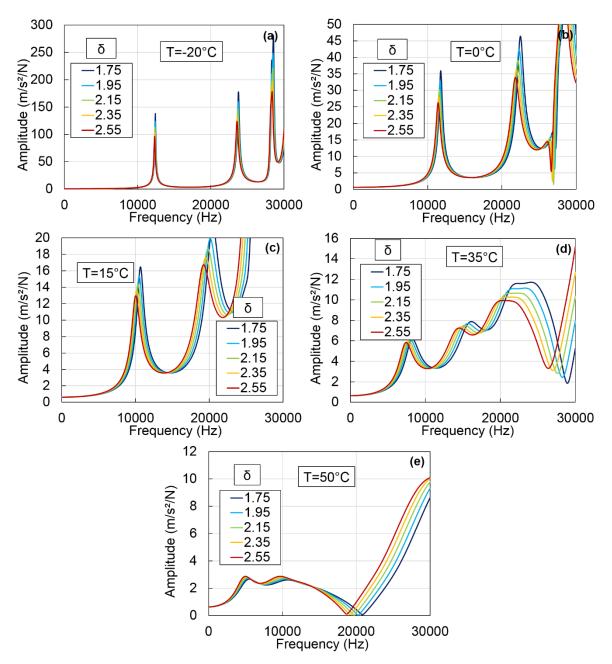


Figure D.6. Influence of constant δ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

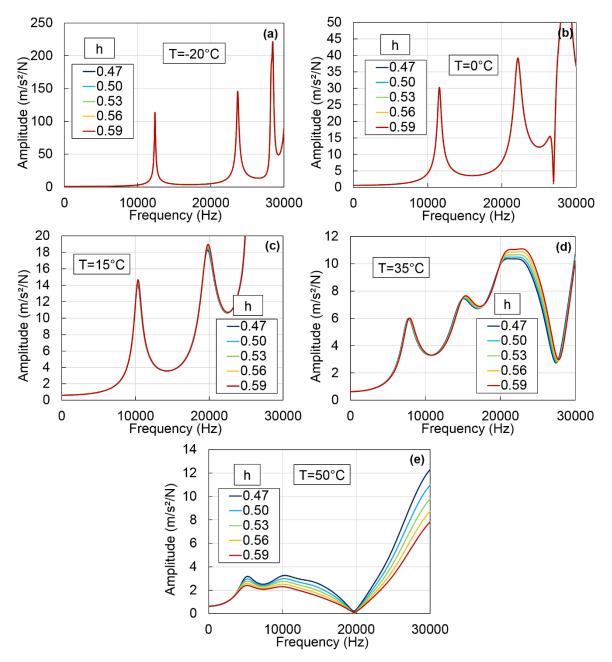


Figure D.7. Influence of constant h of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

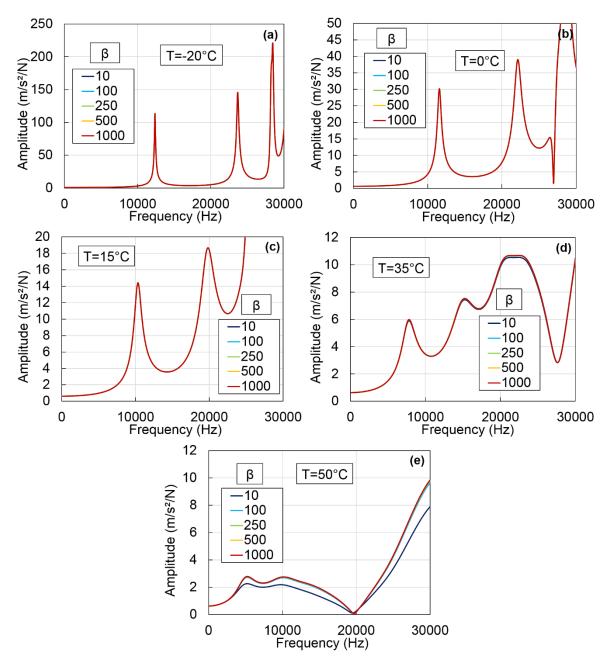


Figure D.8. Influence of constant β of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

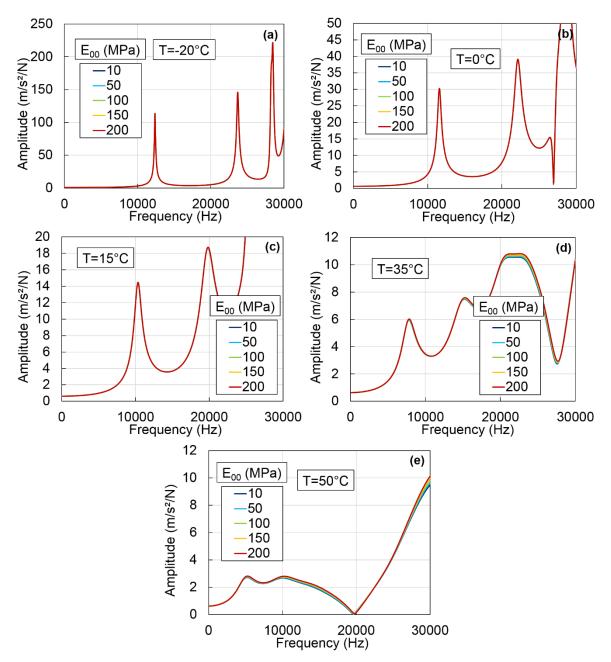


Figure D.9. Influence of constant E₀₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

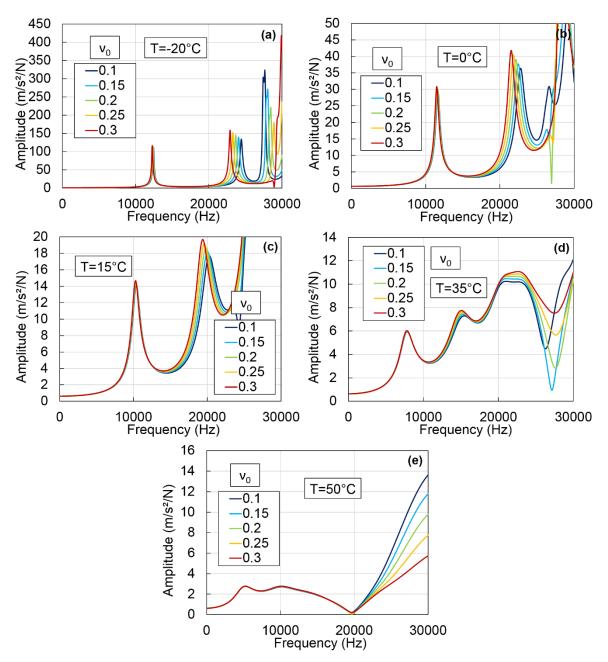


Figure D.10. Influence of constant v₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

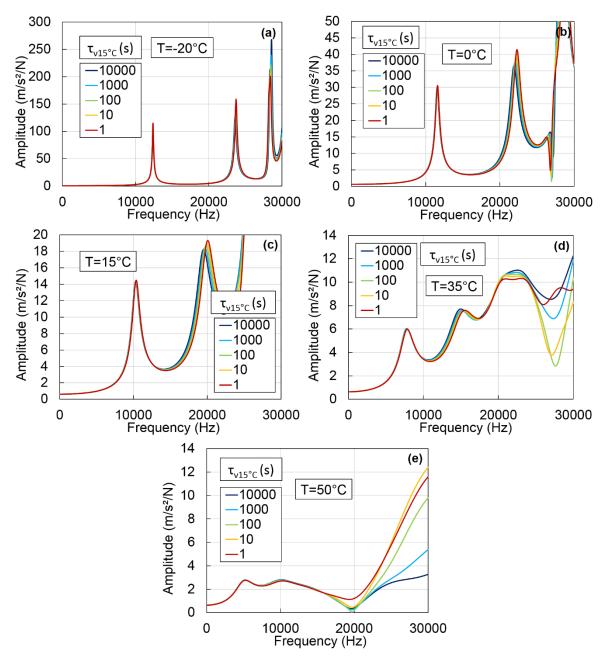


Figure D.11. Influence of constant $\tau_{v15^{\circ}C}$ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

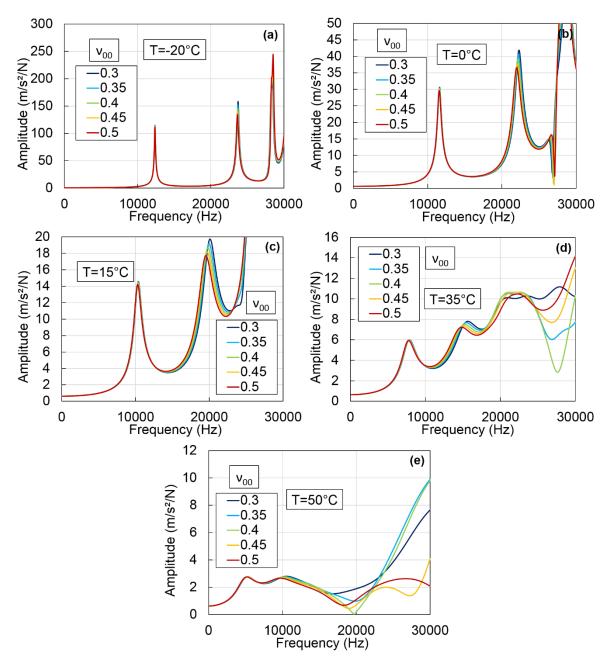


Figure D.12. Influence of constant voo of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the longitudinal mode of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS FOR THE FLEXURAL MODE OF THE DISC

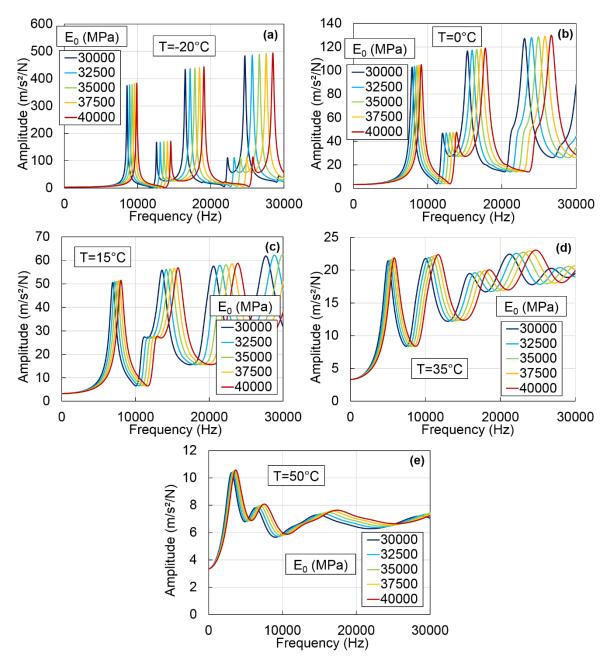


Figure D.13. Influence of constant E₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

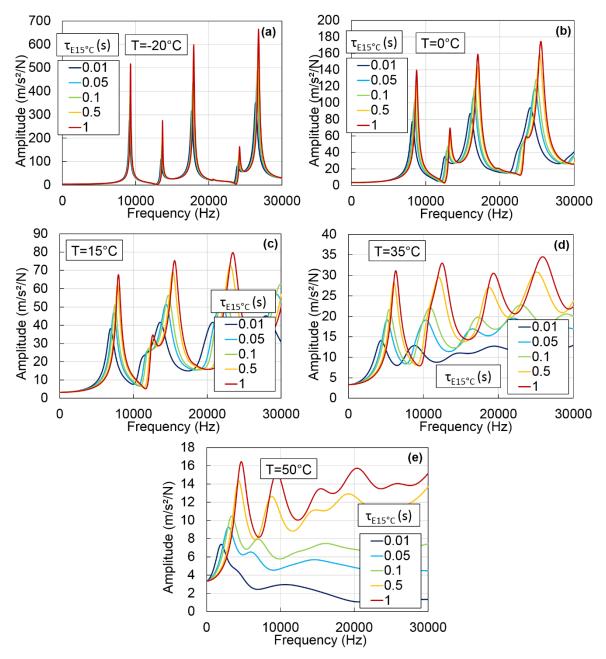


Figure D.14. Influence of constant $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

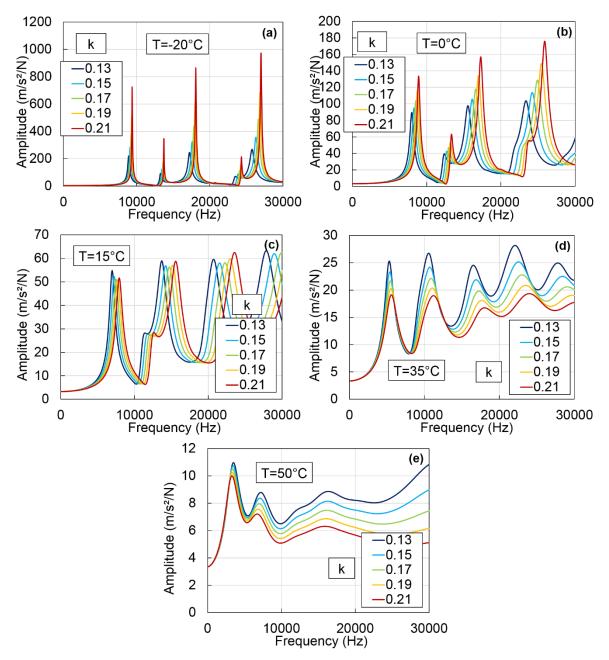


Figure D.15. Influence of constant k of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

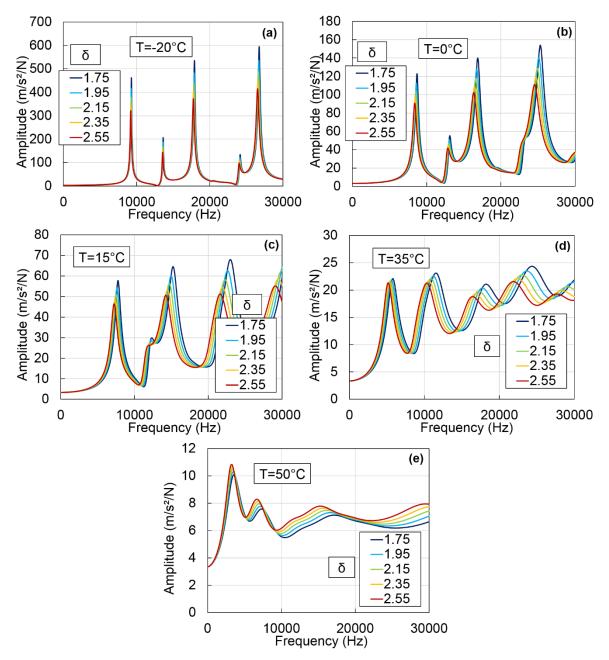


Figure D.16. Influence of constant δ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

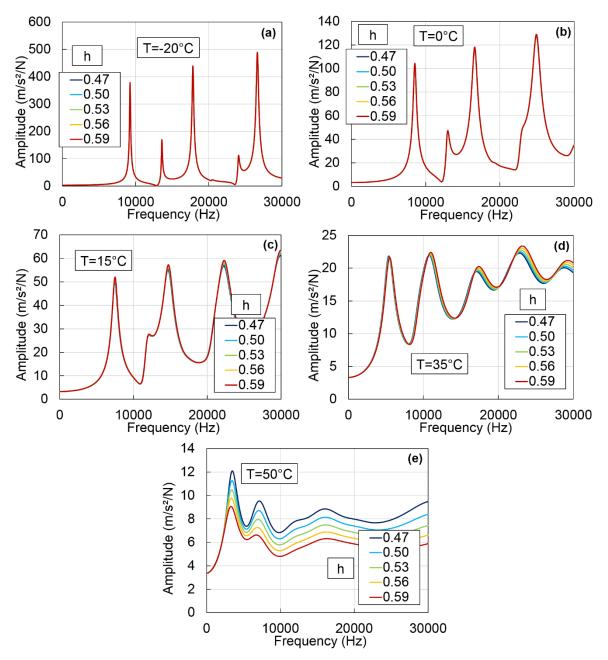


Figure D.17. Influence of constant h of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

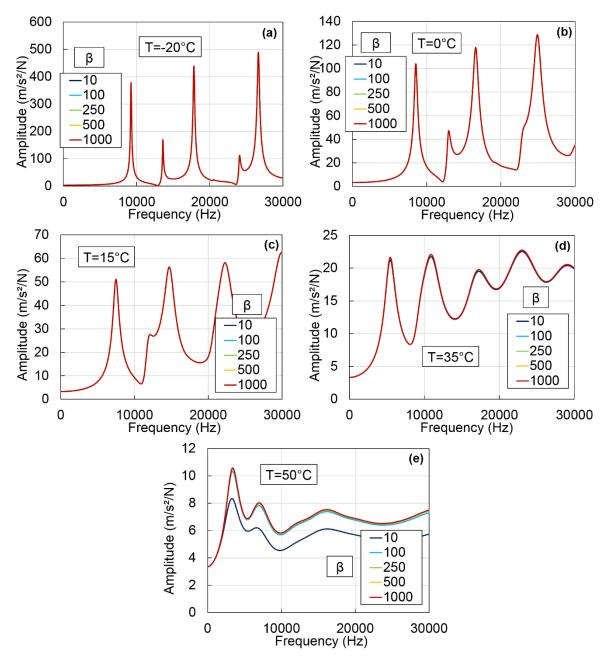


Figure D.18. Influence of constant β of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

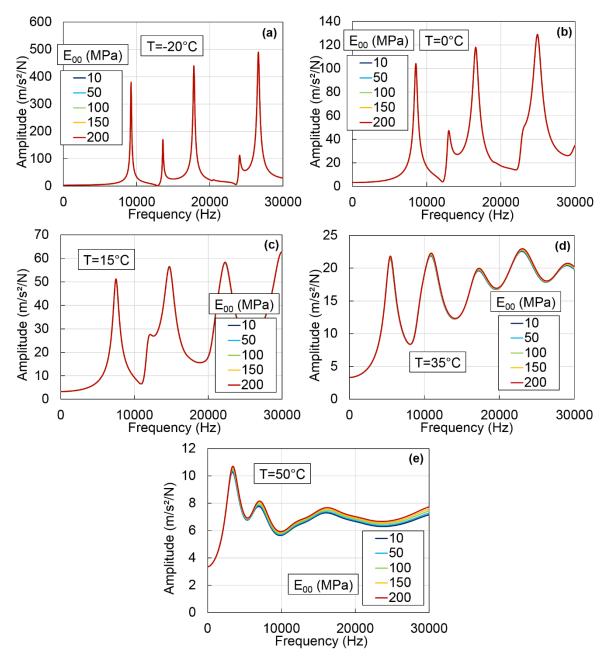


Figure D.19. Influence of constant E00 of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

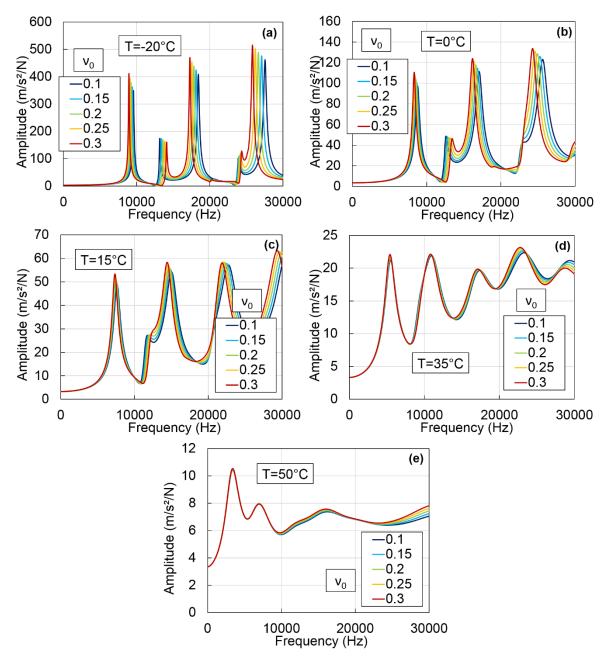


Figure D.20. Influence of constant v₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

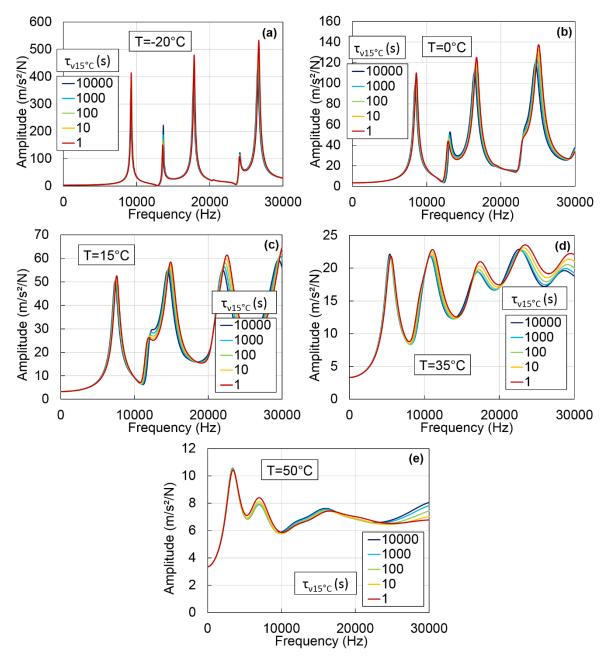


Figure D.21. Influence of constant $\tau_{v15^{\circ}C}$ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

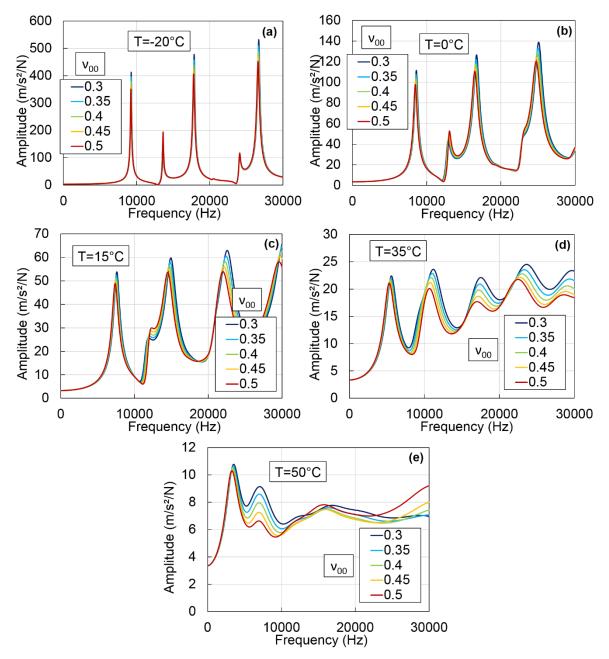
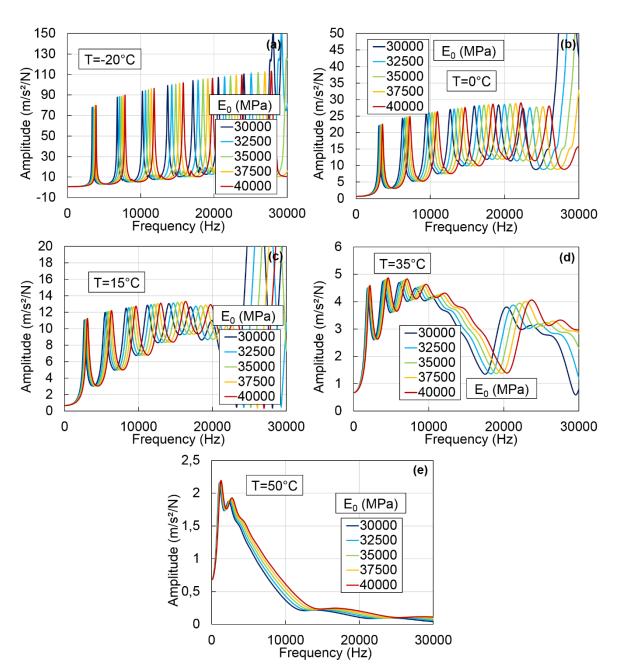


Figure D.22. Influence of constant voo of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.



FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS FOR THE TORSIONAL MODE OF THE STRAIGHT BEAM

Figure D.23. Influence of constant E₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

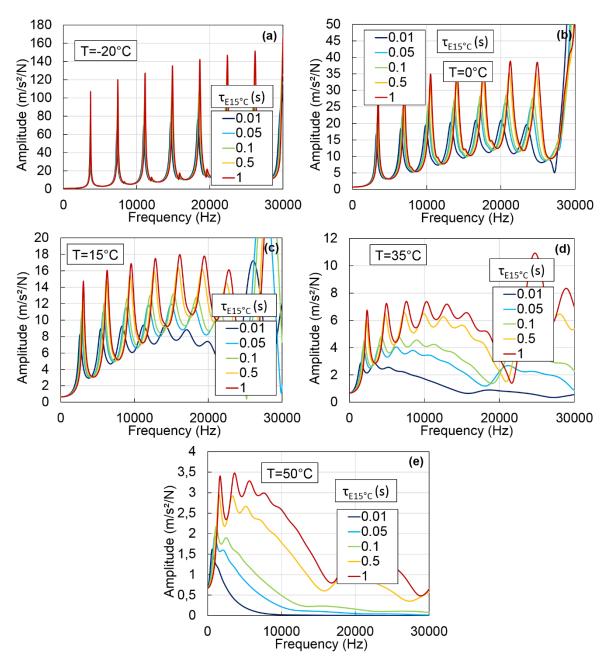


Figure D.24. Influence of constant $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

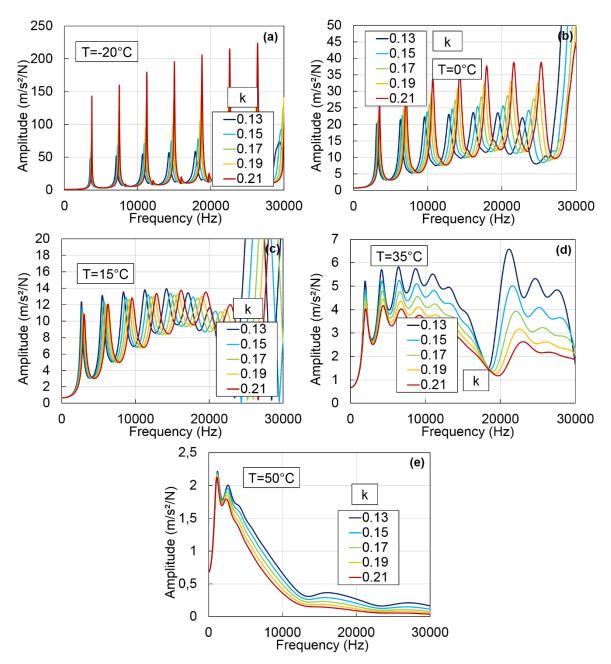


Figure D.25. Influence of constant k of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

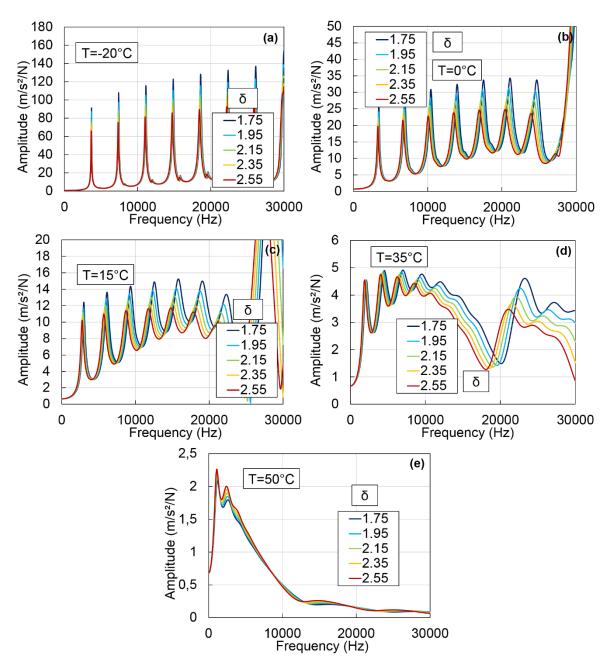


Figure D.26. Influence of constant δ *of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.*

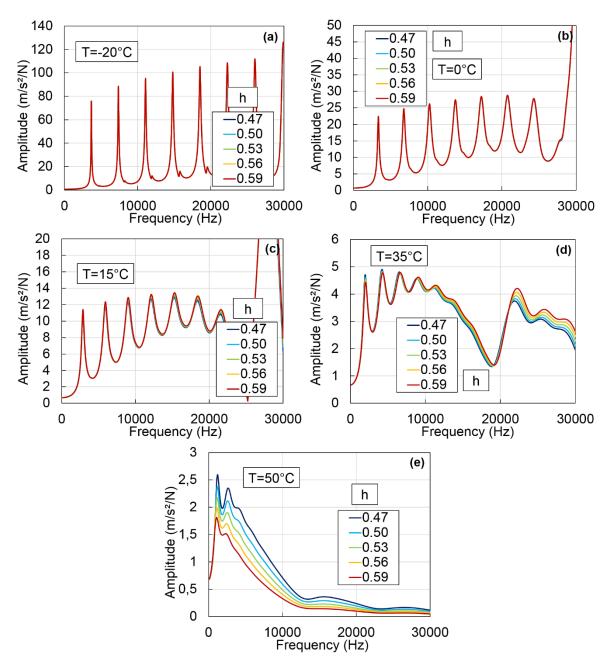


Figure D.27. Influence of constant h of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

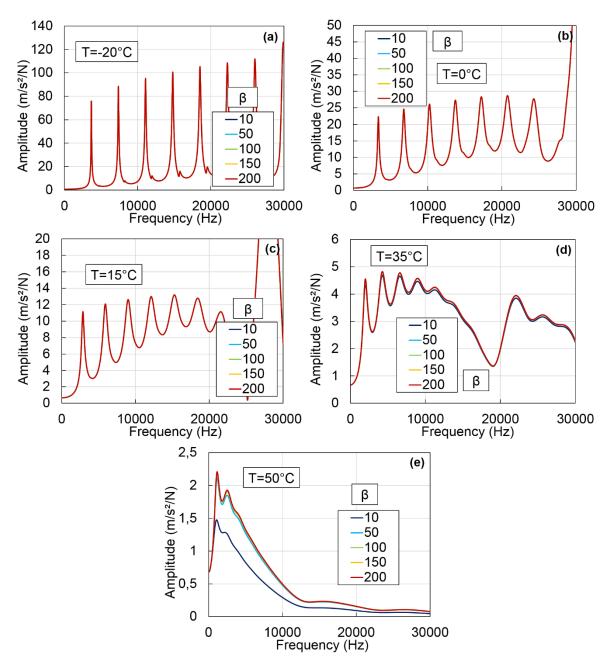


Figure D.28. Influence of constant β of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

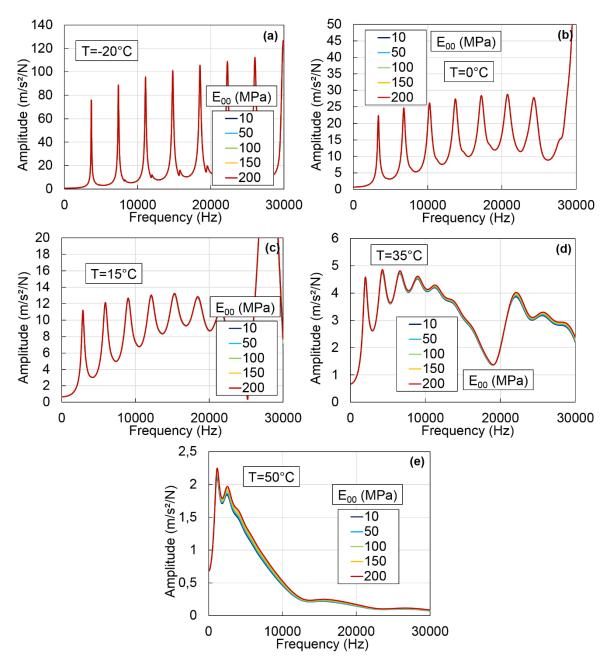


Figure D.29. Influence of constant E₀₀ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

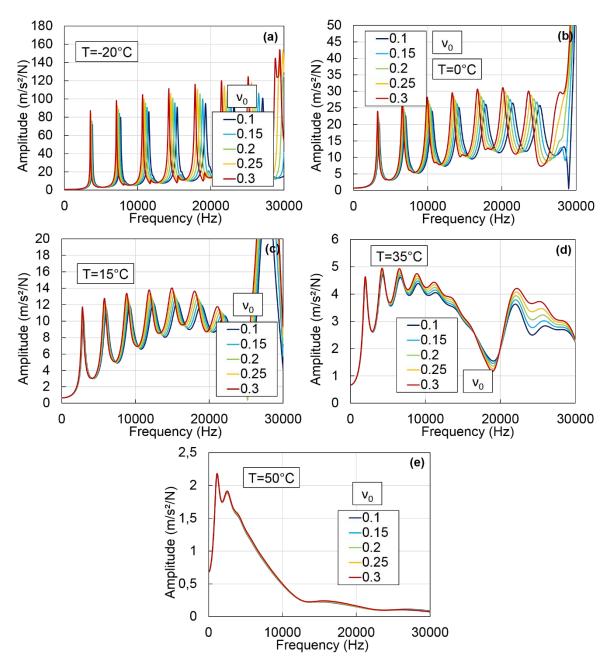


Figure D.30. Influence of constant vo of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

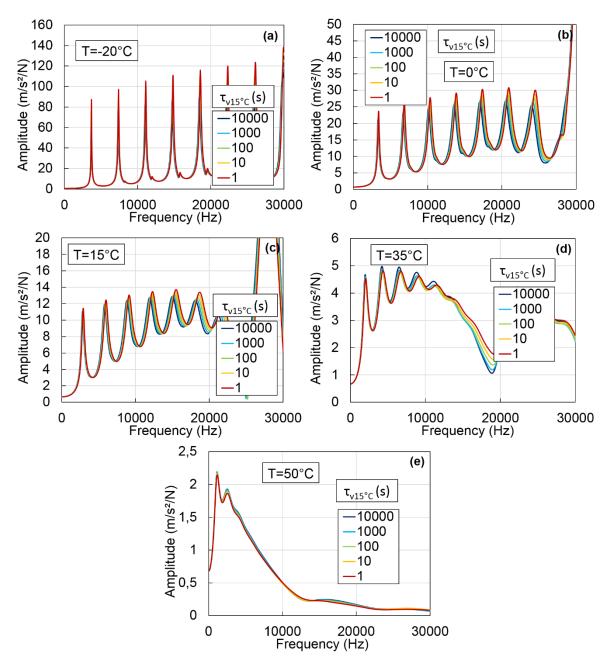


Figure D.31. Influence of constant $\tau_{v15^{\circ}C}$ of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

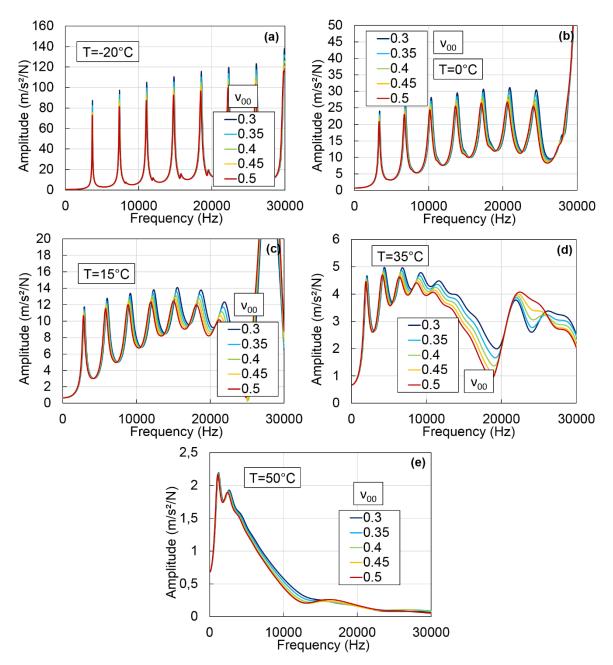
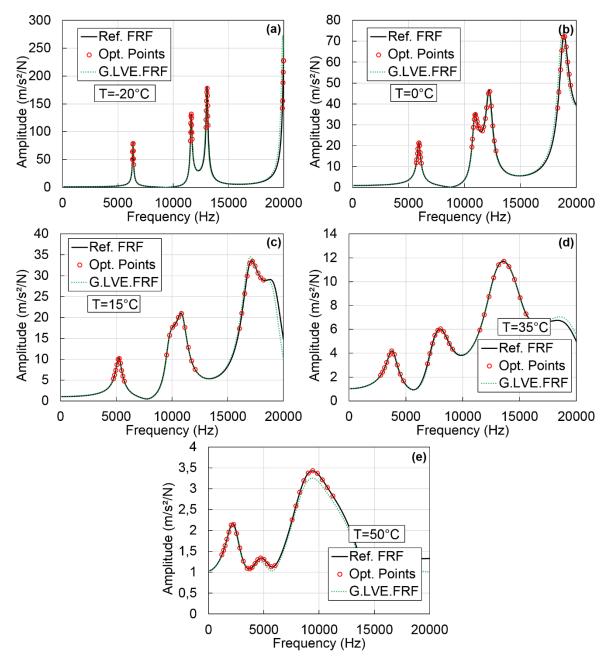


Figure D.32. Influence of constant voo of the 2S2P1D model on the FRFs of the torsional mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C. The constants not listed in each figure have the median value given in Table 4.6.

APPENDIX E- RESULTS OF METHOD II FOR THE REFERENCE LVE MATERIAL



FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS

Figure E.1. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE.FRF) for method II. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Results for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

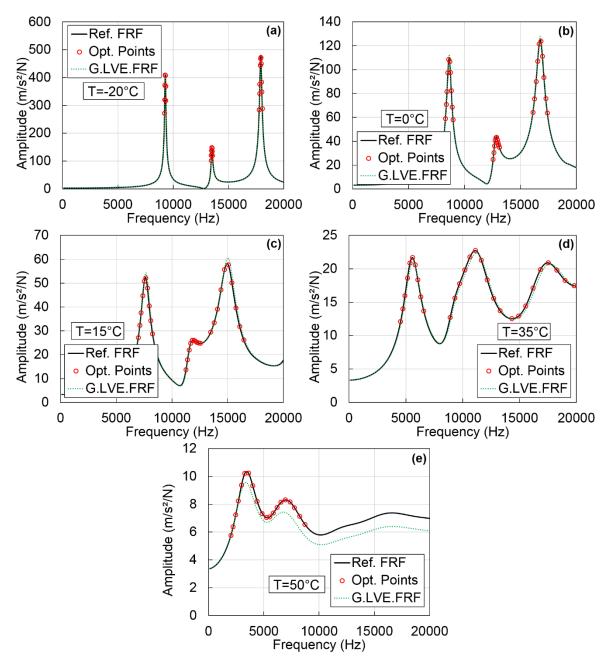


Figure E.2. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE.FRF) for method II. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Results for the flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

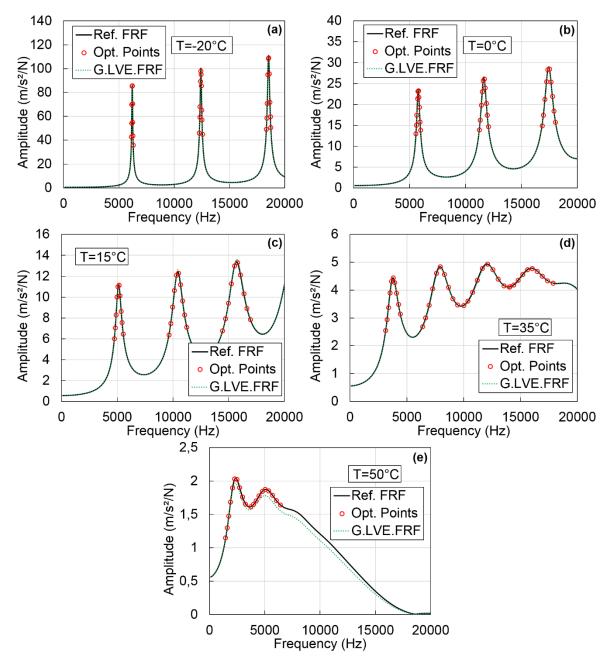


Figure E.3. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE.FRF) for method II. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Results for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

FREQUENCY USED FOR THE COMPARISON OF THE VALUES OF THE COMPLEX MODULUS

Table E.1. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal mode of the cylinder.

Temperature (°C)	Frequencies (Hz)						
-20	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000	
0	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000	
15	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	
35	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	
50	4 000	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	

Table E.2. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder.

Temperature (°C)	Frequencies (Hz)					
-20	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
0	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
15	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000
35	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000
50	4 000	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000

Table E.3. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

Temperature (°C)	Frequencies (Hz)					
-20	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
0	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
15	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000
35	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000
50	4 000	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000

Table E.4. Frequencies selected for the comparison of the values of the complex modulus at each temperature for the flexural mode of the disc.

Temperature (°C)	Frequencies (Hz)					
-20	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
0	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000	20 000
15	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000	18 000
35	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000	16 000
50	4 000	6 000	8 000	10 000	12 000	14 000



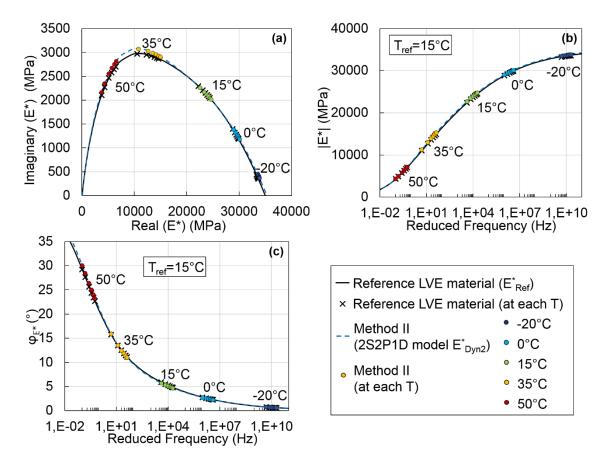


Figure E.4. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method II (E^{*}_{Dyn2}) with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^{*}_{Ref}). (a)
Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder.

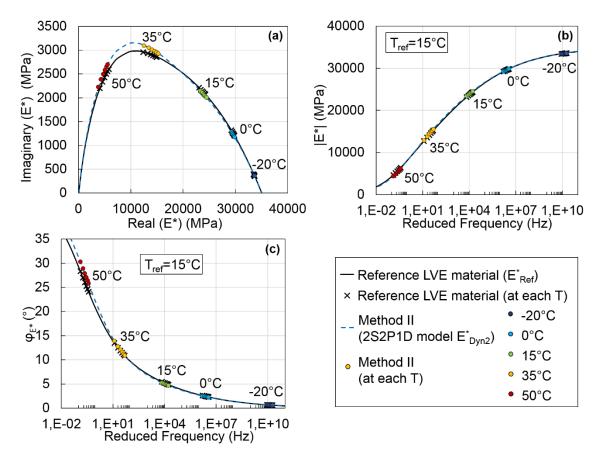


Figure E.5. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method II (E^*_{Dyn2}) with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the flexural mode of the disc.

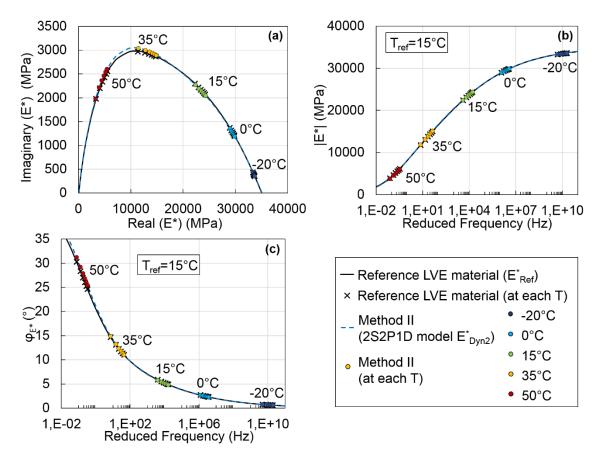


Figure E.6. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method II (E^*_{Dyn2}) with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

APPENDIX F - RESULTS OF METHOD III FOR THE REFERENCE LVE MATERIAL

FINAL VALUES OF THE CONSTANTS OPTIMIZED AT EACH TEMPERATURE

Table F.1. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder.

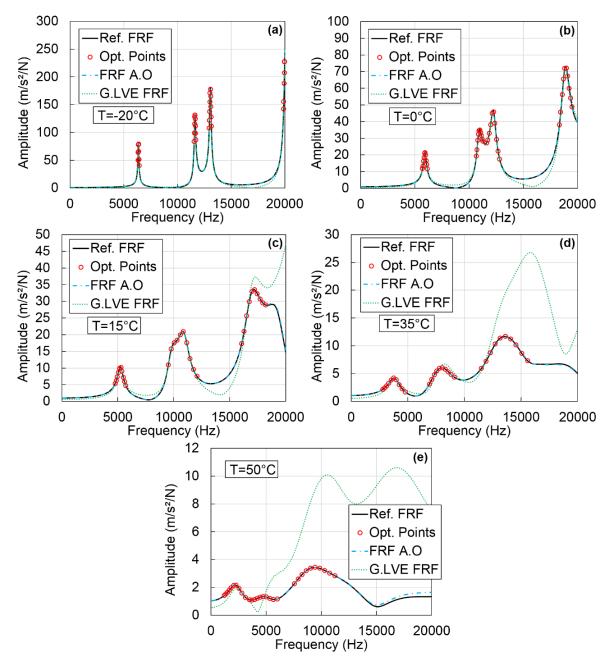
Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20	35 100	0.600	0.154	2.20
0	36 773	0.875	0.137	2.35
15	33 604	0.164	0.187	2.44
35	33 076	0.153	0.186	2.34
50	31 610	0.123	0.182	1.96

Table F.2. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the flexural mode of the disc.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{\rm E15^{\circ}C}$ (s)	k	δ
-20	35 396	6.820	0.136	2.21
0	36 874	1.430	0.135	2.50
15	33 156	0.063	0.189	1.95
35	31 265	0.128	0.189	1.93
50	33 409	0.090	0.140	1.95

Table F.3. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model that are identified at each temperature in the first step of method III for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20	35 402	4.526	0.136	2.09
0	34 302	0.078	0.189	2.38
15	39 351	0.141	0.140	2.39
35	33 069	0.176	0.189	2.37
50	32 959	0.092	0.140	1.94



FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS

Figure F.1. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for method III. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

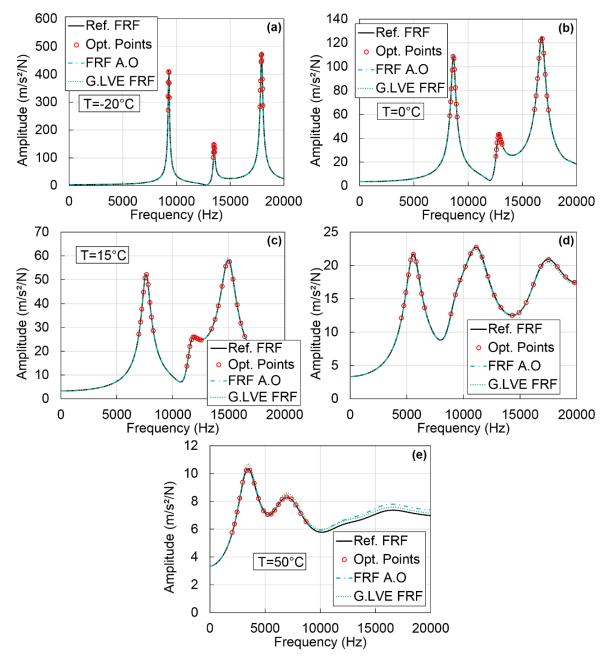


Figure F.2. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for method III. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) $35^{\circ}C$; (e) 50°C.

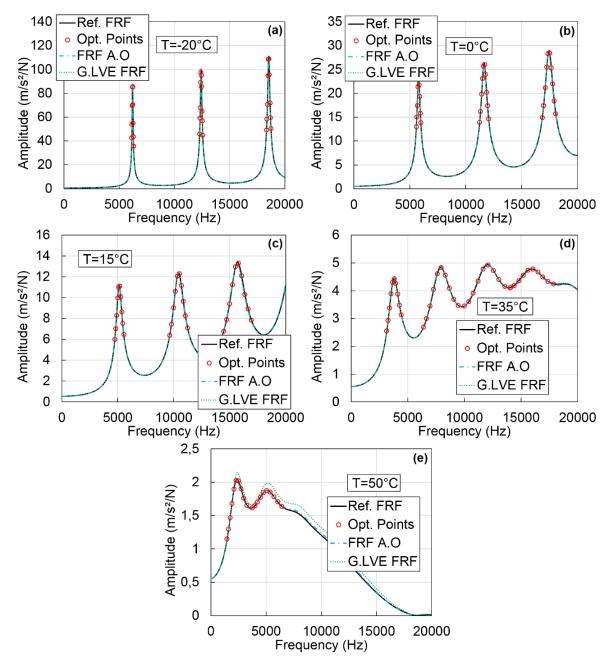


Figure F.3. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for method III. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

COMPLEX MODULUS RESULTS

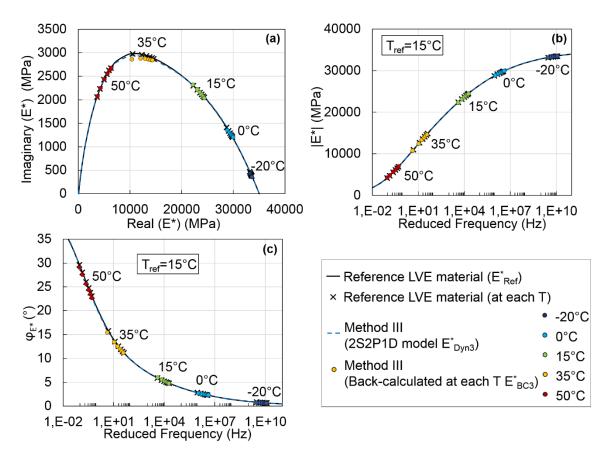


Figure F.4. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method III $(E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3})$ with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder.

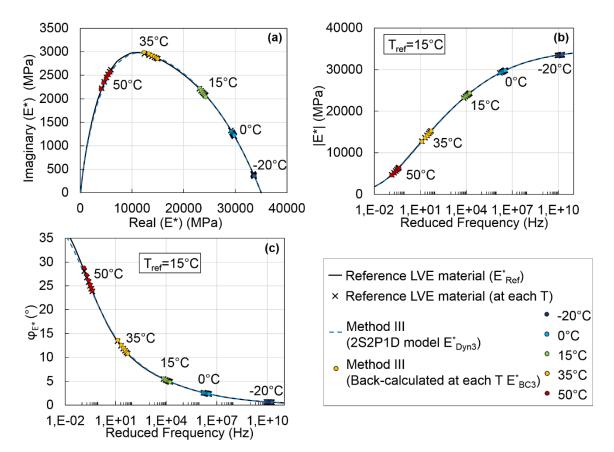


Figure F.5. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with method III $(E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3})$ with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the flexural mode of the disc.

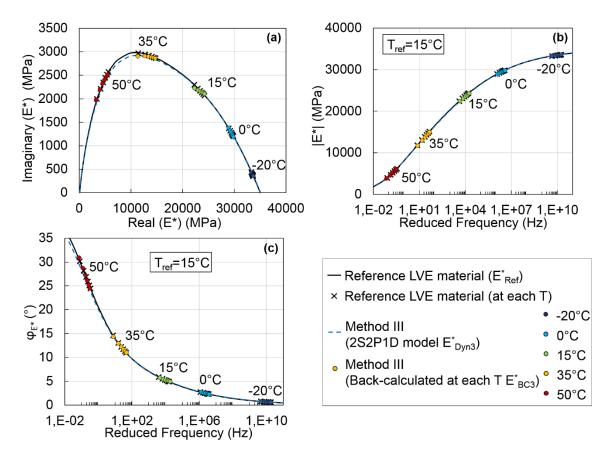


Figure F.6. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with methods III $(E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3})$ and IV $(E^*_{BC4} and E^*_{Dyn4})$ with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

APPENDIX G - RESULTS OF METHOD IV FOR THE REFERENCE LVE MATERIAL

FINAL VALUES OF THE CONSTANTS OPTIMIZED AT EACH TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	φ E*BC4 (°)
-20	11 620	33 900	0.68
0	10 880	29 750	2.6
15	9 740	23 800	5.4
35	7 360	13 500	12.7
50	4 880	5 720	25.9

Table G.1. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the longitudinal mode of the cylinder.

Table G.2. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder.

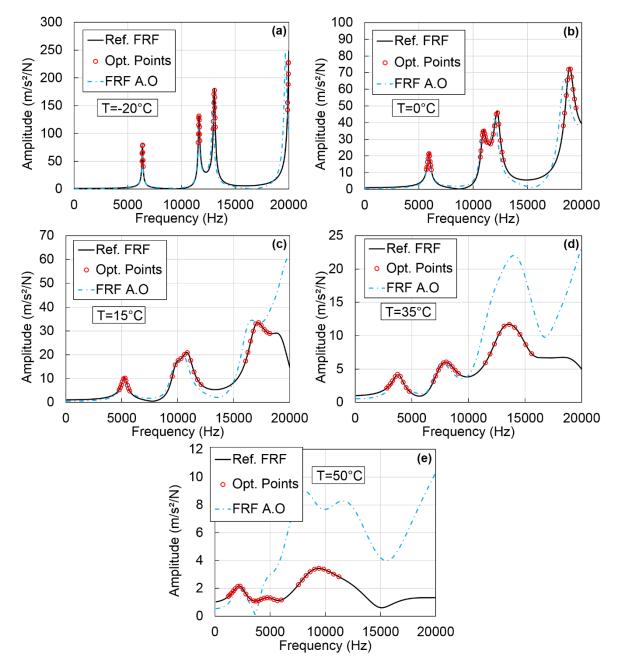
Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	$\boldsymbol{\phi}_{E^{*}BC4}$ (°)
-20	6 380	33 700	0.72
0	5 940	29 150	2.7
15	5 280	22 750	5.7
35	3 760	11 800	13.8
50	2 280	3 950	26.0

Table G.3. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined in the first step of method IV for the flexural mode of the disc.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	φ _{E*BC4} (°)
-20	9 280	35 960	0.74
0	8 600	31 050	2.8
15	7 660	24 250	5.8
35	5 580	13 000	13.9
50	3 620	5 000	28.0

<i>Table G.4. First resonance frequency and values of</i> $ E^*_{BC4} $ <i>and</i> φ_{E*BC4} <i>determined in the first</i>
step of method IV for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	$\boldsymbol{\phi}_{\mathrm{E}^{*}\mathrm{BC4}}\left(^{\circ} ight)$
-20	6 220	33 460	0.74
0	5 800	29 000	2.8
15	5 160	22 800	5.7
35	3 800	12 300	14.1
50	2 280	4 550	28.6



FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS

Figure G.1. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) for method IV. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal and flexural modes of the cylinder at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

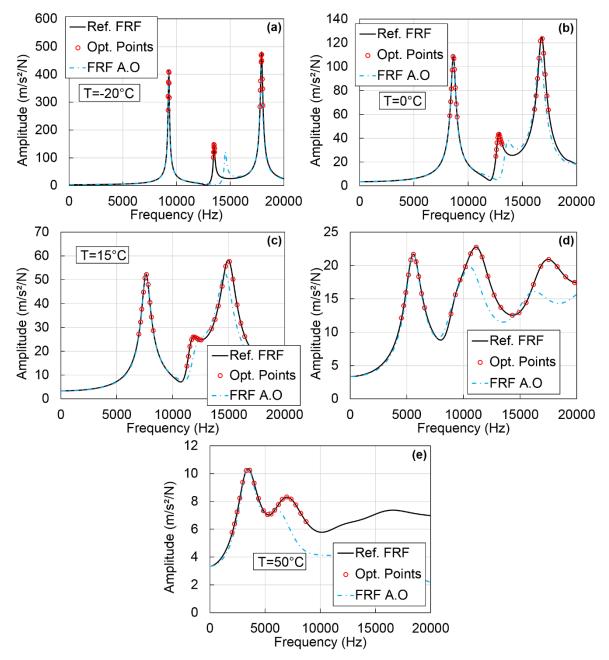


Figure G.2. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) for method IV. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Flexural mode of the disc at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

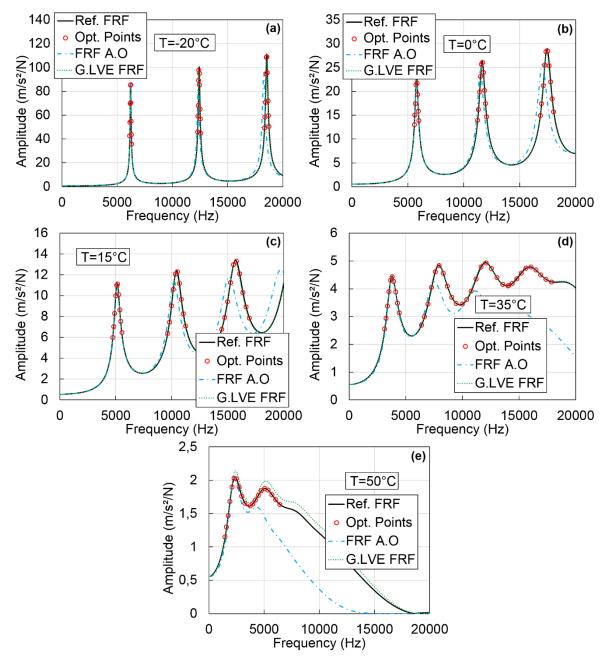


Figure G.3. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for method IV. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

COMPLEX MODULUS RESULTS

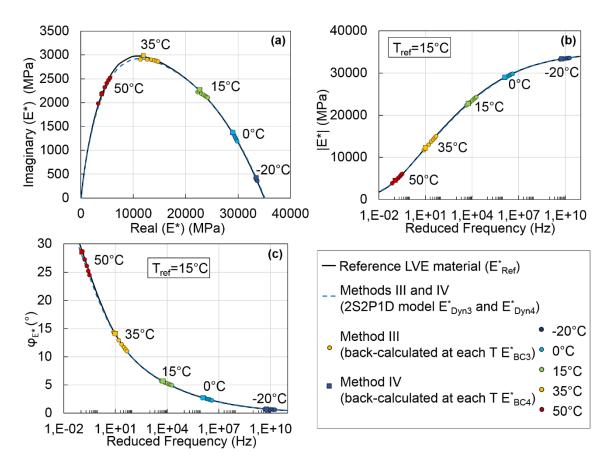


Figure G.4. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material with the values of the complex modulus back-calculated at each temperature (step 1) and the values of the complex modulus simulating the global LVE behaviour (step 2) for the third and fourth methods. Longitudinal mode of the straight beam: (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C.

APPENDIX H - RESULTS OF METHOD V FOR THE REFERENCE LVE MATERIAL

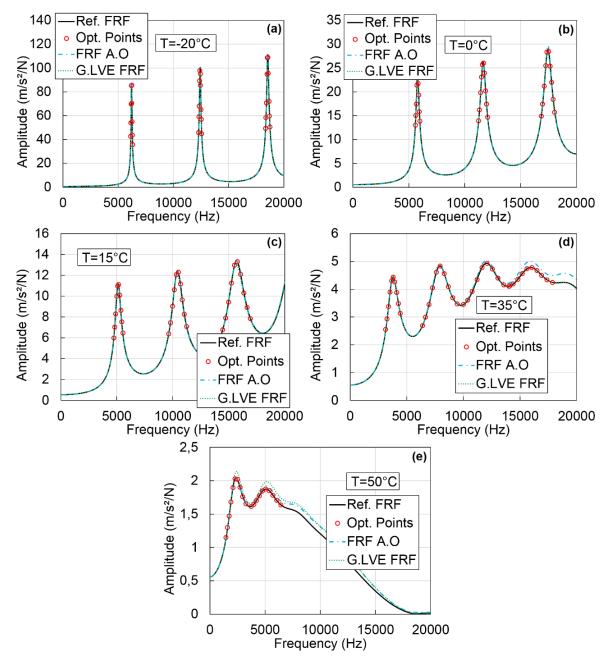
FINAL VALUES OF THE CONSTANTS OPTIMIZED AT EACH TEMPERATURE

Table H.1. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v that are identified at each temperature in the first step of the method V for the longitudinal mode of the cylinder.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20	35 171	0.342	0.153	1.95	0.195
0	36 351	0.124	0.144	1.89	0.213
15	33 728	0.187	0.188	2.54	0.247
35	38 505	0.108	0.171	2.60	0.311
50	39 102	0.101	0.200	2.54	0.363

Table H.2. Final values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v that are identified at each temperature in the first step of the method V for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20	35 313	2.337	0.144	2.25	0.195
0	34 334	0.077	0.190	2.42	0.213
15	39 418	0.132	0.141	2.41	0.241
35	40 493	0.068	0.152	2.43	0.308
50	32 531	0.103	0.149	1.95	0.366



FREQUENCY RESPONSE FUNCTIONS RESULTS

Figure H.1. Comparison of the reference FRFs (noted Ref. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) for method V. Values of the reference FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. Longitudinal mode of the straight beam at: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.



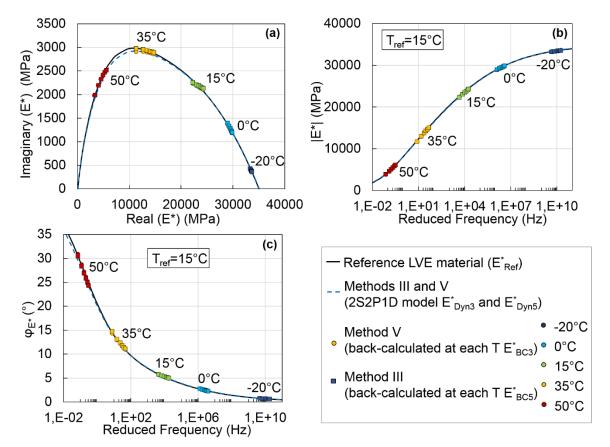
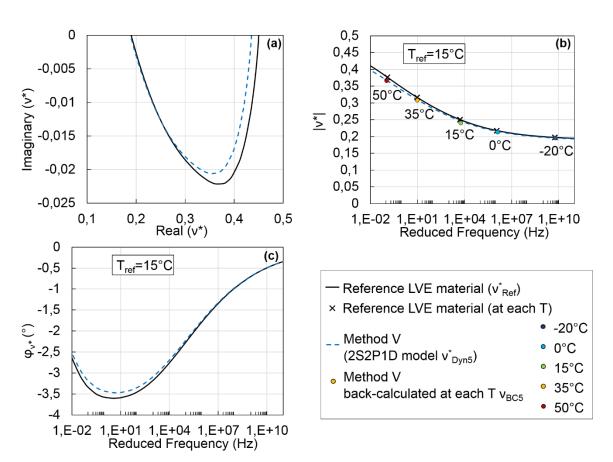


Figure H.2. Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined with methods III $(E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3})$ and $V(E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5})$ with the values of the complex modulus of the reference LVE material (E^*_{Ref}) . (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.



COMPLEX POISSON'S RATIO RESULTS

Figure H.3. Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined with methods V (real values v_{BC5} and v^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio of the reference LVE material (v^*_{Ref}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for the longitudinal mode of the straight beam.

APPENDIX I - DETAILS OF THE MATERIALS TESTED IN THE EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGNS

DETAILS AND GRADING CURVE OF THE SWEDISH BASE COURSE MIXTURE (ABS MATERIAL)

PEAR	3				ACKARD	ž ž u		iv ackre		provning: redited Testr		
					Actived. Prov	nr. 1723 ning			P	rovnr 170	917	
LEVERANSKONTRO	OLL B	eläggn	ingsmas	sa	ID GALES	11025						Sidan 1 av 1
Beställare PEAB Asfalt AB Ångkraftv. 8A					201 Anko	tagningsda 7-06-14 xmstdatum			2	knalys start 2017-06-15 knalys slut		
721 30 Västerås					201	7-06-15				2017-06-15 d-nummer		
Produkt ABS 16 70/100 Leverantör						rens nr tagningspl	ats					
Peab Asfalt AB, Västberga Entreprenör PEAB Asfalt AB					Prov	23:35 tagare						
Objekt Stockholm ytterstad						ining gslagsvä	igen					
Kornstorleksfördelnin Passerad mångd, vikt-%	ng SS-l	EN12697	7-2				Gränslinje ABS 16	TDOK 2	013:0529)		
100	Ē_	Ē.			Ē.	Ŀ	-			LL		
90					E.							
80	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	=			E							
70							-					
60					-							
50				-	-							
40	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2			-	<u>-</u>			1				
30		-			Ē	_		4				
20		Ē	-		-	-						
10	-	-			-	-						
0	- 	-		-		-						
	063 (9	0,125 12	0,25 0,5 15 18		1 21	2 25	4 5 26 3		1,2 16 55 96	22,4 31,5 100	45 63	
Sikt (mm)	0,063	0,5	2	4	5,6	8	11,2	16	22,4	31,5	В	indem.halt
Arbetsrecept 616 - 6 Analysvärde	9,5 9,9	16	20 25	24 26		37 38		95 98				6,1 6,1
Avvikelse	0,4	2	5	2		1		3				0,0
Provresultat Kommentar				Medel- värde	+ -	Recept	Notering					
SS-EN 12697-1/ SS-EN 12697-2 L Massans temperatur vid tillverkn		ndermedelish	valt (%)	6,1 164		6,1]					
							Ortocho	tatum				
								holm 201	7-06-15			
								-	m 1	Nal	~	
								1	a		-	6
Provresultate (E) = Enkelprov (EA) = Ej ackr Kundbilaga finns på http://www	editerad m	etod. Denna		st återges i			Asa W	/ahlberg	Digitait u	tfärdad sign:	atur	
PEAB Asfalt AB		Besöksadre	200	Tolefac			0.000.000		-			
Väglaboratoriet Västberga		Drivhjulsv.	11, Hägersten	Telefon 0733-84			Org.nr 556098-8	122		-post r.efternamn	@peaba	sfait.se
Box 42202 126 17 Stockholm		Styrelsens Båstad	säte	Telefax 08-709			VAT nr 55609881	2201		ternet adress ww.peabasf		

DETAILS AND GRADING CURVE OF THE MATERIAL WITH AN OPTIMIZED GRANULAR SKELETON (GB5 MATERIAL)

EIFFFAGE Banche Inflastratures - Laboratoire Central 8 nur du Dauphinis - C3 7400 - 05594 Corbiss - Prence	RECOMPOSITION ENROB	E	Page 1/1			
Produit : OBS 014 LA GARUSTIERE/BEAL Type : Grave bitume Origine : Laboratoire Nom commercial : GB5 Granularité : 0/14 Désignation : EB 14 assise Biprèi Code : Code : EN 017-095	4, rue de Ĉ 13741 VITR ne 41	e Route MEDITERRANEE openhague BP 70027 OLLES Cedex				
Dossier LA_CO-17-0113 : GB5 0/14 LA GARUSTIERE / BEAUCAIRE - 30% Agrégats - Biprène 41 Demandeur : Philippe LAGARDE						
Produit	Producteur	Nature	% intérieur			
Gravillon 10/14 (pr n° LA_CO B7040308) Sable 0/2 (pr n° LA_CO B7040309) Filler (pr n° LA_CO B6080206) Agrégat d'enrobé 0/10 (pr n° LA_CO B7040310) Biprène 41 (pr n° LA_CO B6031408)	Carrière La Garustière Carrière GSM Beaucaire Carrière Châteauneuf-lès-Martigues Poste BITUMIX Usine ALE - Collonges	Calcaire Silico-calcaire Calcaire Concassé Bitume modifié	53.00 10.00 3.80 30.00 3.20			
Sprene (Then B Foo Secondo)	Oshericz obiologis		0.20			
		Teneur en llant	g ym² kg d'agrégats~4.86%			

Constituants granulométriques																	
	0.063	0.125	0.25	0.315	0.5	1	2	2.8	4	5	6.3	8	10	12.5	14	16	20
Gravilion 10/14 CA_GARUST	1.7	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	16	62	89	99	100
Sable 0/2 CA_GSMBEAU	14.0	20	30	33	42	59	91	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Filler CA_CLMARTI	83.0	94	98	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agrégat d'enrobé 0/10 PO_BITUMIX	9.9	13	17	19	22	30	41	48	55	64	74	86	95	99	100	100	100
	Reconstitution granulométrique																
Tamis	0.063	0.125	0.25	0.315	0.5	1	2	28	4	5	6.3	8	10	12.5	14	16	20
% Passants	8.7	11	14	14	17	21	27	30	33	35	38	42	52	79	94	99	100

Observations

Analyses granulométriques fournies par le demandeur

L'adjoint, Franck DESVIGNES					
OK	DESVIGNES Franck 2017.05.22				
Ø	14:18:16 +02'00'				

GRADING CURVE AND FABRICATION PROCESS OF THE MATERIAL WITH HIGH RECLAIMED ASPHALT CONTENT (WF MATERIAL)

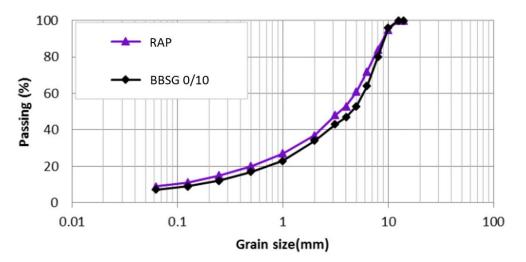


Figure I.1. Grading curves of the original mixture (BBSG 0/10) and of the RAP aggregates incorporated in the WF material.

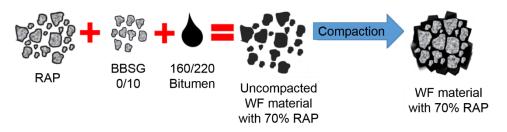
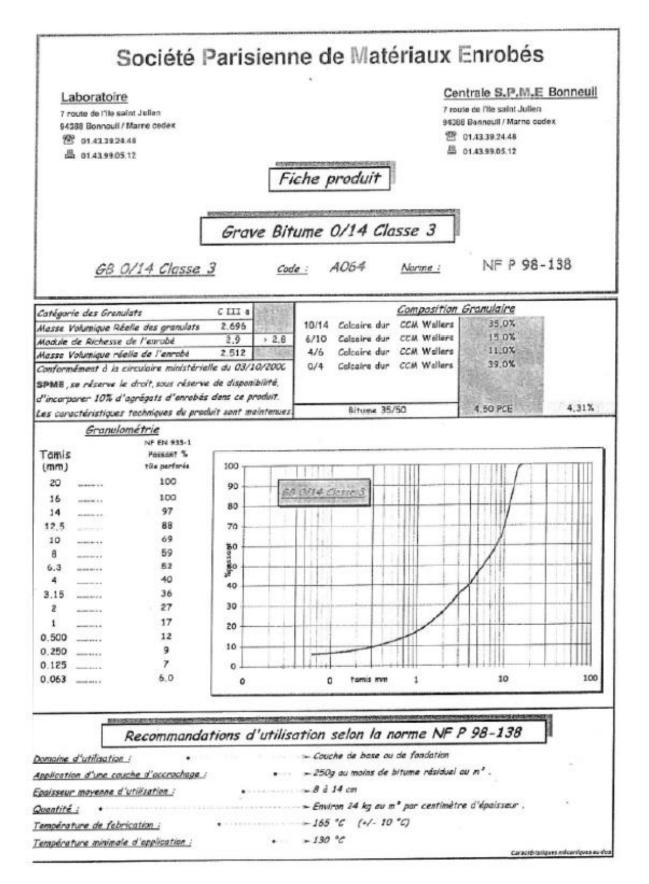
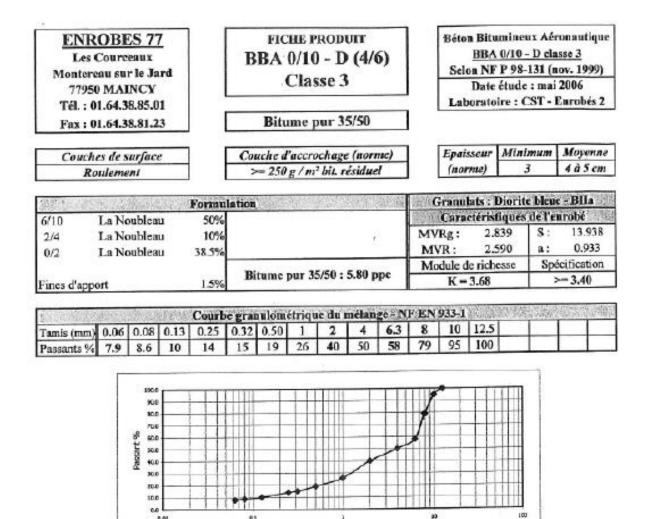


Figure I.2. In-laboratory fabrication process of the WF material from the RAP, the original mixture (BBSG 0/10) and the 160/220 bitumen.

DETAILS AND GRADING CURVE OF THE MATERIALS FROM AIRPORT PAVEMENT (GB AND BB MATERIALS)



		Grave	e Bitume 0/1	4 Classe 3]#	
	<u>68 0/14 C</u>	l <u>asse 3</u>			<u>Code :</u>	<u>A064</u>
		and the second se	and the second second second	PROTOCOL PROPERTY OF	and a	
		Caractéris	stiques DURIEZ (NF P 98-251-1		
M. V.R de I	'enrobé :	2,512	Résistance à sec R	(Mpa)		5 00000
	rostatique :	2,318	Resistance avec In	mers. r (Mpu)	0.	and the second second second second
% Compaci	during the second se	92,3	Rapport r/R % eau absorbée		3.	the second se
% de vides	1	7.7	* edu abcorbee			
		ENGER CONSISTING			4	
		Caracté	ristiques P.C.G		J.	
Nombre de	girations	5	10	0 60 100	and the second se	200
% da vidas		21.5	16,5 14,1 12	0 10.2 8.0	7,3	
			Solcifications	Pente K /		4.27
	Résulte	18.4	An appendix to the other states of the state	% vides à a		27.8%
	è 10 girations :			Coef.cor.	and the second se	1.000
	à 100 girations	5.4	the second se	Régression		
% de vides	à 200 girations:	2.4.	a post of the second se	- Annon		
Nambre	Profondeur	Spécifications	Epaisseur 100mm	% vides art essei	T*C assai	Nb jours avt. Essai
de	d'ornière en %	apecynearions				
eycles 100	1.4		Moyanne	9.5%	59	
300	1.7					
1000	2.3				(ornière à 1	and mining!
3000	2.8			A = 2.31	(susiava a r	DIO Lyclesy
10000	3.5	1 10%	_	1 . 0 180 /	pente de la droite	d
30000				Б« 0,180 ()		-
		Module	de rigidité (NF i	EN 12697-26)	1	
	. dlamat			Pots n	brants	Specification
		Amain 21 NE EN 128	97-6:29		778	
MV maunor	se des éprouvelle	STRUCTURED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	and the second sec		6	
MV maunor	se des éprouvelle) NF EN 12697-8			-	
Teneur may	venne des vides()	W NF EN 12697-8		1	5	
WV moyen Teneur moj Températu Fréquence	na des éprouvelle venne des vides() re("C) (Hz)	NF EN 12697-8		1	0	
WV moyeni Teneur moj Températu Fréquence Déformatio	na des éprouvelle venne des vides() re (°C) (Hz) M epsilon (µD)	5) NF EN 12697-8			and the local division of the local division	> 9000 Mps
WV moyeni Teneur moj Températu Fréquence Déformatio	na des éprouvelle venne des vides() re("C) (Hz)	5) NF EN 12697-8			0	> 9000 Mps
WV moyeni Teneur moj Températu Fréquence Déformatio	no des éprouvelle venne des vides() re (°C) (Hz) no epsilon (µC) rigidité IE*I (Mpe	9 NF EN 12697-6		1 1 5 10	0 0 520	> 9000 Mpc
WV moyeni Teneur moj Températu Fréquence Déformatio	no des éprouvelle venne des vides() re (°C) (Hz) no epsilon (µC) rigidité IE*I (Mpe	9 NF EN 12697-6	de formulation t certe	1 8 10 2007 per la laboraz	0 0 520 ning SCREG Iden	
UV moyeer Teneur moj Températur Fréquence Déformatio Nodule de	ua des éprouvelle venne des vides() re (*C) (Hz) na epsilon (uC) rigidité IE*I (Mpe <u>Date de T</u>	() NF EN 12697-8) étude de la présai		1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 0 520 eine SCREG Ide'N	l Noitation
UV moyen Teneur moj Températur Fréquence Déformatio Nodule de Don	no des éprouvelle venne des vides() re (°C) (Hz) no epsilon (µC) rigidité IE*I (Mpe	() NF EN 12697-8) étude de la présai		1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 0 520 ning SCREG Iden	l Noitation
UV moyen Teneur moj Températur Fréquence Déformatio Nodule de Don	te des éprouvelle venne des vides() e (*C) (Hz) ne epsilon (uD) rigidité IE*I (Mpe <u>Date de T</u> unent rédigé par	() NF EN 12697-8) étude de la présai		1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 0 520 eine SCREG Ide'N	l Noitation
UV moyen Teneur moj Températur Fréquence Déformatio Nodule de Don	te des éprouvelle venne des vides() e (*C) (Hz) nigidité IE*I (Mps <u>Date de T</u> <u>Date de T</u> vennt rédigé par maand FILLEVL	() NF EN 12697-8) étude de la présai		1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 0 520 eine SCREG Ide'N	l Noitation
UV moyen Teneur moj Températur Fréquence Déformatio Nodule de Don	te des éprouvelle venne des vides() e (*C) (Hz) ne epsilon (uD) rigidité IE*I (Mpe <u>Date de T</u> unent rédigé par	() NF EN 12697-8) étude de la présai		1 1 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 0 520 eine SCREG IdrN le directeur d'exp	l Noitation



Contraction and the second	Essai Duriez - LCPO	C & 1890 (NE P.98	-251-1)	10201-00104	Spécif.
MVA hydro : 2.40			Rc eau (Mpa) : 10.3	r/R : 0.93	>= 0.80

Tamis mm

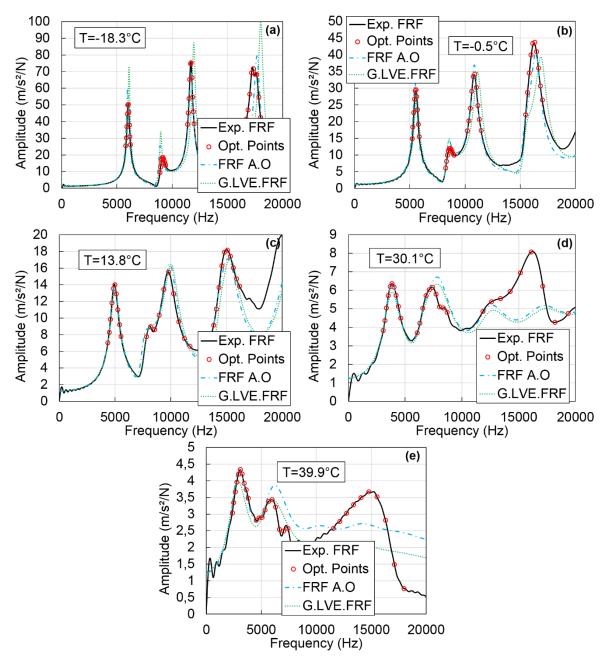
8.05

8.5

66.5	Es	sai de	comp	actage	e à la l	PCG	NF P	98-25	2)	10. A)	64.07
K	Girations	V1	V10	V25	¥40	V60	V80	V100	V120	V150	V200
3.82	% vides	22.0	13.5	9.8	7.8	6.2	5.1	4.4	3.8	3.1	2.3
Spé	cifications		>=9		5-9						

Ornierage (N	F P 98	-253-1	Spécifications	
Epaisseur dalle	mm	50	50	
Température	°C	60	60	
Vides	%	7.7	7.9	4à7
Ornière	%	7.0	7.1	<= 7.5
Nombre cycles		10000	1.	1

APPENDIX J- RESULTS OF THE FSDYN EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN



SPECIMEN ABS-D9

Figure J.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen ABS-D9. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-18.3°C; (b) -0.5°C; (c) 13.8°C; (d) 30.1°C; (e) 39.9°C.

Table J.1. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABD-D9.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-18.3	48 047	3.5E-05	0.106	1.12
-0.5	48 047	2.9E-04	0.106	1.12
13.8	41 763	1.1E-02	0.195	2.06
30.1	48 863	1.4E-02	0.193	1.98
39.9	49 942	2.4E-02	0.175	1.80

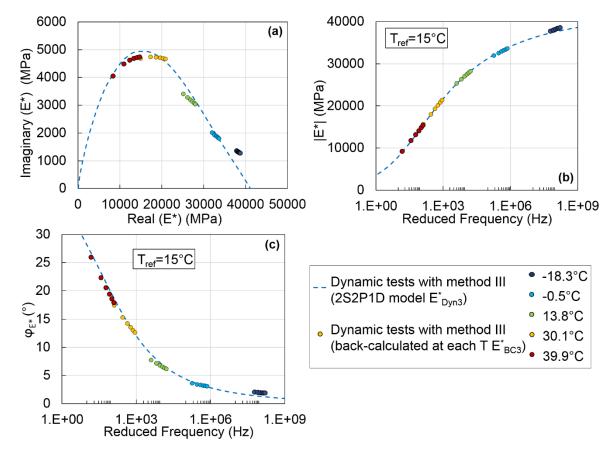
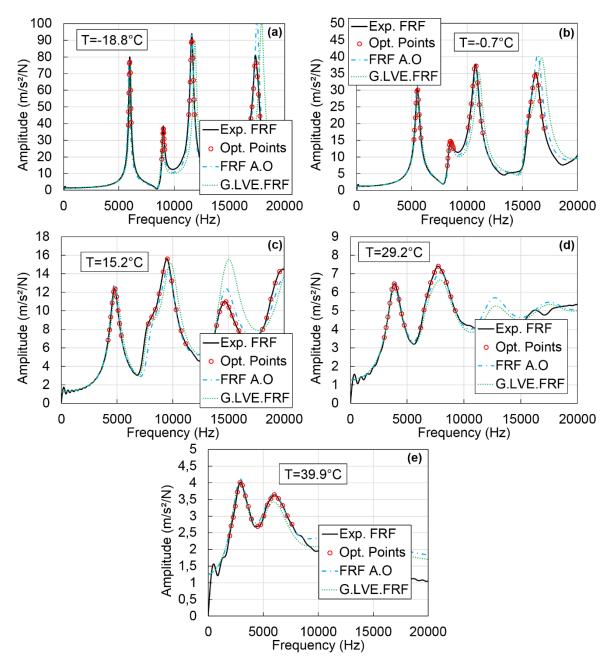


Figure J.2 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen ABS-D9.



SPECIMEN ABS-D10

Figure J.3 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen ABS-D10. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-18.8°C; (b) -0.7°C; (c) 15.2°C; (d) 29.2°C; (e) 39.9°C.

Table J.2. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABD-D10.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-18.8	40 620	3.5E-03	0.168	2.17
-0.7	41 609	2.2E-02	0.161	2.18
15.2	49 995	2.9E-03	0.159	1.81
29.2	47 904	1.1E-02	0.188	1.88
39.9	49 709	2.0E-02	0.193	1.82

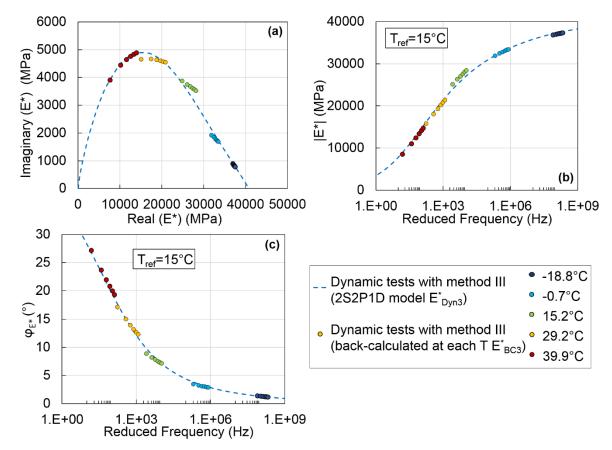
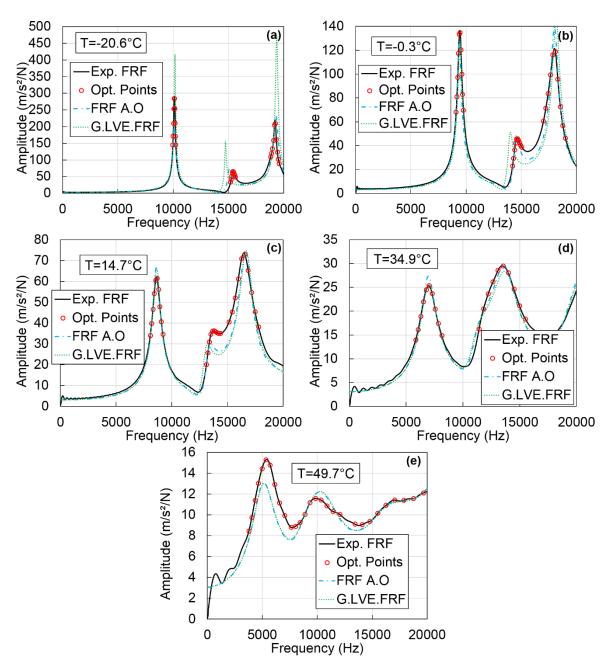


Figure J.4 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen ABS-D10.



SPECIMEN GB5-D1

Figure J.5 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-D1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.6°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.7°C; (d) 34.9°C; (e) 49.7°C.

Table J.3. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-D1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.6	39 198	3.0E-01	0.146	2.38
-0.3	37 650	2.9E+00	0.146	2.15
14.7	37 404	4.8E-01	0.166	1.98
34.9	40 406	4.8E-01	0.162	2.10
49.7	43 962	4.1E-01	0.167	2.17

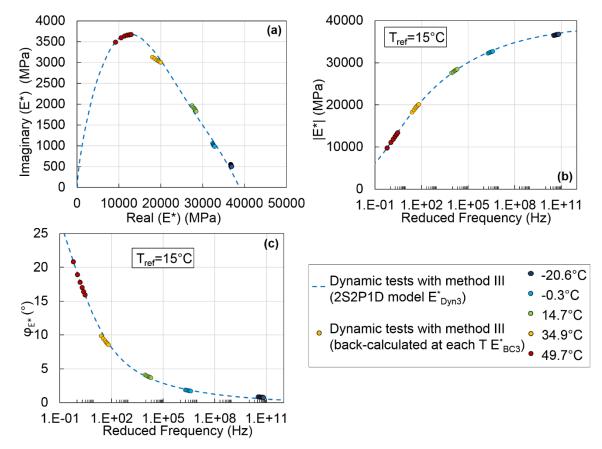
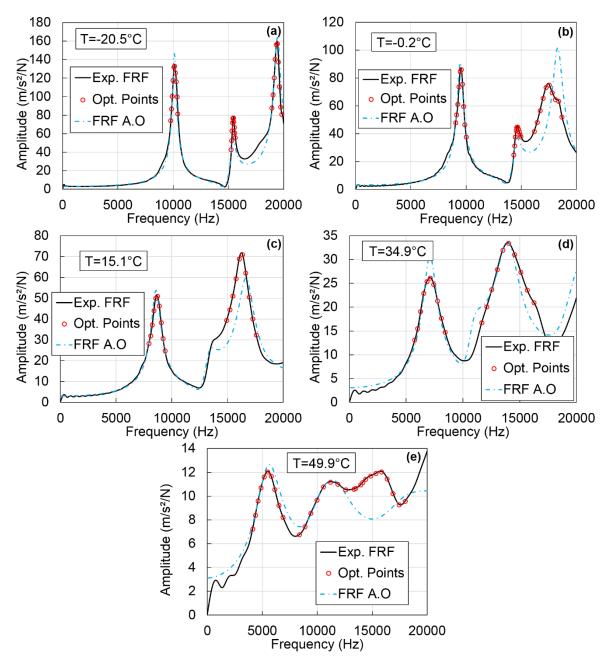


Figure J.6 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-D1.



SPECIMEN GB5-D3

Figure J.7 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) for specimen GB5-D3. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) $T=-20.5^{\circ}C$; (b) $-0.2^{\circ}C$; (c) $15.1^{\circ}C$; (d) $34.9^{\circ}C$; (e) $49.9^{\circ}C$.

Table J.4. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-D3.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.5	46 259	3.0E-03	0.126	2.32
-0.2	44 306	8.8E-02	0.150	2.23
15.1	42 253	1.9E-01	0.164	2.17
34.9	42 506	2.0E+00	0.171	2.28
49.9	49 996	4.1E-01	0.185	1.81

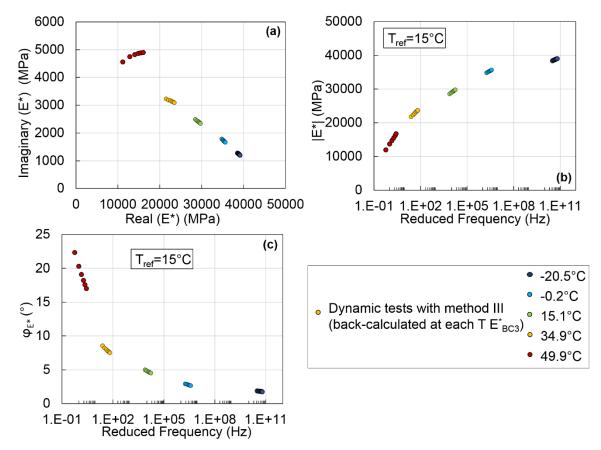


Figure J.8 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-D3.

SPECIMEN GB5-C1 (1st ROUND OF DYNAMIC TESTS)

Table J.5. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB5-C1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20.3	43 216	2.9E-01	0.163	2.24	0.330
-0.2	42 485	1.7E+00	0.146	1.85	0.339
14.8	39 651	7.3E-01	0.182	2.15	0.325
35.2	48 726	6.1E-01	0.159	2.52	0.496
49.4	49 992	4.0E-01	0.128	1.95	0.460

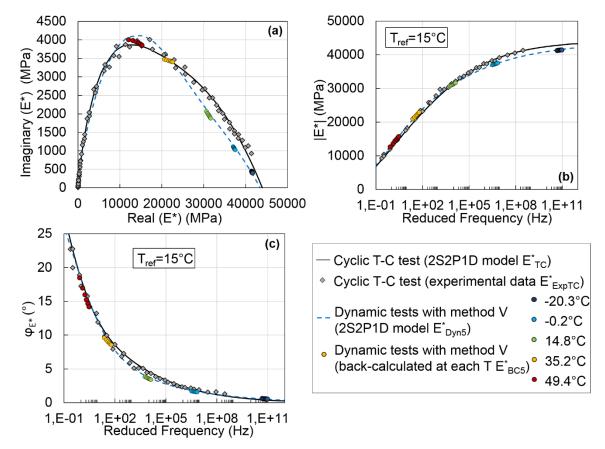


Figure J.9 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C1.

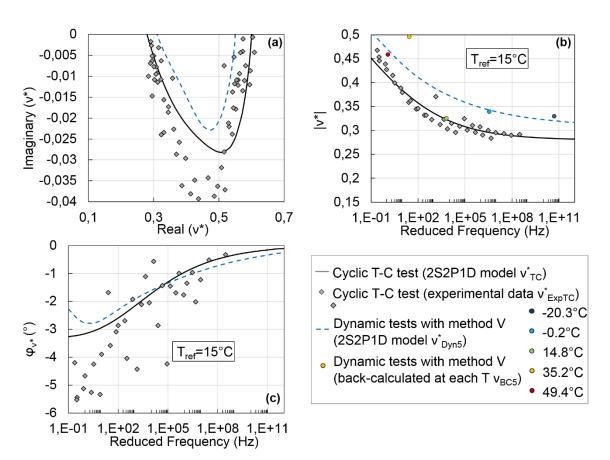


Figure J.10 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^{*}_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^{*}_{ExpTC} and v^{*}_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C1.

SPECIMEN GB5-C1 (2nd ROUND OF DYNAMIC TESTS)

Table J.6. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB5-C1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20.8	44 306	4.1E-01	0.155	1.95	0.330
-0.2	41 920	2.2E+00	0.168	2.24	0.327
14.9	43 139	4.5E-01	0.154	1.85	0.336
34.1	43 812	2.1E-01	0.165	1.68	0.425
48.7	47 335	8.1E-01	0.205	2.55	0.490

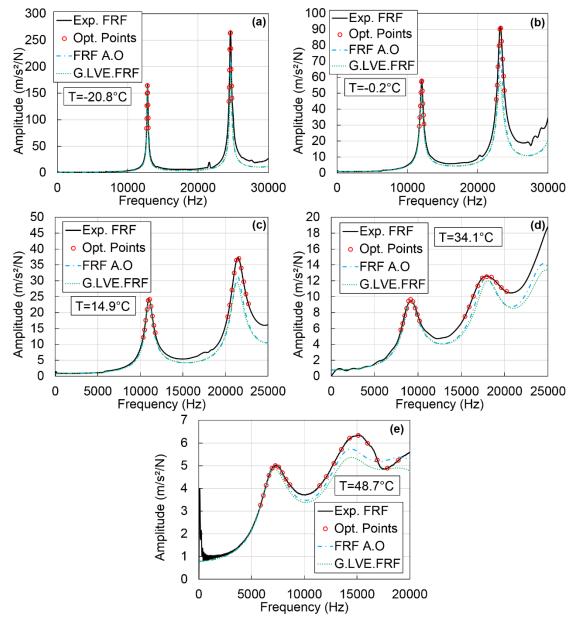
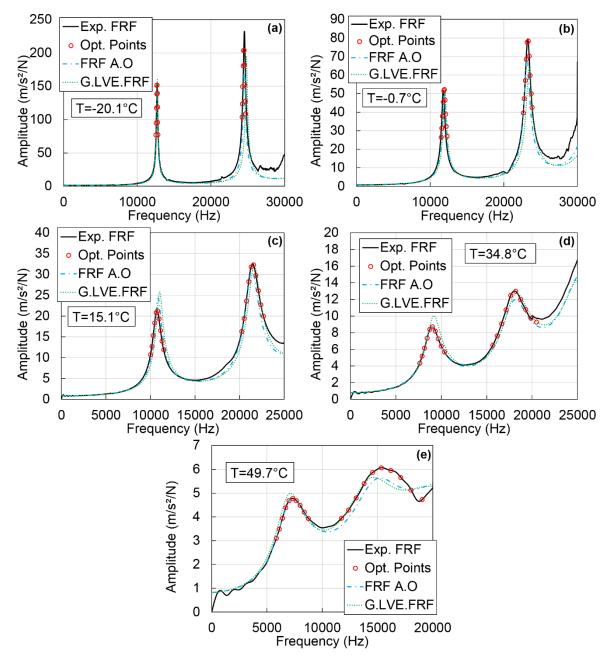


Figure J.11 Comparison of the experimental FRFs measured at the end of the project (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-C1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) -0.2°C; (c) 14.9°C; (d) 34.1°C; (e) 48.7°C.



SPECIMEN GB5-C2 (1st ROUND OF DYNAMIC TESTS)

Figure J.12 Comparison of the experimental FRFs measured at the beginning of the project (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-C2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) $T=-20.1^{\circ}C$; (b) $-0.7^{\circ}C$; (c) $15.1^{\circ}C$; (d) $34.8^{\circ}C$; (e) $49.7^{\circ}C$.

Table J.7. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB5-C2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20.1	40 535	8.3E-01	0.153	2.40	0.283
-0.7	38 520	3.0E-01	0.176	2.15	0.280
15.1	39 967	5.5E-01	0.149	2.04	0.257
34.8	35 779	6.4E-02	0.137	0.89	0.255
49.7	49 069	3.0E-01	0.157	1.97	0.294

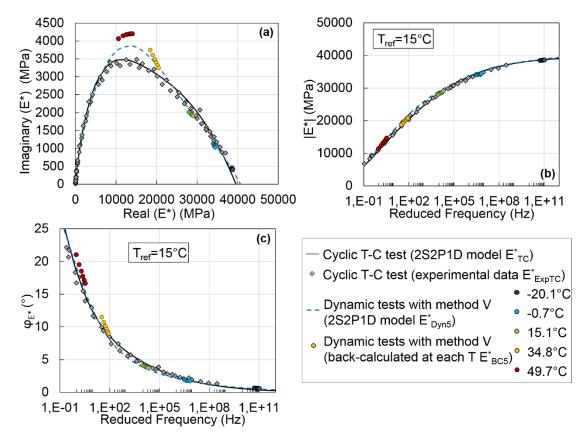


Figure J.13 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C2.

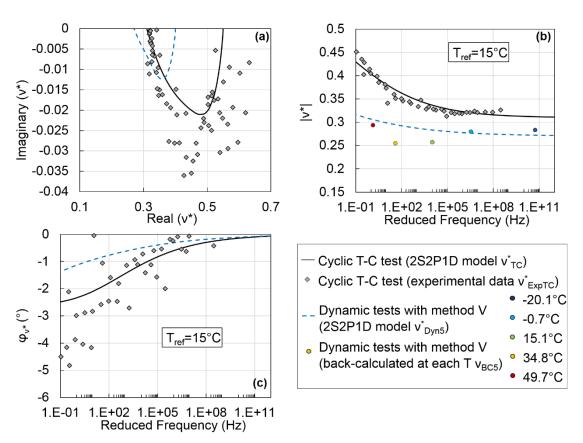
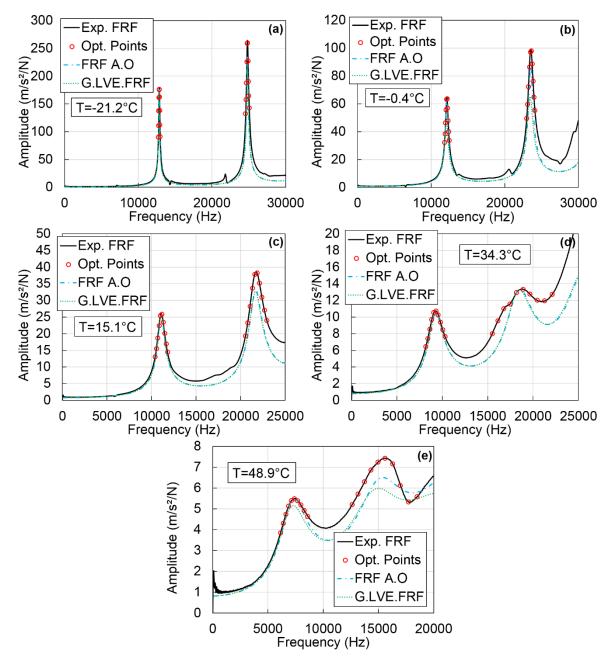


Figure J.14 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from the 1st round of dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^{*}_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^{*}_{ExpTC} and v^{*}_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C2.



SPECIMEN GB5-C2 (2nd ROUND OF DYNAMIC TESTS)

Figure J.15 Comparison of the experimental FRFs measured at the end of the project (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-C2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.2°C; (b) -0.4°C; (c) 15.1°C; (d) 34.8°C; (e) 48.9°C.

Table J.8. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB5-C2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-21.2	40 891	1.2E-01	0.177	2.39	0.282
-0.4	38 431	4.8E-01	0.201	2.34	0.283
15.1	39 093	7.0E-01	0.171	2.08	0.289
34.3	45 300	6.0E-01	0.162	2.46	0.295
48.9	47 511	5.6E-01	0.171	2.43	0.240

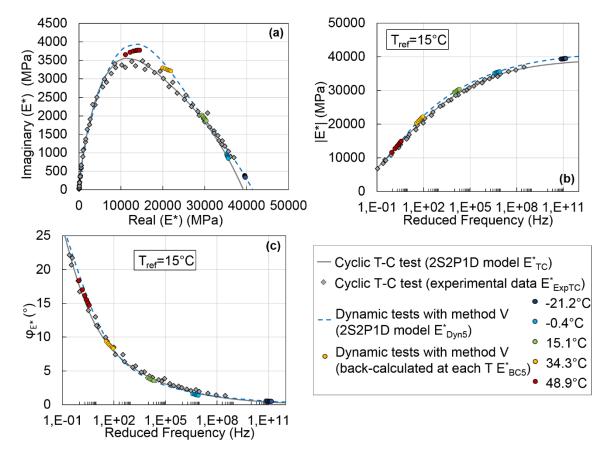


Figure J.16 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C2.

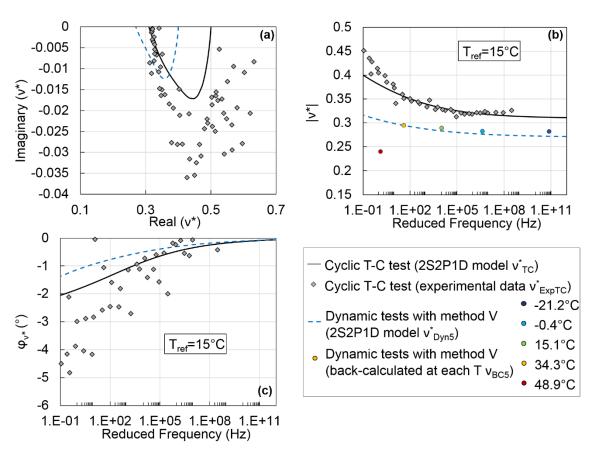


Figure J.17 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from the 2nd round of dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^{*}_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^{*}_{ExpTC} and v^{*}_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C2.

COMPARISON OF THE FRFS MEASURED AT THE BEGINNING AND AT THE END OF THE FSDYN PROJECT FOR SPECIMENS GB5-C1 AND GB5-C2

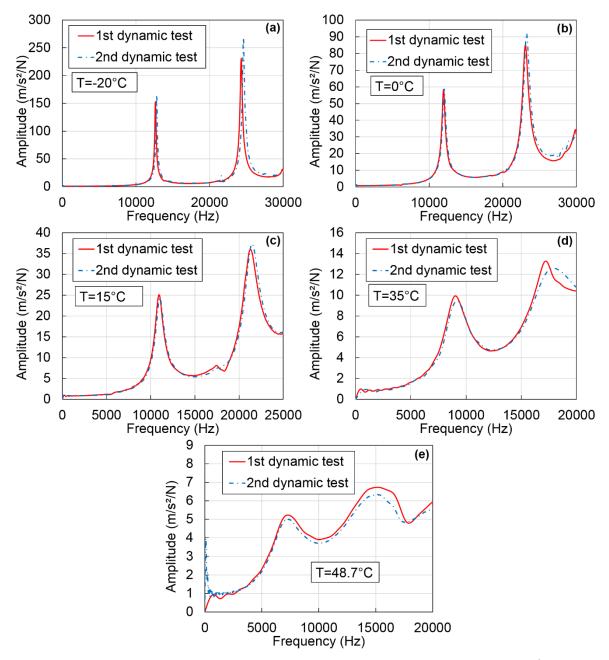


Figure J.18 FRFs measured at the beginning (1st dynamic test) and at the end (2nd dynamic test) of the FSDyn project for the specimen GB5-C1: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.

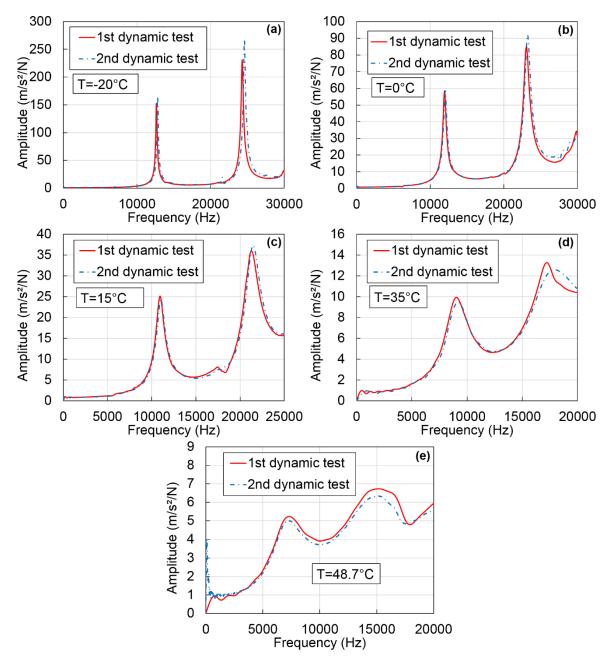
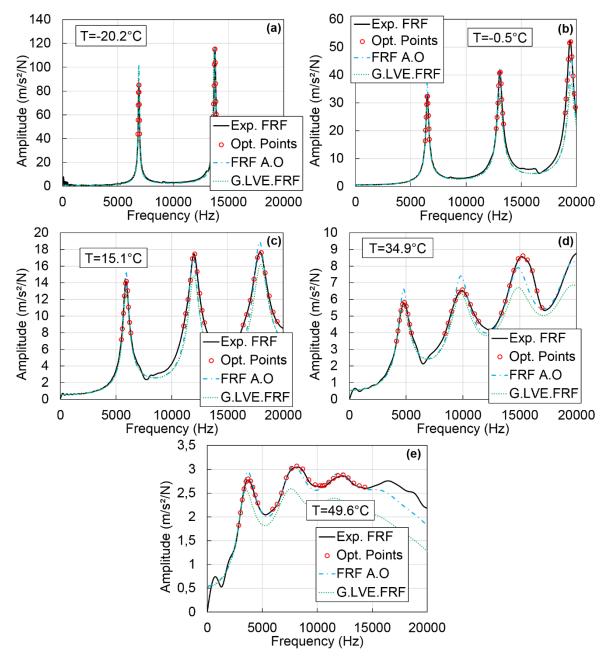


Figure J.19 FRFs measured at the beginning (1st dynamic test) and at the end (2nd dynamic test) of the FSDyn project for the specimen GB5-C1: (a) -20°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 35°C; (e) 50°C.



SPECIMEN GB5-B2

Figure J.20 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-B2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.2°C; (b) -0.5°C; (c) 15.1°C; (d) 34.9°C; (e) 49.6°C.

Table J.9. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-B2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.2	42 986	2.7E-01	0.165	2.38
-0.5	44 046	4.9E+00	0.121	1.77
15.1	41 397	5.0E-01	0.176	2.10
34.9	45 732	3.2E-01	0.178	2.13
49.6	48 196	5.1E-01	0.185	2.02

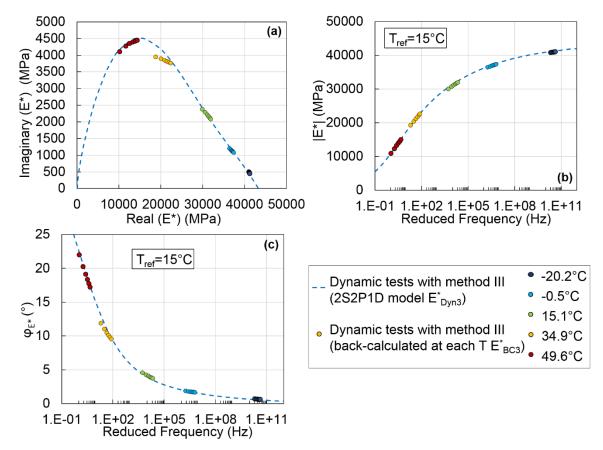
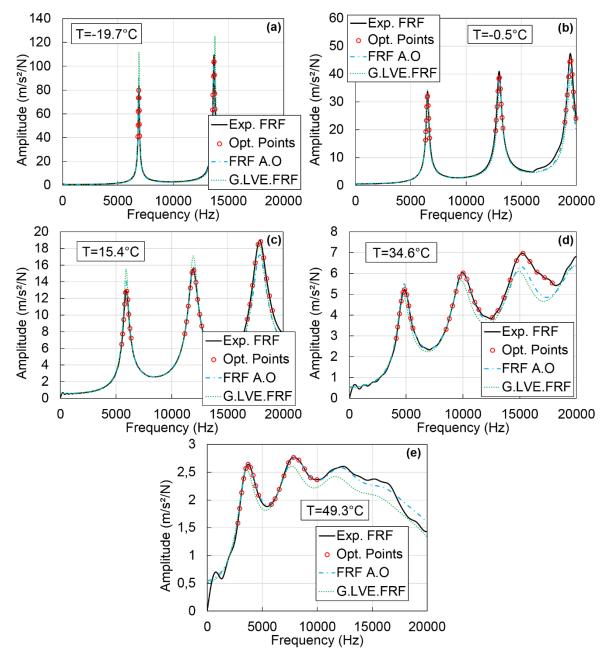


Figure J.21 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-B2.



SPECIMEN GB5-B4

Figure J.22 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB5-B4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-19.7°C; (b) -0.5°C; (c) 15.4°C; (d) 34.6°C; (e) 49.3°C.

Table J.10. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-B4.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-19.7	42 770	2.8E-01	0.169	2.52
-0.5	41 967	1.1E+00	0.161	2.15
15.4	41 623	4.5E-01	0.180	2.21
34.6	46 557	2.8E-01	0.185	2.15
49.3	49 282	2.9E-01	0.161	1.74

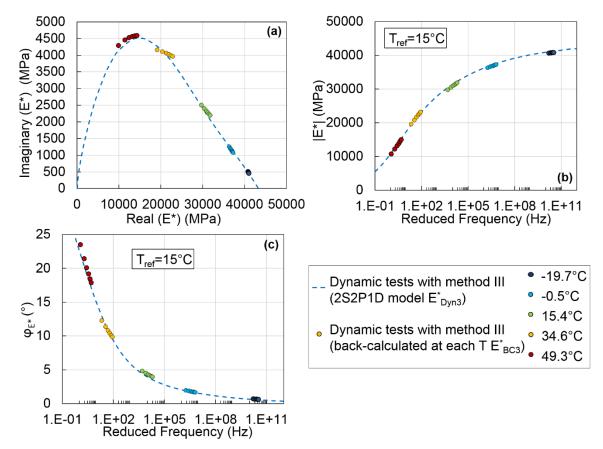


Figure J.23 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-B4.

APPENDIX K - RESULTS OF THE SM EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.8	42 362	6.3E-02	0.169	2.09
0.2	43 229	5.3E-02	0.164	2.29
14.5	44 929	2.8E-03	0.177	1.77
29.2	48 859	7.9E-03	0.229	2.58
39.1	46 506	7.2E-03	0.230	1.42

Table K.1. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen ABS-P4.

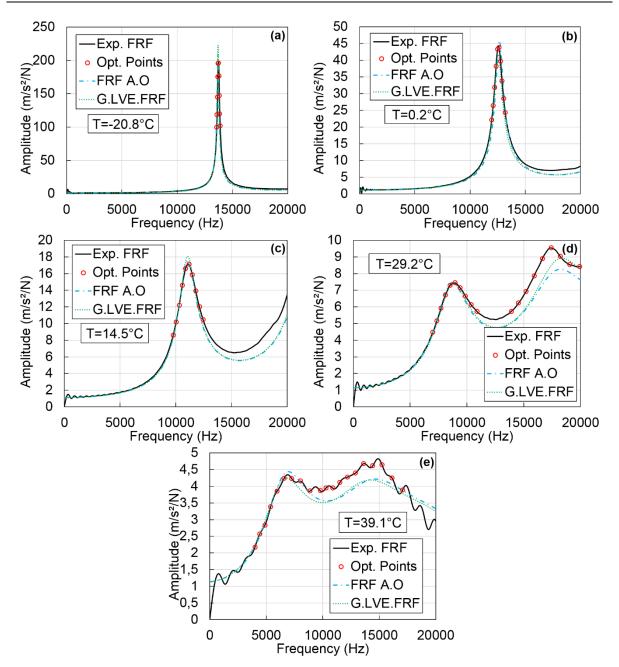


Figure K.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen ABS-P4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) 0.2°C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 29.2°C; (e) 39.1°C.

APPENDIX L - RESULTS OF THE MOGS EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN WITH THE

SPECIMEN GB5-C3

Table L.1. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen GB5-C3.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	$\mathbf{\phi}_{E^{*}BC4}$ (°)
-20.6	12 994	37 870	0.59
0	12 244	33 500	1.7
14.5	11 277	28 250	3.9
34	9 296	19 050	10.2
48.5	7 113	11 200	19.3

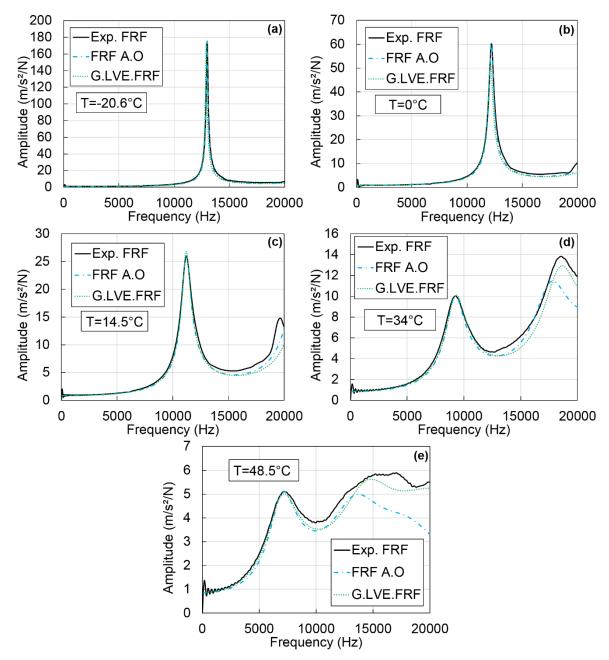


Figure L.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen GB5-C3. (a) T=-20.6°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 48.5°C.

			_	
Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.6	38 781	2.8E-01	0.163	1.91
0	37 452	3.1E+00	0.152	1.98
14.5	40 936	2.4E+00	0.131	2.30
34	42 223	2.2E-01	0.157	2.06
48.5	39 521	4.3E-01	0.189	2.07

Table L.2. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-C3.

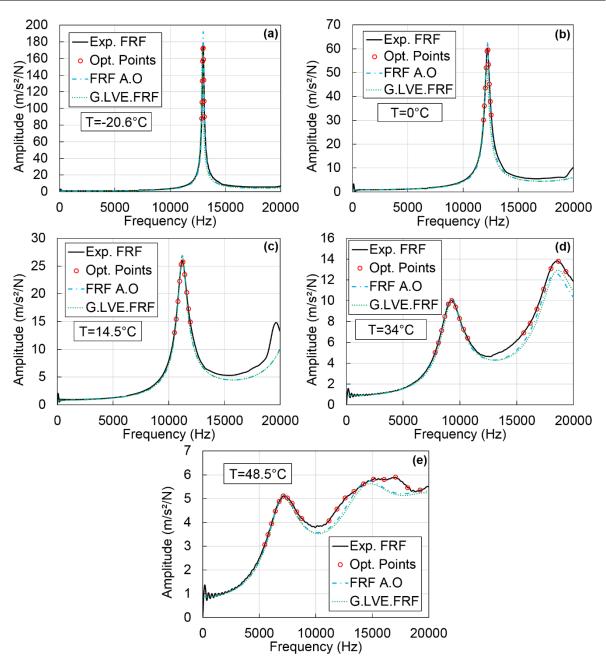


Figure L.2 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method III for specimen GB5-C3. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.6°C; (b) 0°C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 48.5°C.

SPECIMEN GB5-C4

Table L.3. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen GB5-C3.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	φ _{E*BC4} (°)
-20.8	13 200	39 040	0.57
-0.3	12 462	34 700	1.6
14.4	11 531	29 500	3.7
34	9 635	20 300	9.5
49	7 622	12 600	18.6

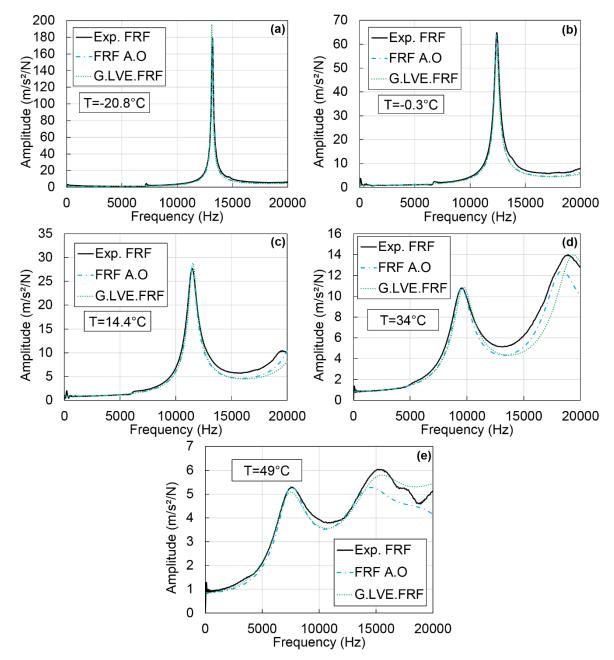


Figure L.3 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen GB5-C4. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.4°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 49°C.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.8	40 049	1.4E+00	0.152	2.00
-0.3	38 781	2.5E+00	0.140	1.56
14.4	37 481	9.7E-01	0.171	2.02
34	42 749	3.5E-01	0.157	2.07
49	42 778	5.2E-01	0.187	2.01

Table L.4. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB5-C4.

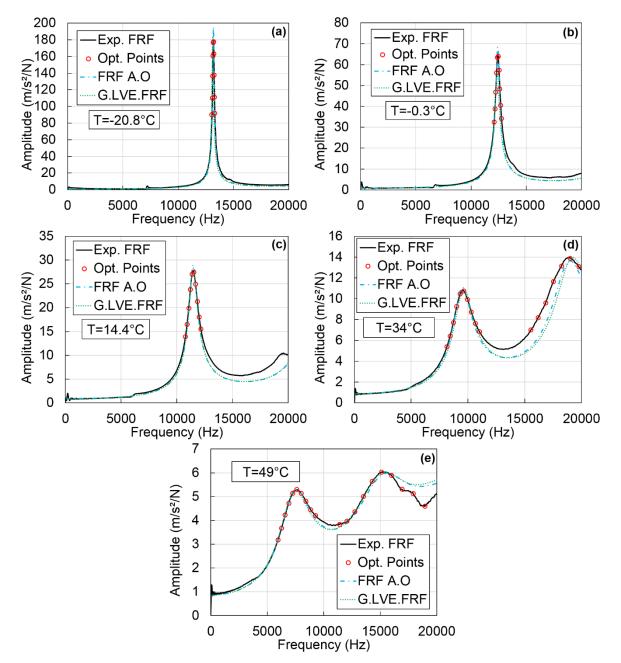


Figure L.4 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method III for specimen GB5-C4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.4°C; (d) 34°C; (e) 49°C.

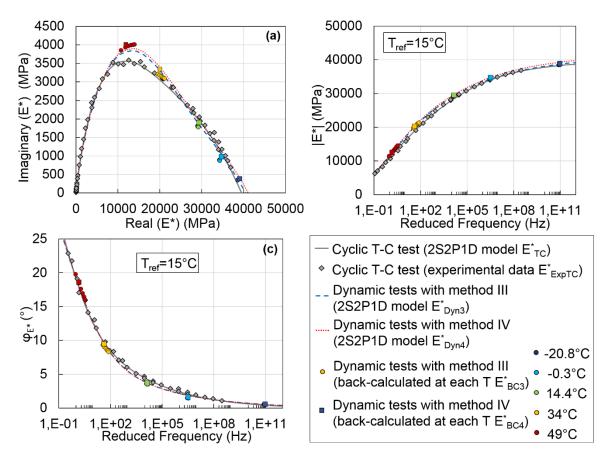


Figure L.5 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}) and method IV (E^*_{BC4} and E^*_{Dyn4}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB5-C4.

APPENDIX M - RESULTS OF THE MHRAPC EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN

SPECIMEN WF-4

Table M.1. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-4.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	φ _{E*BC4} (°)
-20.7	15 193	34 878	0.62
-0.1	14 239	30 637	1.8
15.3	12 804	24 763	4.7
34.2	10 342	15 955	11.7
48.5	7 888	8 991	22.5

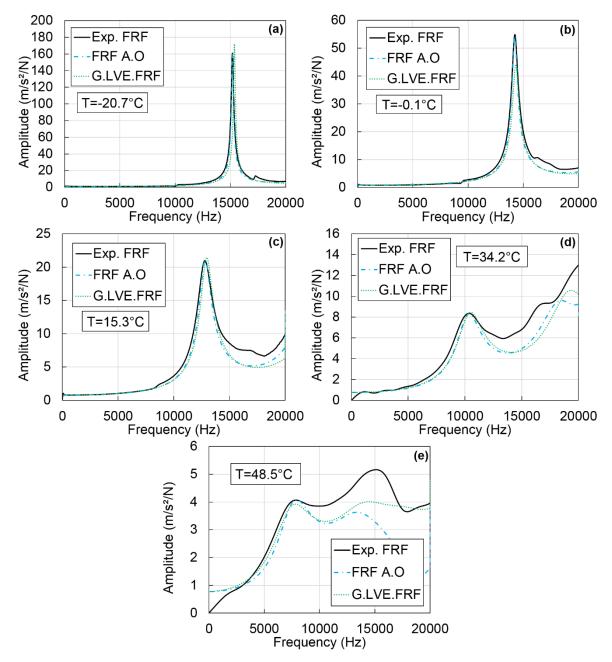


Figure M.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen WF-4. (a) T=-20.7°C; (b) -0.1°C; (c) 15.3°C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 48.5°C.

Table M.2. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the
Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the
first step of method V for specimen WF-4.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20.7	34 741	1.2E-01	0.171	2.17	0.111
-0.1	32 752	1.4E+00	0.170	2.37	0.091
15.3	33 800	1.2E-01	0.172	1.90	0.198
34.2	33 400	1.5E-01	0.192	2.00	0.280
48.5	37 300	1.5E-01	0.192	2.00	0.280

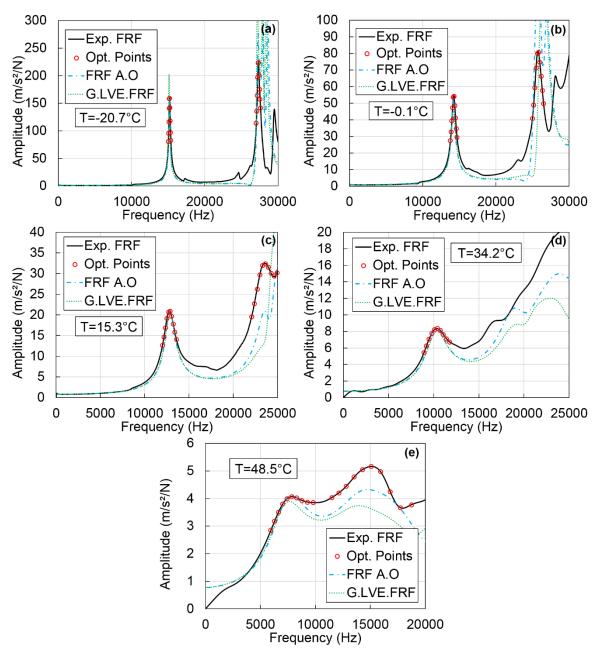


Figure M.2 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method V for specimen WF-4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.7°C; (b) -0.1°C; (c) 15.3°C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 48.5°C.

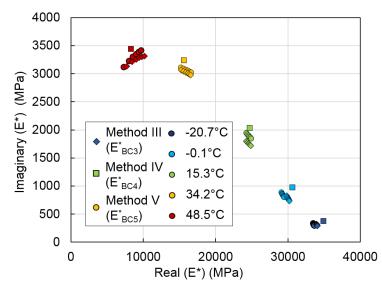


Figure M.3 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus back-calculated from dynamic tests at each temperature with methods III (E^*_{BC3}), IV (E^*_{BC4}) and V (E^*_{BC5}). Results for specimen WF-4.

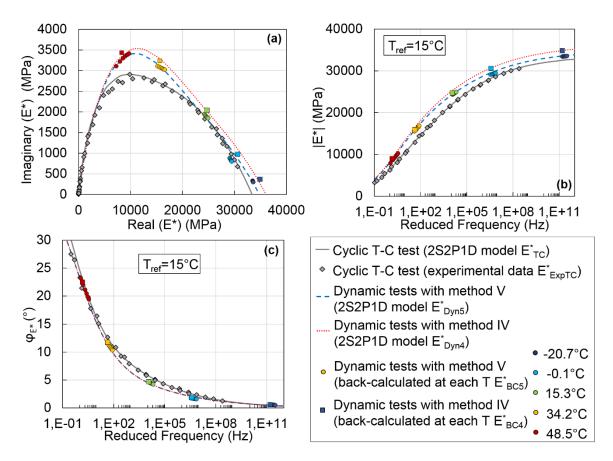


Figure M.4 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method IV (E^*_{BC4} and E^*_{Dyn4}) and method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen WF-4.

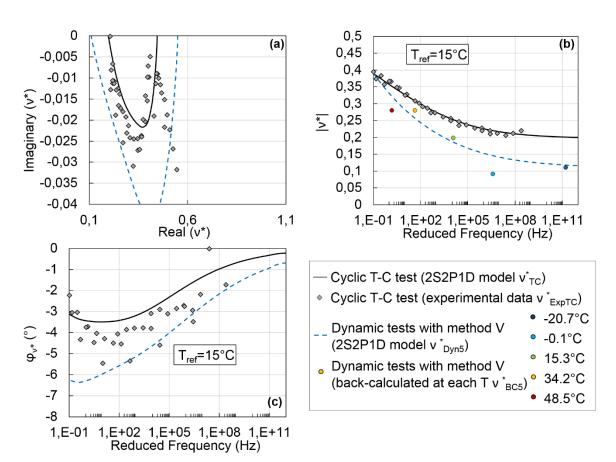


Figure M.5 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^*_{ExpTC} and v^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen WF-4.

SPECIMEN WF-6

Table M.3. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-6.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	φ _{E*BC4} (°)	
-21.1	15 696	38 037	0.61	
-0.3	14 739	33 545	1.8	
14.9	13 326	27 412	4.6	
34.3	10 688	17 590	11.8	
48.8	8 180	10 051	22.2	

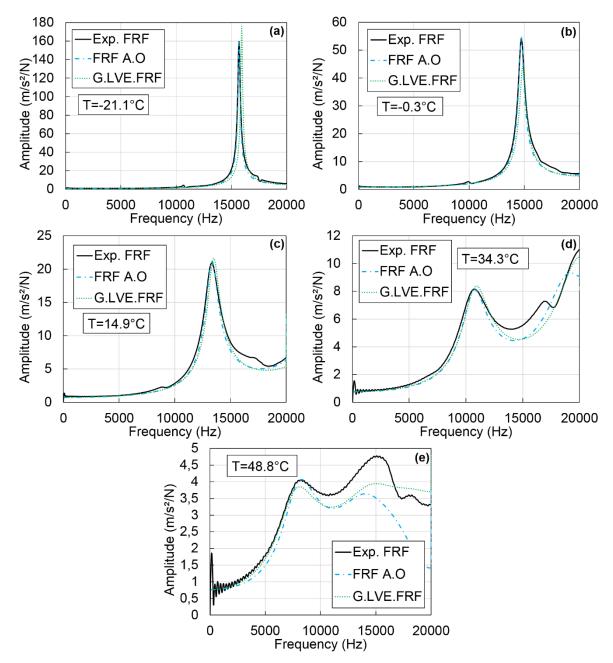


Figure M.6 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen WF-6. (a) T=-21.1°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.9°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

<i>Table M.4. Values of the four constants E</i> ₀ , $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, <i>k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the</i>
Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the
first step of method V for specimen WF-6.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-21.1	38 995	1.2E-01	0.168	2.37	0.238
-0.3	37 850	7.5E-01	0.149	1.81	0.237
14.9	41 200	3.2E-01	0.143	2.31	0.243
34.3	40 000	1.3E-01	0.185	2.15	0.280
48.8	40 000	1.6E-01	0.184	1.78	0.360

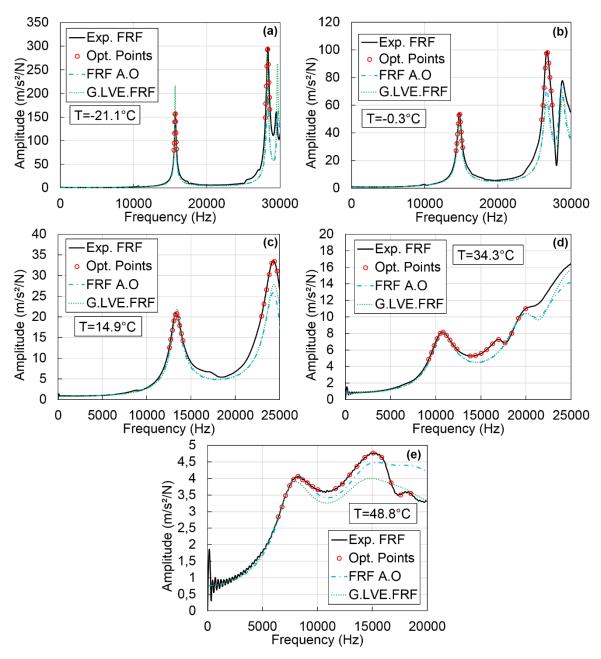


Figure M.7 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method V for specimen WF-6. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.1°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 14.9°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

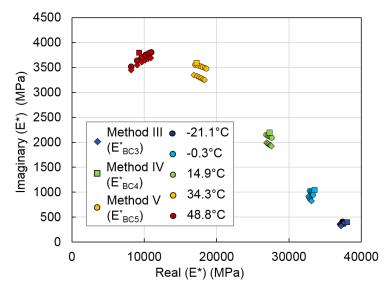


Figure M.8 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus back-calculated from dynamic tests at each temperature with methods III (E^*_{BC3}), IV (E^*_{BC4}) and V (E^*_{BC5}). Results for specimen WF-6.

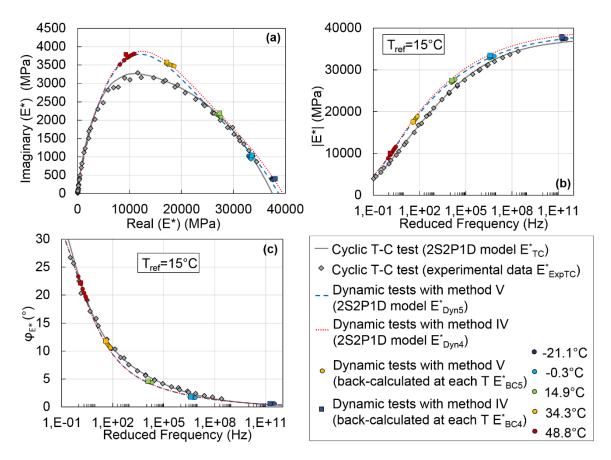


Figure M.9 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method IV (E^*_{BC4} and E^*_{Dyn4}) and method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen WF-6.

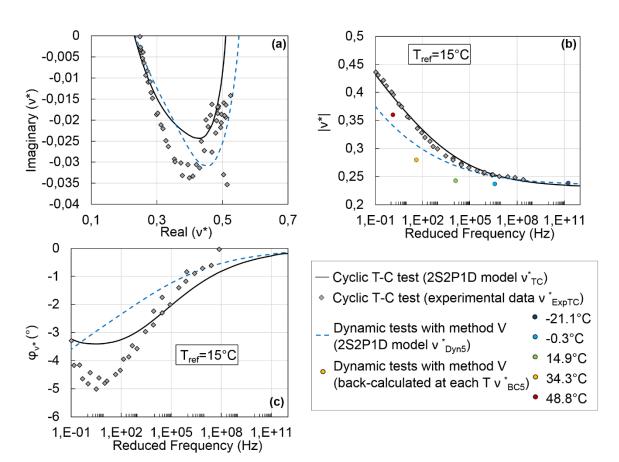


Figure M.10 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^*_{ExpTC} and v^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen WF-6.

SPECIMEN WF-8

Table M.5. First resonance frequency and values of $|E^*_{BC4}|$ and φ_{E^*BC4} determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method IV for specimen WF-8.

Temperature (°C)	1 st resonance frequency (Hz)	E [*] _{BC4} (MPa)	$\mathbf{\phi}_{\mathrm{E}^{*}\mathrm{BC4}}\left(^{\circ} ight)$	
-21	15 468	37 217	0.61	
-0.3	14 519	32 793	1.8	
15	13 071	26 567	4.8	
34.2	10 517	17 153	11.8	
48.7	7 990	9 498	22.5	

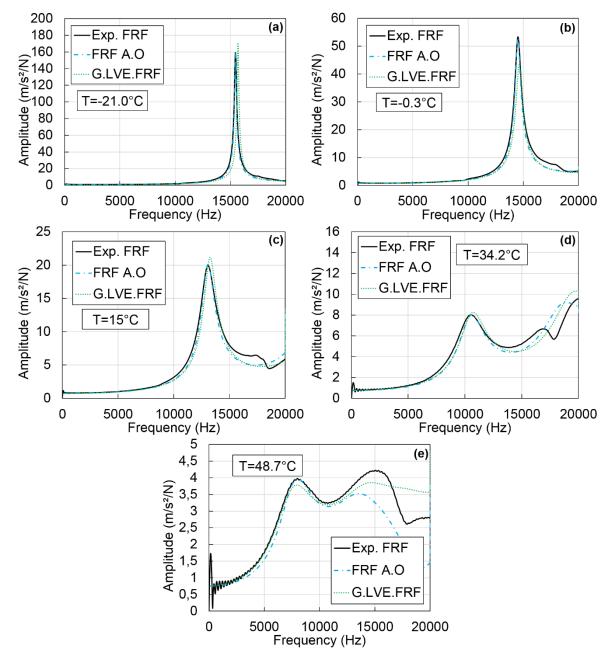


Figure M.11 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method IV for specimen WF-8. (a) $T=-21^{\circ}C$; (b) $-0.3^{\circ}C$; (c) $15^{\circ}C$; (d) $34.2^{\circ}C$; (e) $48.7^{\circ}C$.

Table M.6. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the
Poisson's ratio v determined from the 2^{nd} round of dynamic tests at each temperature in the
first step of method V for specimen WF-8.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	ν
-21	37 344	4.5E-02	0.188	2.40	0.205
-0.3	35 613	4.5E-01	0.188	2.39	0.184
15	36 558	2.5E-01	0.174	2.31	0.210
34.2	37 158	1.1E-01	0.183	1.94	0.240
48.7	37 762	1.7E-01	0.199	1.84	0.300

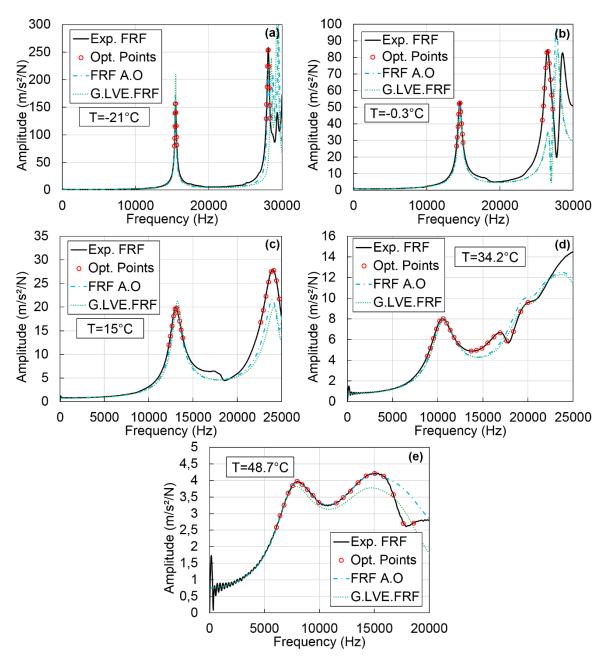


Figure M.12 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) obtained with method V for specimen WF-8. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21°C; (b) -0.3°C; (c) 15° C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 48.7°C.

APPENDIX N - RESULTS OF THE MAP EXPERIMENTAL CAMPAIGN

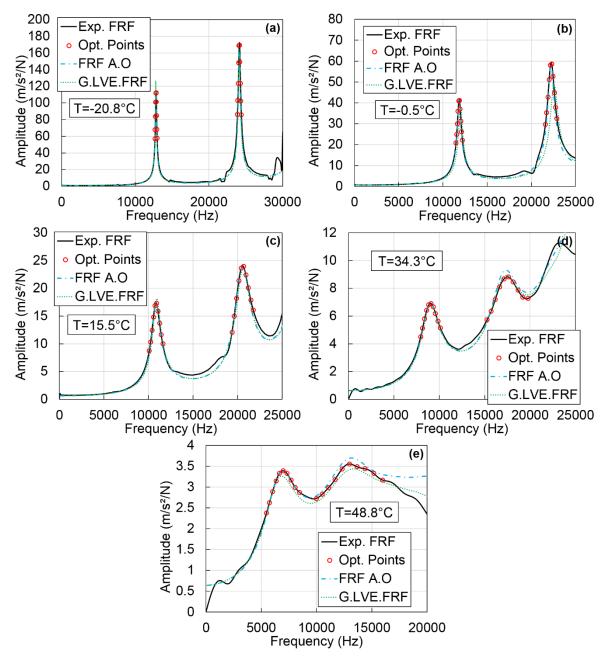


Figure N.1 Comparison of the experimental FRFs measured at the end of the project (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) - 0.5°C; (c) 15.5°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

Table N.1. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen GB-L-1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ	v
-20.8	39 259	3.8E-03	0.191	1.92	0.301
-0.5	37 840	2.9E+00	0.142	2.18	0.327
15.5	41 459	9.0E-02	0.137	1.71	0.333
34.3	41 650	1.7E-01	0.178	2.04	0.385
48.8	41 549	2.6E-01	0.207	1.87	0.497

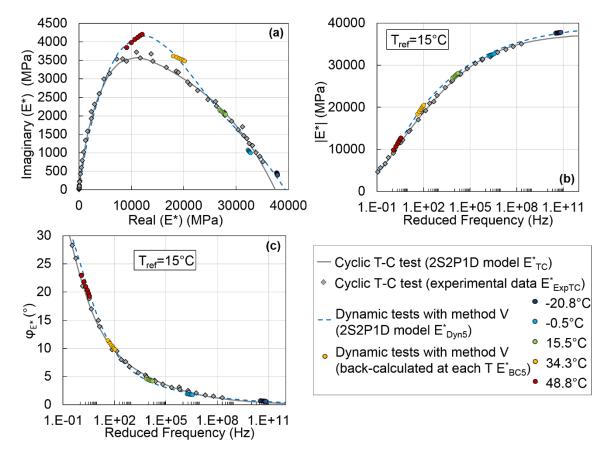


Figure N.2 Comparison of the values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method V (E^*_{BC5} and E^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex modulus determined from cyclic tests (E^*_{ExpTC} and E^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-1.

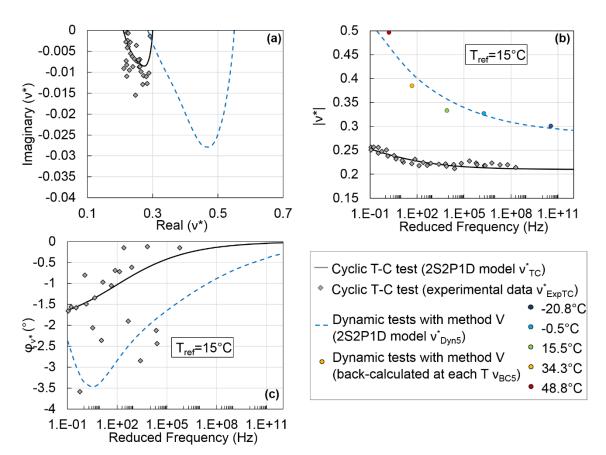


Figure N.3 Comparison of the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from dynamic tests with method V (real values v_{BC5} and v^*_{Dyn5}) with the values of the complex Poisson's ratio determined from cyclic test (v^*_{ExpTC} and v^*_{TC}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex Poisson's ratio at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-1.

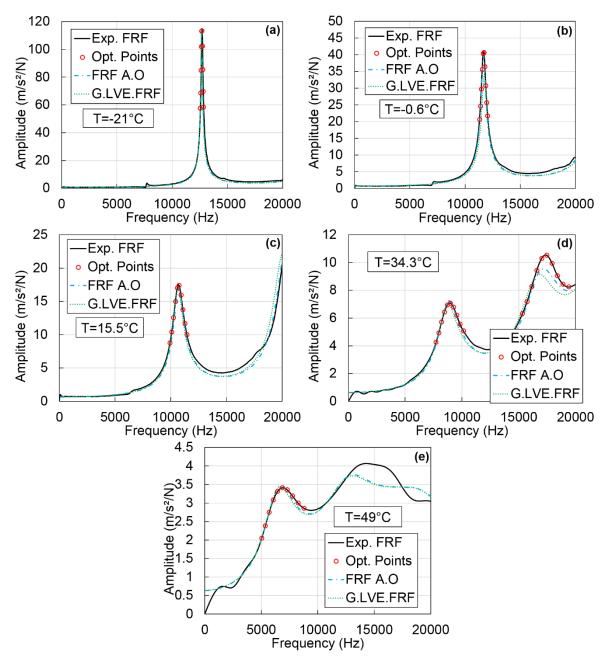


Figure N.4 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21°C; (b) -0.6°C; (c) 15.5 °C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 49°C.

Table N.2. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21	37 874	4.5E-02	0.172	2.16
-0.6	34 940	5.1E-01	0.181	2.49
15.5	34 647	6.7E-02	0.187	1.56
34.3	30 408	4.5E-01	0.234	1.83
49	40 886	2.4E-01	0.177	1.97

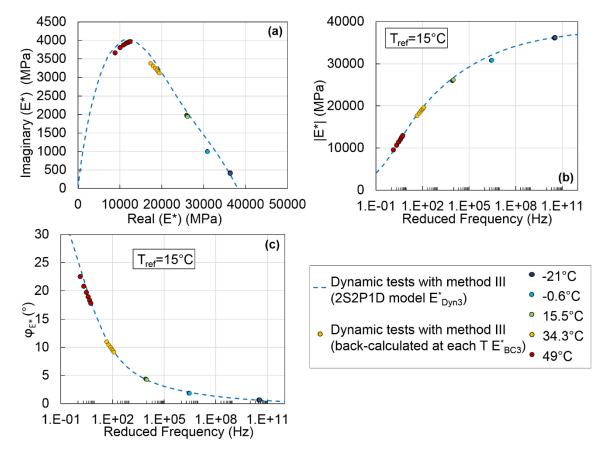


Figure N.5 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-2.

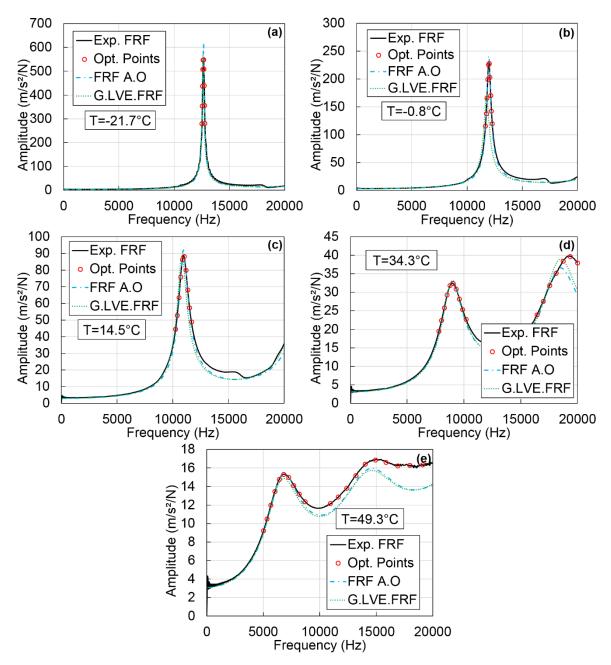


Figure N.6 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-3. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.7°C; (b) -0.8°C; (c) 14.5°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 49.3°C.

Table N.3. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-3.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.7	36 206	9.4E-02	0.172	2.22
-0.8	34 085	5.2E-01	0.193	2.13
14.5	34 691	4.8E-01	0.168	1.96
34.3	39 010	2.1E-01	0.172	2.12
49.3	40 219	2.2E-01	0.179	1.83

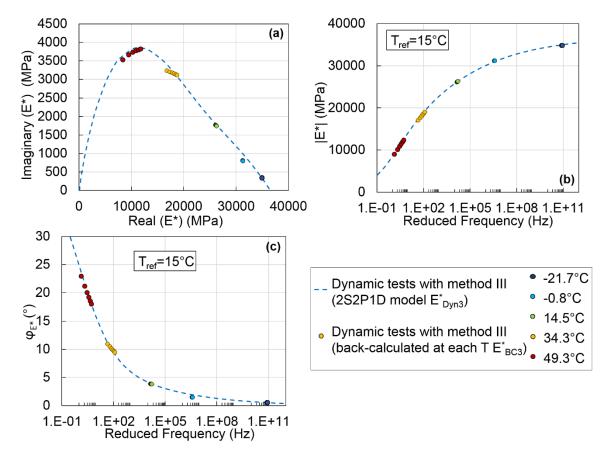


Figure N.7 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-3.

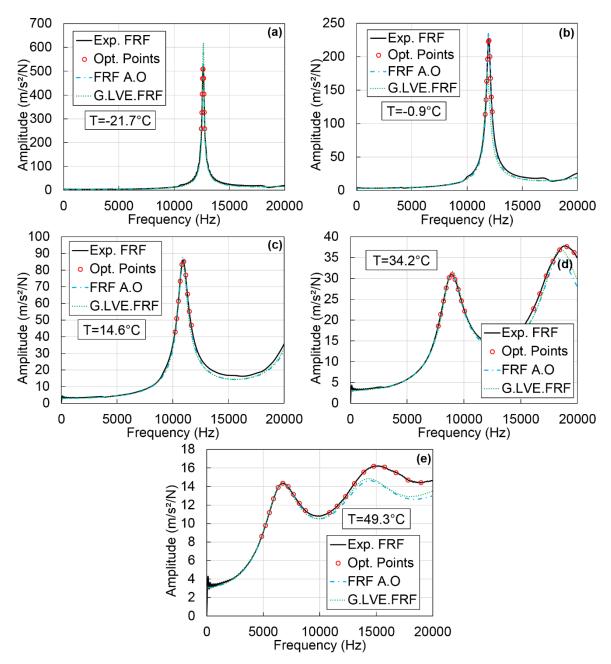


Figure N.8 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-4. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.7°C; (b) -0.9°C; (c) 14.6°C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 49.3°C.

Table N.4. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-4.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.7	36 272	2.0E-02	0.174	1.89
-0.9	34 331	8.7E-01	0.186	2.23
14.6	33 727	2.9E-01	0.188	1.98
34.2	37 766	1.8E-01	0.183	2.04
49.3	38 586	2.0E-01	0.195	1.66

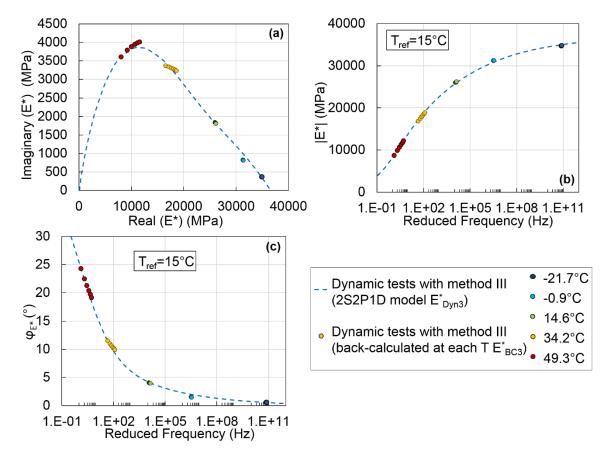


Figure N.9 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-4.

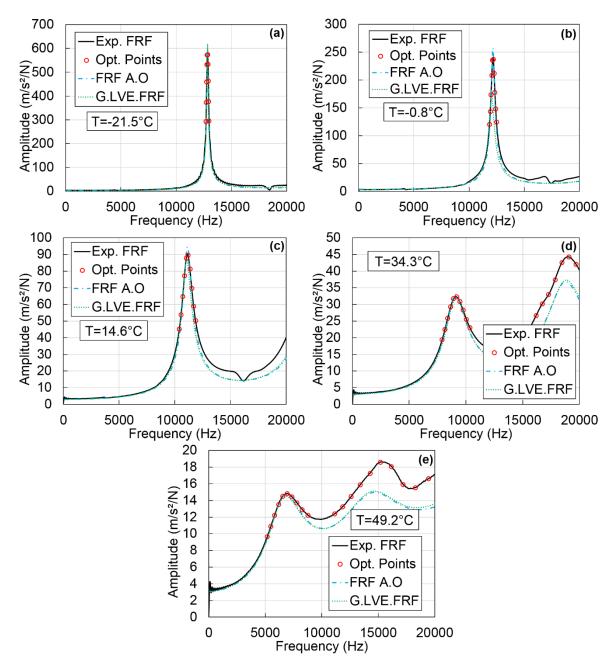


Figure N.10 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-L-5. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.5°C; (b) -0.8°C; (c) 14.6°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 49.3°C.

Table N.5. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-L-5.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.5	36 921	1.1E-01	0.170	2.21
-0.8	34 716	1.1E+00	0.190	2.23
14.6	33 559	3.8E-01	0.196	1.99
34.3	37 485	2.4E-01	0.183	2.03
49.3	41 347	1.9E-01	0.186	1.80

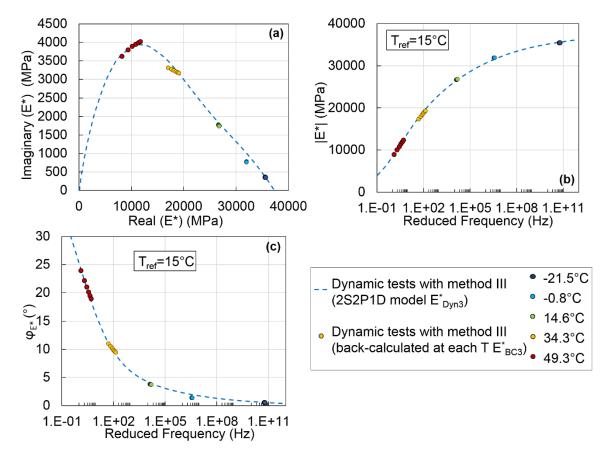


Figure N.11 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-L-5.

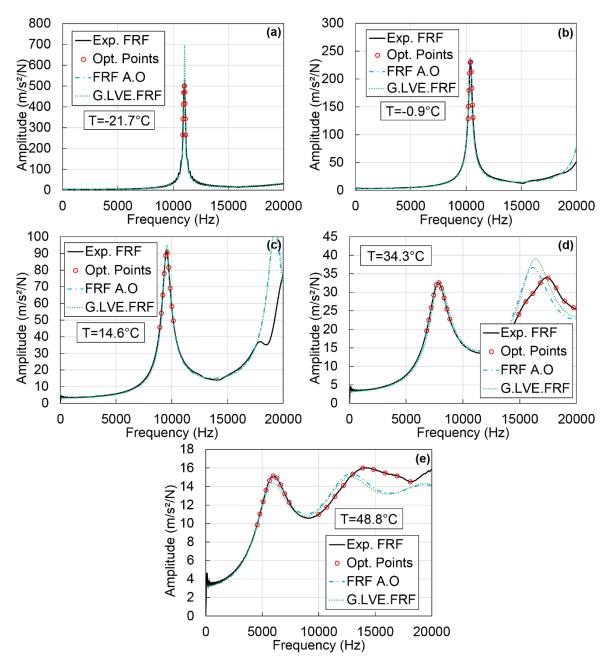


Figure N.12 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB'-L-1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.7°C; (b) -0.9°C; (c) 14.6°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

Table N.6. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.7	26 537	5.1E-02	0.169	2.29
-0.9	25 002	3.9E+00	0.174	2.58
14.6	25 582	1.3E+00	0.168	2.45
34.3	27 654	1.7E-01	0.178	1.91
48.8	28 732	2.0E-01	0.192	1.61

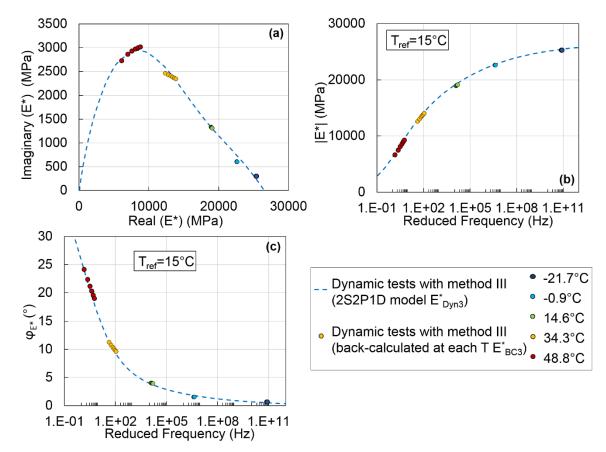


Figure N.13 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB'-L-1.

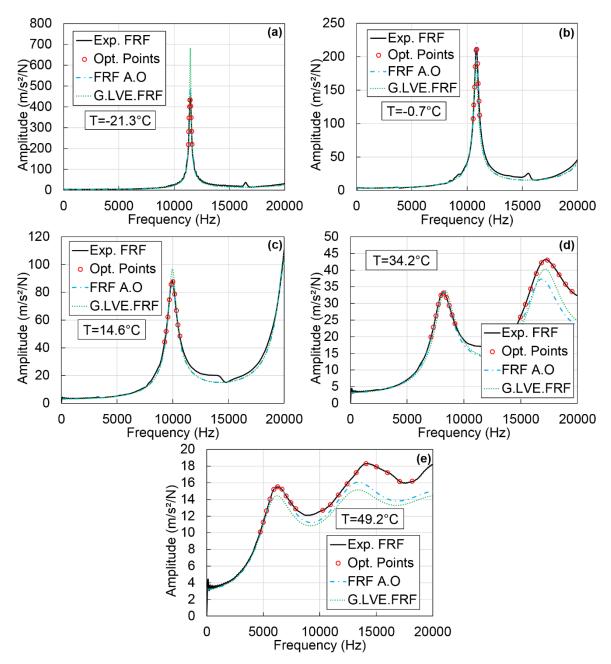


Figure N.14 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB'-L-2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.3°C; (b) -0.7°C; (c) 14.6°C; (d) 34.2°C; (e) 49.2°C.

Table N.7. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.3	28 533	1.9E-02	0.168	2.00
-0.7	26 873	2.6E-01	0.195	2.15
14.6	27 249	4.6E-01	0.177	2.14
34.2	29 993	1.9E-01	0.178	2.01
49.2	31 244	2.2E-01	0.184	1.68

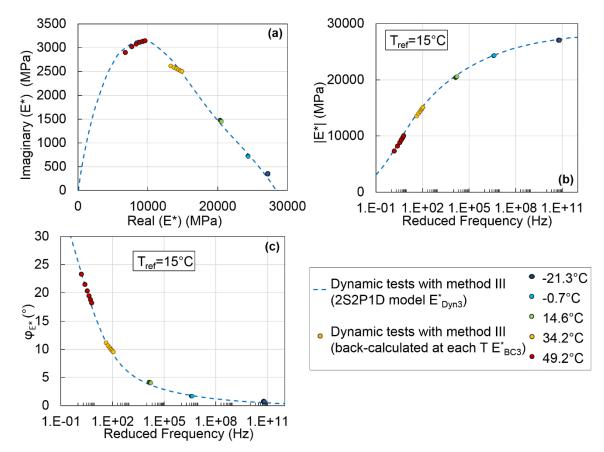


Figure N.15 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB'-L-2.

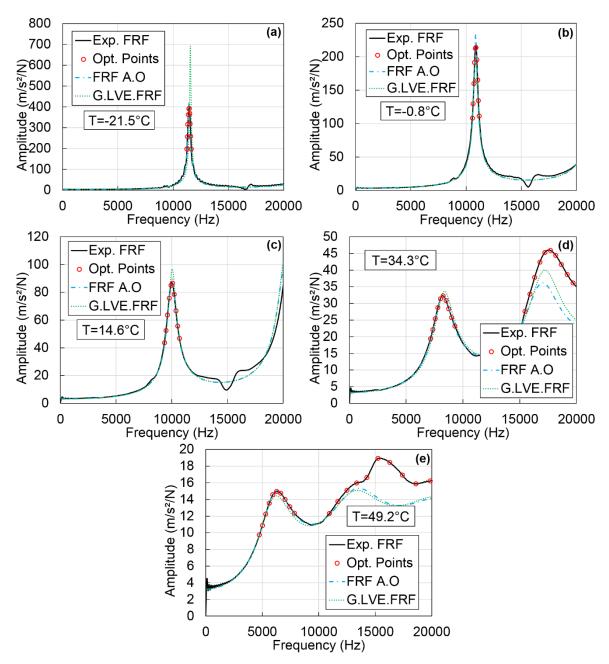


Figure N.16 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB'-L-3. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.5°C; (b) -0.8°C; (c) 14.6°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 49.2°C.

Table N.8. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB'-L-3.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.5	28 553	1.4E-02	0.166	2.21
-0.8	26 836	3.5E-01	0.190	2.05
14.6	27 596	3.3E-01	0.174	2.00
34.3	30 322	1.7E-01	0.182	1.95
49.2	31 851	1.9E-01	0.185	1.58

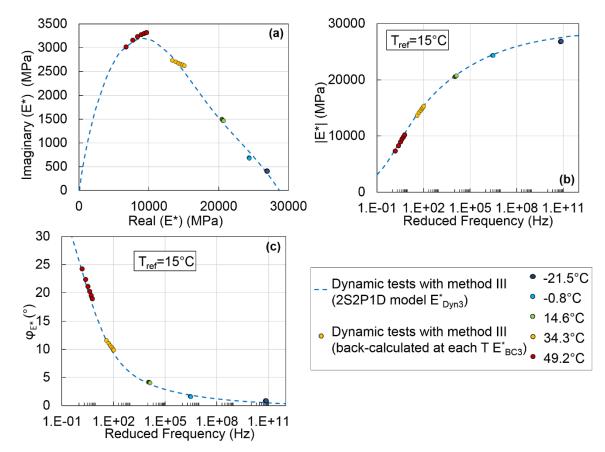


Figure N.17 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB'-L-3.

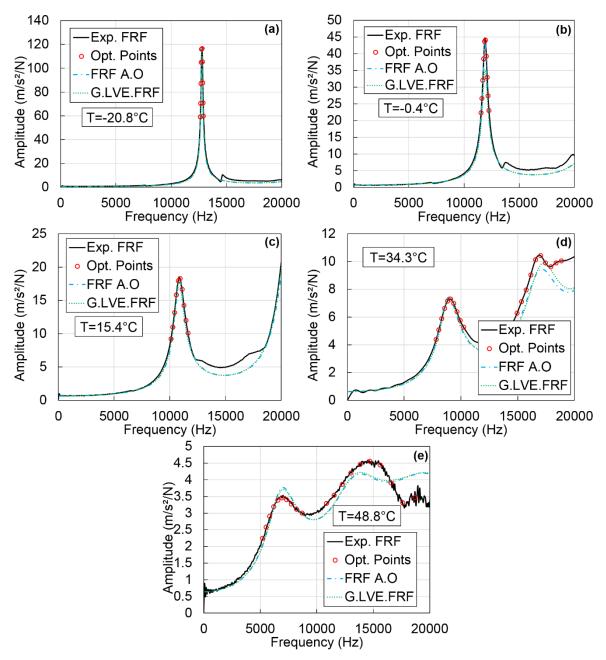


Figure N.18 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-T-1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.8°C; (b) -0.4°C; (c) 15.4°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

Table N.9. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-T-1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-20.8	38 724	1.8E-01	0.159	2.10
-0.4	36 596	1.7E+00	0.155	2.05
15.4	38 898	4.7E-01	0.150	2.06
34.3	40 423	2.2E-01	0.165	2.05
48.8	32 973	6.5E-01	0.222	1.74

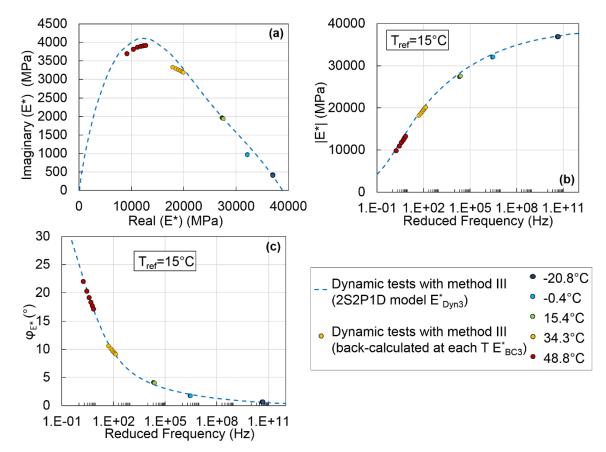


Figure N.19 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-T-1.

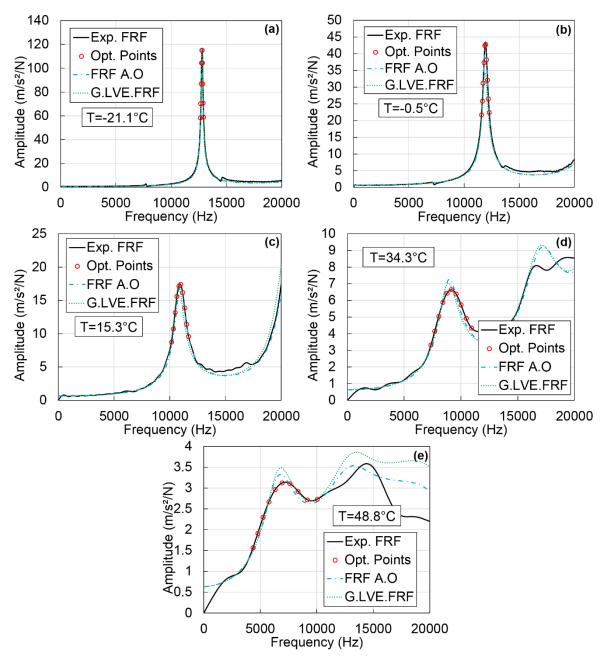


Figure N.20 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen GB-T-2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.1°C; (b) -0.5°C; (c) 15.3°C; (d) 34.3°C; (e) 48.8°C.

Table N.10. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen GB-T-2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{\rm E15^{\circ}C}$ (s)	k	δ
-21.1	39 008	6.1E-02	0.151	1.60
-0.5	37 119	2.7E-01	0.157	1.65
15.3	36 032	2.5E-01	0.194	2.12
34.3	41 137	2.3E-01	0.170	2.13
48.8	40 567	2.1E-01	0.183	1.80

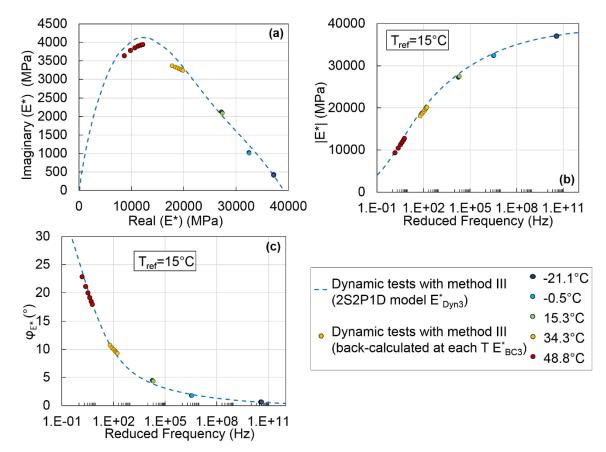


Figure N.21 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen GB-T-2.

Table N.11. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model and of the Poisson's ratio v determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method V for specimen BB-L-1.

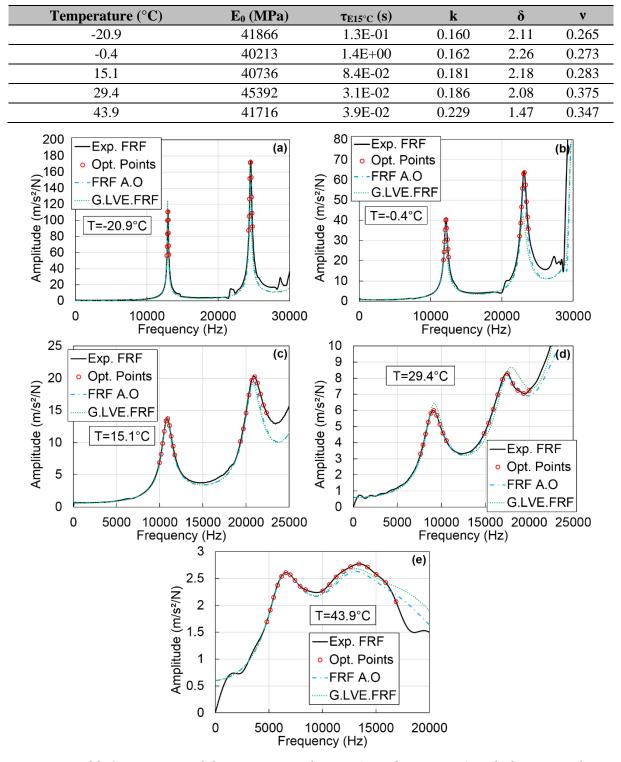


Figure N.22 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen BB-L-1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-20.9°C; (b) -0.4°C; (c) 15.1°C; (d) 29.4°C; (e) 43.9°C.



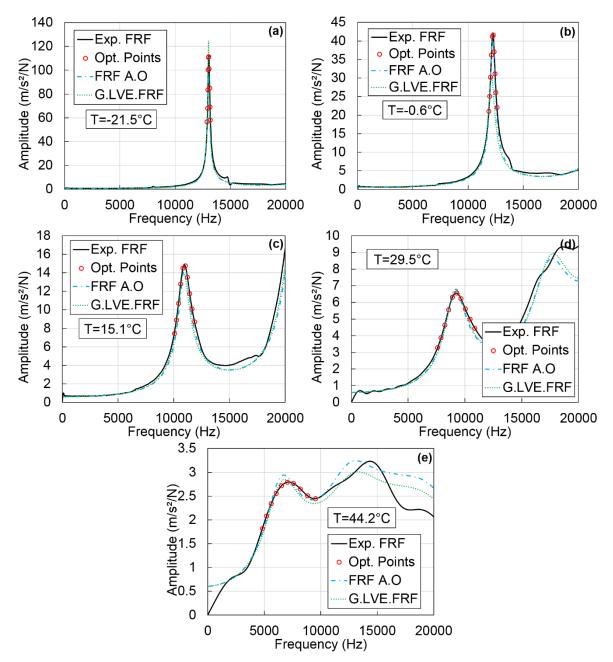


Figure N.23 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen BB-L-2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.5°C; (b) -0.6°C; (c) 15.1°C; (d) 29.5°C; (e) 44.2°C.

Table N.12. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen BB-L-2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{\rm E15^{\circ}C}$ (s)	k	δ
-21.5	42285	2.6E-01	0.152	2.25
-0.6	40206	3.6E-01	0.163	1.74
15.1	46102	1.1E-01	0.142	2.11
29.5	41101	7.7E-02	0.188	2.08
44.2	49719	2.6E-02	0.101	1.76

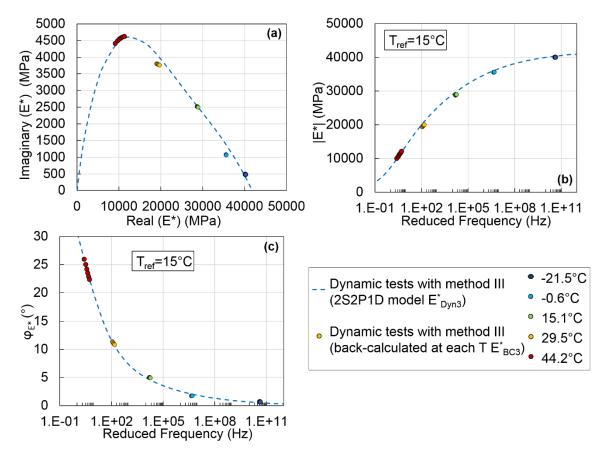


Figure N.24 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen BB-L-2.



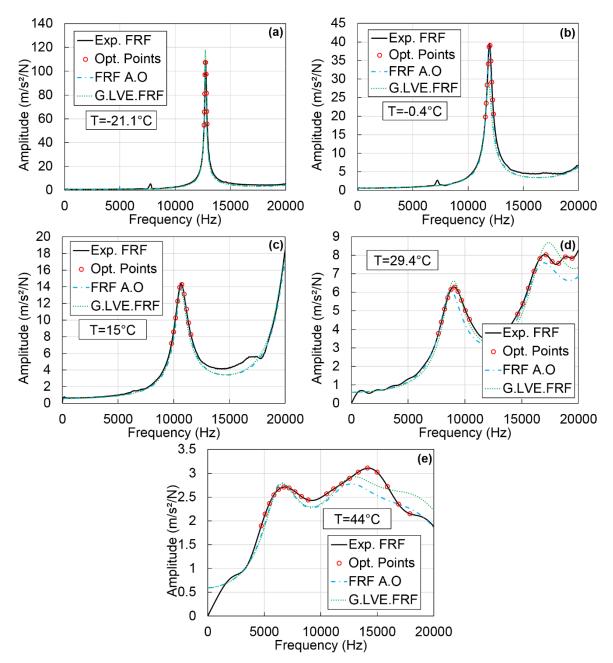


Figure N.25 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen BB-T-1. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21.1°C; (b) -0.4°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 29.4°C; (e) 44°C.

Table N.13. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^\circ C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen BB-T-1.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$ au_{E15^{\circ}C}(s)$	k	δ
-21.1	40511	6.7E-02	0.168	2.15
-0.4	38399	4.2E-01	0.171	1.97
15	38176	9.4E-02	0.188	2.04
29.4	41130	7.3E-02	0.197	2.51
44	44547	4.5E-02	0.199	1.85

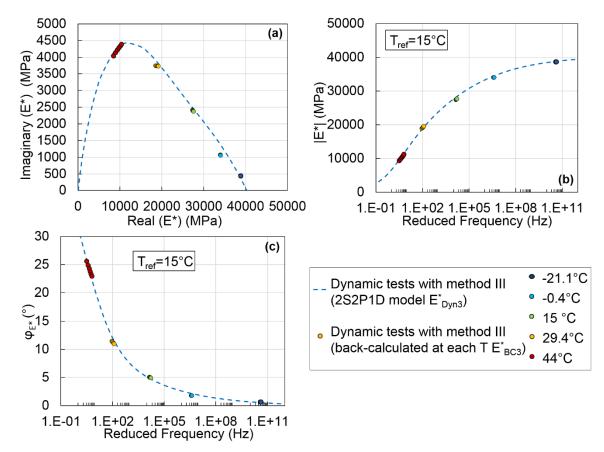


Figure N.26 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen BB-T-1.

SPECIMEN BB-T-2

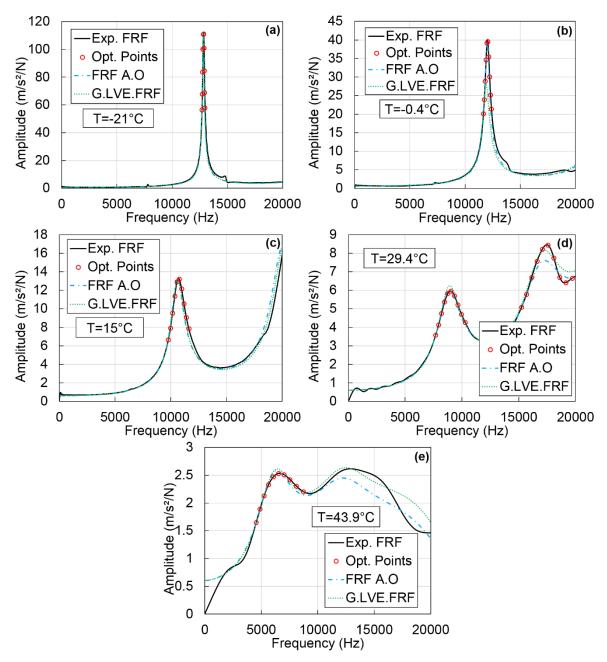


Figure N.27 Comparison of the experimental FRFs (noted Exp. FRF) with the FRFs after optimization (noted FRF A.O) and the global LVE FRFs (noted G.LVE FRF) for specimen BB-T-2. Values of the experimental FRFs at the frequencies where the optimization is performed (noted Opt. Points) are also plotted. (a) T=-21°C; (b) -0.4°C; (c) 15°C; (d) 29.4°C; (e) 43.9°C.

Table N.14. Values of the four constants E_0 , $\tau_{E15^{\circ}C}$, k and δ of the 2S2P1D model determined from dynamic tests at each temperature in the first step of method III for specimen BB-T-2.

Temperature (°C)	E ₀ (MPa)	$\tau_{\rm E15^{\circ}C}$ (s)	k	δ
-21	41202	1.9E-02	0.177	2.00
-0.4	39344	3.3E-01	0.169	1.89
15	47529	1.4E-01	0.136	2.57
29.4	41915	3.1E-02	0.185	1.87
43.9	40868	3.7E-02	0.214	1.56

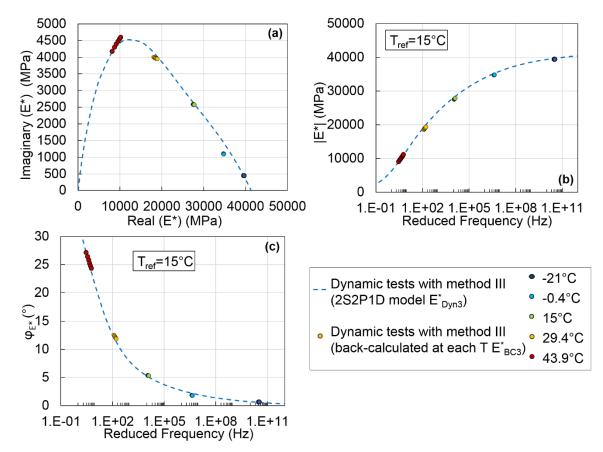


Figure N.28 Values of the complex modulus determined from dynamic tests with method III (E^*_{BC3} and E^*_{Dyn3}). (a) Cole-Cole plot; (b) and (c) master curves of the norm and of the phase angle of the complex modulus at 15°C. Results for specimen BB-T-2.